**PRICES GOING UP.**

Owing to the present Exchange of £ which is now pre-war level, and the prices in England still being high, our new stock will have to be offered at higher prices in future. Old prices still in force till the present stock lasts.

WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

EDITED BY S. S. HORNIMAN, 1913—18 ]

# The Bombay Chronicle

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To purchase High Grade Quality Cycles & Motor Cycles at previous prices. Cycles from Rs. 135 to Rs. 285. Motor Cycles from Rs. 1150 to Rs. 1750. Quotations on request.

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East Street, POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

[ CONDUCTED BY MAHOMEDALI JINNAH & SYED ABDULLAH BREVI.

VOL. VIII, NO. 50 BOMBAY: MONDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1921. TWO ANNAS

**SHIPPING.**

## P. & O.
AND
## BRITISH INDIA
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
**MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE**

All passengers are required to be possession of passports.

Sailing to Plymouth & London, calling at Marseilles,

| Date. | Steamers. | Tons. |
|---|---|---|
| 1921 | | |
| 5th March. | CALEDONIA | 7,573 |
| 12th " | DONGOLA | 8,056 |
| 24th " | CHINA(c) | 7,952 |
| 26th " | NARKUNDA (b) | 16,118 |
| 2nd April | KALYAN | 8,937 |
| 9th " | CALEDONIA(c) | 7,572 |
| 16th " | KAISAR-I-HIND | 11,430 |
| 23rd " | MANTUA | 10,902 |
| 30th " | SOMALI | 6,704 |

(b) NARKUNDA and MANTUA—Through steamers from Australia. Only have limited accommodation available for passengers from Bombay.

(c) CALEDONIA and CHINA.—Terminate voyages at Marseilles, but special railway facilities will be arranged in connection with these ships only.

P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN.—It is notified that there will be No special trains across France for some considerable time to come.

DOGS.—Under no circumstances can Dogs be conveyed by the Company's passenger carrying steamers.

British India Company's Sailing to Port Said and Playmouth only,

| Date. | Steamer. | Tons. |
|---|---|---|
| 1921 | | |
| 28th February | NEURALIA | 9,082 |
| About of middle of April. | MASHOBRA | 8,200 |

Sailings to Straits, China and Australia,

| Date. | Steamer. | Remarks |
|---|---|---|
| 1921 25th Feb' | MANTUA | Calls Colombo Fremantle Adelaide, Melbourne and Sidney. |

Sailings to Africa, Karachi and Persian Gulf

| Date about | Steamer | |
|---|---|---|
| 1921 | | |
| 25th Feb. | LINGA | Karachi direct |
| 28th " | LHASA | Karachi coasting |
| 24th " | KARAPARA | East & South African Ports 1 p m. |
| 27th " | BANKURA | Persian Gulf. |

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage to P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

| Steamer. | Commander. | Tons. | Arrival. | Departure |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bielefeld | G W Long | 4460 | 17th Feb. | 24th Feb. |
| (a) Kawachi Maru | J. Tuji | 5879 | 18th " | 2nd Mar. |
| (a) Malacca " | M. Tsurubashi | 5373 | 24th " | 2nd " |
| Tenshimo " | Y. Okuno | 6746 | 10th Mar. | 23rd " |
| (b) Tomiura " | J. Wada | 3321 | 17th " | 21st " |
| Tenshin " | M. Kitamura | 4021 | 20th " | 2nd Apr. |
| Delagoa " | A. Kusakari | 7148 | 8th " | 3rd " |

(a) This steamer has 3rd class accomodation.
(b) These steamers arrive from New York and sail for Calcutta via Colombo and Madras.

For freight and passage apply to

E. TAGAMI,
Manager.

Morahy Road, Fort, Bombay.

## OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Arrival. | Departure. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ganges Maru | T. Inone. | 26th Feb. | 9th Mar. |
| Indo Maru. | S Arai | 1st Mar | 10th Mar. |
| Sam Maru | S. Kondo | 26th Mar. | 6th April |
| Malay Maru | T. Shimazaki | 12th April. | 22nd April |
| Indus Maru | R. Yano | 23rd April. | 4th May. |
| Asasado Maru | W. Miura. | 1st May. | 13th May. |

For Freights and passages, etc., apply to

K. SHIMA,

**BANKING.**

## THE INDUSTRIAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA, LD.

| | |
|---|---|
| AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... | 62,500,000 |
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... | 40,000,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... | 3,996,320 |

DIRECTORS:
1. Girdhardas Harivallavdas, Esq.
2. Hon. Mr. Purshotamdas Thakordas, C.I.E., M.B.E.
3. Mangaldas G. Parekh, Esq.
4. Chamanlal G. Parekh, Esq.
5. Hormasji Manekji Mehta, Esq.
6. Surji Vallabhdas, Esq.
7. S. F. Mulla, Esq.
8. Jeshingbhai Ujamshi, Esq.

HEAD OFFICE—AHMEDABAD.
Local Sub-Branch—Station Branch
Bombay Branch.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 3 per cent. per annum from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 special arrangements are to be made.

DEPOSITS for long and short periods are received on favourable terms.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed 4 per cent.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities.

For further information and rules of business apply to the Bank's manager in charge of the Bombay Branch, Mr. Tricumlal N. Mody No. 50-52 Churchgate Street,

GIRDHARDAS & SONS,
Managing Agents.

## THE SUMITOMO BANK.
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

| | |
|---|---|
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... | Yen 70,000,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... | Yen 40,000,000 |
| RESERVE FUND ..... | Yen 14,200,000 |

HEAD OFFICE, OSAKA.
BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay | Kure | San Francisco |
| Bingomachi | Kurume | Seattle |
| Dotonbori | Kyoto | Semba |
| Hanta | London | Shanghai |
| Hankow | Moji | Shimonoseki |
| Hiroshima | Nagoya | Tokyo |
| Honolulu | Nakanoshima | Terabarasha |
| Hyogo | New York | Wakamatsu |
| Kawaguchi | Nihama | Yanai |
| Kobe | Onomichi | Yokohama |

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum secured amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

F. SATO,
Manager.

50-52 Church Gate Street, Fort.
Post Box No. 888.

## THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1918.

| | Rs. | R. | P. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Capital authorised ..... | 50,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital Issued ..... | 31,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital Subscribed ..... | 31,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital Paid-up ..... | 16,65,017 | 8 | 3 |
| Reserve Funds ..... | 15,69,858 | 4 | 9 |

Dividend of the rate of 12 per cent. per annum has been declared, by the Bank in paid-up capital.

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amritsar | Hyredabad | Multan City |
| Bombay | (Sindh) | Montgomery |
| Calcutta | Jullundur | Peshawar City |
| Cawnpore | Jammu | Patiala |
| Delhi | Jhelum City | Quetta |
| D. I. Khan | Karachi | Rawalpindi |
| Ferozepore | Kasur | Sargodha |
| Gujranwalla | Lahore City | Sialkot |
| Gojra | Lyallpur | Srinagar |
| Hapur | Ludhiana | Umballa City |
| Hoshiarpur | | |

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVING BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out-stations are bought, collected and discounted.

INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc. of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to

DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager

## THE EASTERN BANK, LTD
(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans and Credit granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.

Securities received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,

**BANKING.**

## IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

CONSTITUTED under the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920, for the purpose of taking over the undertakings and business of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras and the Bank of Bombay.

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920, the undertakings and business of the
Bank of Bengal,
Bank of Madras,
Bank of Bombay,
were transferred to and taken over by the Imperial Bank of India on the 27th of January, 1921, and all communications which otherwise would have been addressed to any of the above Banks should now be addressed to the Imperial Bank of India.

Sir N. H. Y. WARREN,
Sir ROBERT AITKEN,
Managing Governors.
S. A. H. SITWELL,
Secretary and Treasurer, Bengal.
N. M. MURRAY,
Secretary and Treasurer, Madras.
R. A. DON,
Secretary and Treasurer, Bombay.

C 7924

## THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

| | |
|---|---|
| Subscribed Capital ..... | £1,000,000 |
| Paid-up Captial ..... | £1,050,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Share holders ..... | £ 750,000 |
| Reserve Fund ..... | £1,050,000 |

HEAD OFFICE.
16, Gracechurch Street, London, N. 3.

LONDON BANKERS.
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bangkok | Hongkong | Kuala Lumpur |
| Batavia | Howrah | Madras |
| Bombay | (Calcutta) | Mauritius |
| Calcutta | Kandy | New York |
| Colombo | Karachi | Penang |
| Delhi | Kota Bhru | Rangoon |
| Galle | (Kalantan) | Shanghai |
| | | Singapore |

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

F. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

## THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISH 1886.

| | |
|---|---|
| Subscribed Capital ..... | Yen 100,006,000 |
| Paid-up Capital ..... | Yen 100,000,000 |
| Reserved Fund ..... | Yen 50,000,000 |

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.

Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Dairen, Fentien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagar, saki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Riddo Jangiro, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, ursabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Hamburg, Saigon Branches:—
Tsinan, Tokio, Tsingan, Vladivostock.

CURRENT DEPOSIT Accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interests is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

N. OTSUKA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 204.
Morahy Road, Bombay

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This term is commonly used in referring to a High Frequency electric current that vibrates so rapidly that no muscular contractions are produced through its use. The term is taken from the colour of the ray observed in the glass vacum applicator when in operation.

Above 10,000 vibrations per second the nerves cannot record the sensation and there is absolutely no shock, which makes the treatment mild, harmless and delightful particularly for the young, the aged or the ailing.

The Sterling Violent Ray vibrates at the rate of 600,000 times per second. This high frequency insures a smooth velvety current.

For the average ordinary ailment it is ideal and it is beauty's best aid.

The charm of beauty is known to all women and it comes from Radiant Health.

To be natural is to be beautiful.

The Violet Ray brings fresh blood to pale and hollow cheeks, so imparting color and plumpness, the chief aim of all beauty culturists.

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CAR, CYCLE, LORRY)
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For terms apply.

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Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.
DIRECTOR.
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Sir Hukamchand Sarcopchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar-at-Law
Jamnadas Dwarkadas Esq., (Pragjee Scorjee & Co.)
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq. Advocate.
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J. P. (Mooljl Jetha Co.) (Ex-officio).

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RAE & CO.,
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or
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oppo. Police Chowki, Null Bazaar,
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SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
## SAVINGS BANK 5/-

*Investments mainly in or against Terminable "Government Securities and in securities admitted by the Insurance and the Trust Acts, thus Eliminating altogether, or Minimizing to the lowest degree the danger of Loss or of Depreciation of Assets*

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3% FIXED DEPOSITS 5% to 6½%

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G. N. B VAZ,
*Branch Secretary*
LEITOR'S BUILDINGS,
33 Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

W. ST. JOHN CHURCH,
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*Managing Proprietor*—Tajuddin Ebrahim Chowgale, Late Manager of Patna, BOMBAY.

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|---|---|
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| Total Assets. | £23,70,000 |

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packing and Delivery extra.

**America India Export & Import Co.,**

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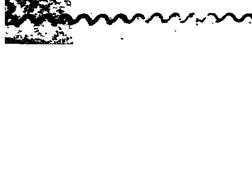


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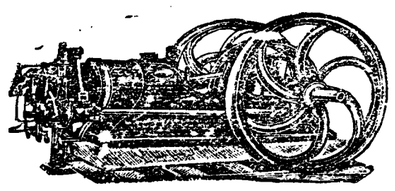

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Direct Importer under European Management of Ship Stores:—
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TRIAL ORDERS SOLICITED.
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CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS
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VARIETY
REDUCED PRICE MATINEE.
Sunday 6th March at 5-30 p. m.

**The Empire**
To-day 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
**Mary Miles Minter**
IN
**"The Innocence of Lizette"**

H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT OPEN THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

GARDEN PARTY BY PRESIDENT OF THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY AT MALABAR HILL GARDENS.

H.R.H. The Duke of Connaughts in Poona.

**To-Night!**
and
**This Week!**
Messrs. K. D. & BROTHERS
present
The Sensational Screen Version of Mons. Brieux's Great Stage Drama—By Special permission of the Bombay Board of Film Censors.
**"DAMAGED GOODS."**

A Superb Screen Version of the most sensational and startling stage drama of the age—
(6 Reels—6,000 feet)
On behalf of the Author, EUGENE BRIEUX, we wish to convey that the object of this Play is to uplift Humanity,
It is an All-British Production!
It contains no scene to provoke scandal or arouse disgust, nor is there in it any obscence word. It may be witnessed by everyone—adults of course—unless we are to believe that folly and ignorance are the necessary conditions of virtue.

**"Damaged Goods"**

*"Review of Reviews"* says:—
The lesson of "DAMAGED GOODS" is as serious as sincere, and as truly moral ash as ever been seen on the English Stage.

**"Damaged Goods"**

*"The Times"* says:—
"DAMAGED GOODS" is a powerful sermon, driving home the horror of the Evil. It uses the horror as a plea for openness, knowledge and forewarning.

**"Damaged Goods"**

London *"Daily News"* says:—
A universally enthusiastic reception is to be recorded of Brieux' "DAMAGED GOODS" on the part of a fashionable and crowded audience.

**"Damaged Goods"**
AT THE
**West-End Cinema**
(New Churney Road).
ADULTS ONLY WILL BE ADMITTED.
Prices: Box Rs. 3; Sofa Re. 1-8; First Class Re. 1; Second Class. As. 8; Third Class As. 4.

AMUSEMENTS.

**ROYAL OPERA HOUSE** BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE
RENDEZVOUS OF THE CULTURED
EVERY DAY AT 6-30 P. M.
REMARKABLE PICTURE DRAMA IN 5 PARTS.
**"The Indestructible Wife"**
Is your wife outpacing you? Do you want to know how to keep up with her? See this film.
A DELIGHTFUL ENTERTAINMENT!!
Prices: Re. 1-8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4. (Seats in Side Boxes Rs. 2,) (Dress Circle Boxes Rs. 5 each.)

COMMENCING Tues. 8th March,
MAURICE E. BANDMAN
presents
**Bandman Comedy Co.,**
In their latest London successes
(Read the announcement in To-morrow's papers)
Plans open at ROSE & Co., from To-morrow.

**IMPERIAL**
THE PREMIER PICTURE PALACE OF BOMBAY
LAMINGTON ROAD
To-Night
THE GRAND FINALE
OF
**THE PIRATE GOLD**
Episode Nine and Ten
PATHE CARTOON
PATHE GAZETTE
Latest
A POLLARD COMIC
*Next Week*
IN
**"THE BUTTERFLY MAN"**
A fascinating story of Women's Conventions and Men's Intention
*Time:*
7, 8-45, and 10-30 p.m. daily
Matinees on Bank Holidays and Saturdays at 5 p.m. and Sundays at 3-30 and 5-15 p. m.
POPULAR PRICES
ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW

**The Empress**
TO-DAY AT 6-30, 8-15, and 10 p.m.
CONCLUDING CHAPTERS OF
The Serial of a Thousand Mysteries and Thundering Thrills
**"TRAIL OF THE OCTOPUS"**
Featuring the immensely popular Stars
BEN WILSON
and
NEVA GERBER
avert the Greatest Tragedy that the world has ever known. See
FINAL CHAPTERS
13th, 14th and 15th EPISODES

**To-night!**
Messrs. K. D. and BROTHERS.
present at the
**Globe Cinema**
(Sandhurst Road)
A Grand Sporting Drama!
**"A SON OF DAVID"**
(5 REELS 5,000 FEET.)
Featuring the sweetheart of the Turf
POPPY WYNDHAM
TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!
He was matched for a boxing championship. In the ring the discovered, tatooed on his opponent's arm, a sign which indicated that his opponent was his father's murderer. But before denouncing him the fight was fought to a finish. See this great Broadwest Sporting drama.
A Comedy in the Programme.
Four shows Daily: 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)
**Globe Cinema**
(Sandhurst Road).

AMUSEMENTS.

**THE EXCELSIOR**
To-day at 6-30 p. m.
**"THE GIRL PROBLEM"**
Featuring a New Star
GORINNE GRIFFITH
**H. R. H. The Duke of Connaught at Delhi.**
"Inauguration of Council of State and Indian Legislative (Council) Assembly."

**ROYAL OPERA HOUSE** BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE
TO-NIGHT AT 9-30
MAURICE E. BANDMAN
Presents
THE CELEBRATED RUSSIAN CLASSICAL DANSEUSE & PIANISTE
THAMARA SWIRSKAYA
Assisted by
MARGOSHA
The world renowned violin virtuoso
POSSESSING TALENTS NEVER SEEN BEFORE IN BOMBAY
in
Complete Change of Programme
SPECIAL MATINEE ON SATURDAY 5th MARCH AT 5 P.M. at REDUCED RATES.
Night Prices: Rs 5, 4, 2, 1 and Ans. 8.
Matinee „ Rs. 3, 2, 1 and Ans. 8
PLANS AT S. ROSE & Co.

Bombay's Popular Picture Rendezvous
**CINEMA MAJESTIC**
(Tram Terminus, Girgaum)
present
THE FOURTH INSTALMENT
of the Newest Magnificent Serial
**TRAILED by THREE**
featuring
DAINTY MISS FRANKIE MAN
with
The famous American Star
STUART HOLMES
This week episodes 10-11-12
With a two reel vitagraph comic
SQUARS & SQUABBLES.
Four shows daily at 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.
Prize shows on Sat., Sun and Bank holidays at 3-30 and 5-15

**TO BACTERIOLOGISTS AND SURGEONS.**

We have just received for sale, Microscope with oil emersion, High pressure sterrelizer Incubators gas and electric, beakers, test tubes, Ampoules, and glass wares for laboratory fittings, Hydodermic syringes, all glass and Record available.
Please apply for further particulars.
S. N. GUNDI, Bombay No. 4.
Telegrams: "GUNDISAN."
Telephone: No. 2411

**FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!**

Nobody's Safe
from an outbreak of fire. Don't let yourself be lulled into a False Feeling of Security—get the real protection of the Most Effectiv Chemical Fire Extinguisher.
THE "ROYAL" FIRE EXTINGUISHERS
have already been the means of saving many a life.
*SOLE AGENTS:*
LONDON, EASTERN AND AMERICAN TRADING Co.,
HUMMUM STREET,
BOMBAY.

**FREE! FREE!!**
A most beautiful, coloured, picturesque and large Wall-Calendar for 1921 is sent on receipt of a one-anna stamp but a calendar without picture is sent free on application only.
Calendars are not sent by V.P.P. but on receipt of As. 8 by M. O. 8, Calendars are sent by Registered Post, free of Registration and Postal charges.
RAJVAID SRI RAMANDASJI KAVIRAJ,
*152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.*

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## TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc etc. Subjects—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

CITY SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING STUDIO.—Opposite Whiteaway's, Fort, Bombay. The leading Institution in the East, pronounced by Commercial Experts to be the best. Mang. Props. A. B. KAPADIA and F. J. DAVAR.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

MATHERAN HOPE HALL HOTEL—Undoubtedly the best. Good Food, comfort, etc., assured. Private dining table. R2225 7970

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE—New Address. GREAT WESTERN HOTEL BUILDING, Front Entrance, Apollo Street, Fort. Please apply or call for prospectus and enrollment there. R 2573

INDEPENDENT and highly lucrative career offered to a limited number of gentlemen who can immediately invest Rs. 2,000 or more in the shares of a private company with limited liability promising large profits. Preference given to those offering larger sums and to experts. To avoid disappointment, apply at once to Box No. 1852 Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R5602

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A smart TYPIST, acquainted with office work. Apply Box No. 1857, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R2567

WANTED—A LADY SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON with practical midwifery experience for a mofussil maternity hospital. Apply with testimonial to Box No. 1860, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R2572

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—An efficient Gujrati-English TYPIST with experience, knowledge of book-keeping and Office correspondence. Apply ISMAIL A H. MOOSA, LTD. 188; Nagdevi Street. C 8463

WANTED—A PATRIOTIC HINDU or MUHAMMADAN Post-graduate research student of Organic Chemistry, able to carry on researches in Tobacco curing and analyses. Decent pay for a qualified man. Apply Box No. 1861, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R 5607

WANTED—Smart TYPIST (Male or Female) and an ACCOUNT CLERK. Salary Rs. 70 with prospects apply at once to Box No. 1850 Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C8438

WANTED.—A 1st class ENGINEER with Mill experience. Apply immediately with copies of testimonials and lowest terms expected to Box No. 1851, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R 2553

WANTED.—A Gujrathi knowing Hindu GRADUATE or UNDERGRADUATE with at least five years' teaching experience to teach children at Versova. Apply personally with testimonials to RANCHHODDAS TRIKAMJI JIVANDAS, "Dhun-Villa" Versova via Andheri. R 2576

WANTED—An ENGINEER with Workshop experience for Engineering Works, must be competent mechanical draftsman with also structural experience. Terms according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 1828, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R 2507

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS MACHANICAL ENGINEER and an expert WEAVING MASTER for an Up-country Spinning and Weaving Mill. Those with long experience in the lines need only apply, enclosing copies of certificates and stating the lowest salary and the earliest date when they can join service to The MANAGING DIRECTOR, SRIGANGAJI COTTON MILLS COY., LTD., Mirzapur, U. P. C 8462

## WANTED.

WANTED—Set of Halsbury's Laws of England. Thin paper edition preferred. State lowest price required to Box No. 1858, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R 2570

WANTED—SPINNING MACHINERY, complete with 5,000 spindles. Apply with full particulars and price to MANI. SHANKER S. JOSHI, Virmahal, top floor, Parel Bombay. R5369

WANTED.—AGENTS to canvas orders for our Sports Goods Kashmir Shawls: Woollen and cotton goods, Ivory articles, and Harmoniums (all country made). Pay Rs. 75 per mensem. Inter. Class Railway fare. Apply to ORIENTAL STORES, Jullundur Cantt. R 5608

WANTED AGENTS—We desire to appoint Agents in every City and Town in India, Burma and Ceylon. A splendid opportunity for energetic and influential persons to make money during spare hours. Apply to-day to the UNITED PROVINCES OIL MILLS, CO., LIMITED, Belanganj, Agra. R 4698 8065

WANTED—For a strong company, recently floated in Calcutta and designed to deal with country produce, and having Hindu and Mahommedan directors, capital two lakhs, shares ten rupees each, first call Rs. two. (1) An Underwriter; (2) a Canvasser to sell shares on pay and 5 per cent. commission. Apply with reference and particulars to A. HAMID, Principal, S. E. College, Bahawalpur (Punjab). C8427

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One 6 Cylinder 5 Seater CHALMERS' CAR in sound running order. Apply M. M. KOFTI & Co., 48, Customs House Road, Fort. R2555

TWO MAXWELL CARS in good running order, both recently overhauled one painted Rs. 3,500 and 2,500 respectively. Apply to Box No. 1863, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C 8465

## FOR SALE.

MATHERAN HONEY.—Absolutely pure—invaluable for Medical purposes. Write to LORDS STORES, MATHERAN. C 8363

VALUABLE PROPERTY near Jumma Masjid FOR SALE. Apply to Box No. 1855, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R2565

FOR SALE—Left property of a gentleman gone home. One English canoe carriage with pair, very handsome, cost Rs. 5,000 whole turned out for Rs. 3,500. Apply Box No. 1865, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C 8464

FOR SALE.—5-seater oneman's hood completely overhauled and painted Calthope minor MOTOR CAR. Telephone No. 4661 See Seth MADHAVDAS MORARJI. New Gamdevi Harvey Road. C 8461

12-15 FIAT CAR FOR SALE. Owner going home, 5-seater touring car, always driven by owner. Overhauled and in very good running order. Suitable for taxi. Price Rs. 3,800 or offers. Apply Major KUNHARDT, BYCULLA CLUB, Bombay. R 5609

FOR SALE.—German Made "ORIGINAL DURBY" CYCLES. For full particulars please, apply to Messrs. K. H. KAYANI AND CO., 7/11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. R 2420

FOR SALE—LAND, less than four annas a sq. yd. less than fifteen minutes from a rising station on the B. B. and C. I. within 2 hours fifteen minutes from Bombay. Apply sharp, Box No. 1847, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C8430

FOR SALE—English Double LEATHER BELTINGS 6in., 7in., 8in., 9in., 10in., 12in. and 14in. English Cast Iron Flanged PIPES 2½in., 3in., 4in., 5in., 6in. Please write to MANGALDAS JESINGBHAI, 3, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay. R2526

FOR SALE—One DORGE BROS. MOTOR CAR, 5 seater complete with E. Light Dynamo very little used in good condition. Apply to. THE MOTOR ACCESSORIES TRADING CO., Sandhurst Road, near Dongri. R2568

AN INDISPENSABLE AND AUTHORITATIVE GUIDE. Officially sanctioned for the Hospitals, Dispensaries and Libraries of the Baroda State. Just published in Gujerati. "Social Diseases, Genito-Urinary and Venereal Diseases, and Sexology." By Dr. Kaikhosru K. Dadachanji. Consulting Surgeon Specialist. The Genito-Urinary. Skin and Surgical Hospital, 237, corner Grant Road, Bombay, 460 pages, 34 illustrations. Price Rs. 4. Obtainable from (1) "KAISER-I-HIND" Paper Printing Works, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, whence V.P.'s are despatched at Rs. 4-5. (2) S. GOVIND & Co., Sandhurst Road. 8448

## TO BE LET.

TO LET—Shops and Rooms in New building on the corner of Hains Road, just near Byculla Station and Tramway. Apply there or Rajaubhai Mehirally Khaduck. R2556

TO LET at Khetwadi 11th Lane in a newly and built buildings, well lighted and well ventilated double and single rooms for Hindu families also Motor Garages. For rent please apply to MEHTAJI on the spot. R2534

TO BE LET—Nice and airy FLATS moderate rates in the "Settlement" House, Procter Road. Apply MOONGALAL BANKEYLAL & CO., 116, Great Western Hotel Buildings, Fort, Bombay. R 2255 8040

TO BE LET.—A well ventilated FLOOR of an airy building on Khetwadi Main Road. Fit for show-rooms, offices, hospital or residence (for high-class Hindoos only). Please apply personally to the PRINCIPAL Imperial High School. 2540 R2540

TO LET—A splendid furnished BUNGALOW with rich furniture and a garden at Devlali known as Sir P. M. Mehta's Bungalow from 1st proximo. Apply P. P. SIDHWA, 22, Trinity Street, Dhobi Talao, Bombay. C8437

TO LET—MOTOR GARAGES at 426-432, Girgaum Road, Thakurdwar. Electric Light and Telephone. GROUND FLOOR 187-191, Old Modikhana, Fort. Stone-built, absolutely fire-proof, suitable for office, Shop, Godown or Motor-Garage; will be ready shortly; area about 260 square yards. Apply DEVKARAN NANJEE, Nanjee Building, 17-18, Elphinstone Circle, Fort. R2461

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KHATRI JEEWANBHAI MULJI, who was in the employ and service of our clients Messrs. THE BOMBAY WOODEN ARTICLES WORKS, doing business at Parsiwada 1st Lane has CEASED to be in their services as and fdom the 1st day of January, 1921. Dated this 26th day of February, 1921.

DHARAMSI DADACHANJI & CO., Attorney's for the Bombay Wooden Articles Works. C 8473

### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of cargo per the Scindia Steam Navigation Co's s.s. "FRANKDALE" are hereby informed of the steamers arrival from Rangoon and are requested to send in their Bills of Lading or Delivery telegrams to this office for counter signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Messrs. Ericson and Richards Co's surveyors will be attending the Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the landing shed or warehoused is not entitled to be surveyed. No survey will be held no cargo in single gunnies. The bills for claims are to be sent into this office within one month from the date of the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co., Agents, The Scindia Steam Navigation Co. Ltd, C 8472

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

### THE BRITISH CENTRAL AFRICA CO LD

CHINDE.

ACCOUNTANT—Indian WANTED AT ONCE, Must be fully qualified and well recommended, Commencing salary £150 sterling per mensem, 3 years Agreement; Free Quarters, Free Medical Attendance and free passage. Apply Post Box 79, Bombay. 8440

### THE INDIAN STANDARD WAGON CO,LD

SECOND CALL OF RS. 25 PER SHARE ON 20,000 PREFERENCE SHARES OF RS. 100 EACH.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the above call has been made by resolution of the Board of Directors and is payable on or before the 15th March, 1921, and the holders of the said shares, are required within due date to forward their remittance in payment to the office of the Company at No. 7, Hastings Street, Calcutta, along with Scrip for endorsement.

By order of the Board, (Sd.) BURN & COMPANY, Managing Agents.

7, Hastings Street, Calcutta, Feb. 7, 1921. C8321

### CANADA TO INDIA AND JAVA PORTS

A DIRECT MONTHLY SERVICE from Canada to India and Java has been inaugurated by Messrs. Ellerman and Bucknall Steamship Co., Ltd., Steamers will sail from Montreal to Port Said, Port Sudan, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Singapore, Batavia and other Java ports as inducement offers.

Cargo will also be taken by transhipment for Karachi, Madras and Calcutta.

Rate of freight will be about the same as is charged from New York.

The following steamers will be loading at Montreal for India and the Far East.

S. S. "City of Agra", September.
S. S. "Swazi" sailed on 15th January, 1921.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Messrs. W. & A. GRAHAM & CO., Parsi Bazar Street, Bombay. 1922

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 28th day of February, 1921, we, the undersigned, JOHN MACKENZIE RYRIE, WILLIAM GREAVES, and JOHN FAIRCLOUGH, will, by mutual consent, cease to carry on the business of Import and Export Merchants hitherto carried on by us in partnership at Bombay, under the style or firm name of EWART LATHAM & CO. and that the said business will from and inclusive of the 1st day of March, 1921, be carried on at Bombay by THE ANGLO-SIAM CORPORATION, LIMITED, to whom the said business has been transferred.

The style and title of the firm will be:—
THE ANGLO-SIAM CORPORATION LTD., (EWART LATHAM BRANCH).
and address, for the present, will remain:—
42/48, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

The said firm of Ewart Latham & Co., will, until further notice, continue to carry on the business of Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents for, and to act as the Attorneys of the Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents in Bombay of those Companies for which the firm of Ewart Latham & Co., now act as Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents, or as Attorneys in Bombay of the Secretaries Treasuries and Agents.

Dated this twenty first day of February, 1921.

J. M. RYRIE,
WILLIAM GREAVES,
J. FAIRCLOUGH.
by their duty constituted Attorney.
R. T. GIBSON FLEMING. R2530

### WANTED

A DISTRICT ENGINEER for the District Board of Patna on a salary of Rs. 800-40-1000 per month plus first class travelling allowance in accordance with the Civil Service Regulations.

A candidate for the post must be qualified in one of the manners following, that is to say, he must:—

(a) be a member of the permanent establishment of the Public Works Department in the grade of Executive or Assistant Engineer or Sub-Engineer or Supervisor;
(b) hold the degree of a Bachelor of Engineering or be a Licentiate of Engineering of the Calcutta University, or Department of the Civil Engineering College at Sibpore, or the final examination of the Engineering Department of the Colleges of Engineering at Roorkee; Madras or Poona;
(c) have served an apprenticeship of not less than three years in the United Kingdom with some recognised firm of Engineers of high standing; or
(d) have passed satisfactorily through the whole course of instruction at a recognised School of Engineering in the United Kingdom (e.g. King's College, London; Cooper's Hill College; the Crystal Palace School of Engineering.

Provided that in all cases the candidates must have held charge of important works for not less than five years and must produce a certificate from his immediate superior during such employment that his conduct was satisfactory.

The candidates must also produce evidence that his knowledge of the native language is such as to qualify him for employment as a District Engineer.

The Candidate must produce a Certificate from a Civil Surgeon that he is physically fit for his outdoor duties, and from the Magistrate of the District that he is able to ride.

All applications from intending candidates shall be submitted in sealed and registered covers addressed to the Chairman of the District Board, Patna and superscribed "Application for Appointment of District Engineer." Each application must be accompanied by all the necessary certificates and testimonials required by the Rules, together with a suitable envelope addressed and sufficiently stamped for registration, in which they can be returned in the event of the application being unsuccessful.

Applications will be received by the Chairman, District Board, Patna, till the 31st March, 1921.

(Sd.) S. ZAHIUDDIN, Chairman, District Board, Patna. C8444

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

### WANTED.

WANTED—JUNIOR DRAFTSMEN, commencing salary Rs. 45 per month, plus 25 per cent. allowance. Apply personally to the MAINS ENGINEER, The Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd., Colaba Causeway. C8434

### WANTED

WANTED—A qualified and experienced SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON. Pay Rs. 100 per mensem. Apply sharp stating age, caste, nationality, experience and with copies of testimonials to:—
THE CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER, Sirohi State, Sirohi, (Rajputana). C8426

### NOTICE.

ALL persons who have any claim of any kind or to whom any money is due from the Reception Committee of the Indian National Congress held at Amritsar are requested to kindly write to the undersigned before 7th March, 1921, failing which no claim will be entertained.

GIRDHARILAL, General Secretary, Congress Reception Committee, Amritsar 8400

### WANTED.

WANTED.—Experienced PATTERN-MAKER, able to read drawings, good knowledge of English essential, experience of wood working machinery desirable. Pay according to qualifications. Apply by letter or in person with testimonials to WORKS MANAGER, G. I. P. Railway, Locomotive Department, Parel. 8435

### THE APOLLO MILLS LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Apollo Mills, Ltd. will be held at the registered office of the Company, 375 Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on Thursday the 10th day of March, 1921, at 4-45 p.m. (S. T.) when the sub-joined resolution will be proposed as an extraordinary resolution.

"That the capital of the Company be reduced from Rs. 50,00,000 (divided into 50,000 shares of Rs. 100 each) to Rs. 25,00,000 (divided into 50,000 shares of Rs. 50 each) and that such reduction effected by reducing the nominal amount of the shares from Rs. 100 to Rs. 50 each and extinguishing the liability in respect of uncalled capital on the shares to the extent of Rs. 50 per share." Should the resolution be passed by the required majority it will be submitted for confirmation as a special resolution to a second extraordinary meeting which will be subsequently convened.

By order of the Board, HAJEE MAHOMED HAJEE ESMAIL & Co., Agents.

375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, dated 9th February, 1921. C8333

### THE APOLLO MILLS LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIRST ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company, will be held on THURSDAY, the 10th day of March, 1921, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt Directors' Report and the duly audited Proft and Loss Account for the period ended 31st December 1920 and the Balance Sheet as at that date, of the Company.
(2) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration and,
(3) To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the Chairman.

Notice is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from 1st March to 10th March, 1921, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors. HAJEE MAHOMED HAJEE ESMAIL & CO., Agents.

No. 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, 7th February, 1921. C 8332

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ENHANCEMENT OF RATES FOR PUBLIC COAL, COKE AND PATENT FUEL.

WITH effect from 1st April 1921, Coal Coke and patent fuel in full wagon loads, at owner's risk, loading and unloading being done by owners, booked on public account from any station to any station on the East Indian Railway and *via* will be charged at the following scale of rates, both in local and through booking:—

| | Pies per md. per mile. |
|---|---|
| For all distances up to 200 miles inclusive | 0.15 |
| Plus for any distance in excess of 200 miles and up to 300 miles inclusive | 0.13 |
| Plus for any distance in excess of 300 miles and up to 700 miles inclusive | 0.07 |
| Plus for any distance in excess of 700 miles | 0.06 |

2. The above scale is exclusive of the East Indian Railway terminal charge of Re. 0-2-0 per ton, which will be levied in addition

3. Public Coal, Coke and Patent fuel booked to stations on Foreign Railways, which have adopted the above scale, will be charged at this scale on the actual through distance from start to destination and all terminals transhipment and other extra charges due, will be levied in addition. Public Coal, Coke and Patent fuel booked to stations on the Foreign Railways, which have not adopted the above scale, will be charged over the East Indian Railway at the above scale from the booking station up to the Junctions with such railways and the charges for the remaining distance will be levied as per the Tariffs of the Foreign Railways in force from time to time.

C. D. M. HINDLEY, Agent, E. I. Ry.

Calcutta, 7th December, 1920. 8008

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

### NOTICE.

WANTED—Two GRADUATES, each on Rs. 75 as ASSISTANT MASTERS and a PERSIAN TEACHER on Rs. 50 for the Municipal High School. The former to state second language, optional subjects and experience. One with Science preferred.

KESHAVLALL, Chairman, Municipal School Board, Ankleswar.

Ankleswar, 21st February, 1921. C8415

### NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

| Steamers | Tons | Sailling about | Remarks |
|---|---|---|---|
| Canadian conqueror | 5500 | 15th March | Montrea |
| Canadian Inventor | 5500 | 15th ,, | Vencouver |
| Canadian Traveller | 5400 | 23rd April | Montreal |

For particulars of freight, etc., apply to Messrs. MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.

### NOTICE.

AN AUCTION SALE OF RACE HORSES POLO PONIES, CHARGERS, TRAPPERS and REMOUNTS will be held on Mar 1st 1921, on the premises of Julius Gove's Bellasis Road, Byculla, Bombay.

Owners wishing to offer any horses, please notify the Office on or before noon of 28th February, 1921.

Horses sold on 5 per cent. Commission and Rs. 3 for entry fees which is to be paid when entering.

Bargains to be had. For further particulars apply Julius Gove, Bellasis Road, Byculla, Bombay.

Bombay, dated 12th February 1921. C8318

## FOR SALE.

BUILDING STONES such as Copry Khanki Rubble, Corner Stones, Mc Header, etc.

Also machine extracted "Sisal Hemp or Agrve Fibre." For samples and rates apply to the AGENT, the Powai Estate, 50 Medow Street, Fort. 7143

### NOTICE.

20,000 High Class Cotton Blankets ready for immediate delivery. Size 48in. by 78in. Khaki, Fawn, Grey, and Red. Price Rs. 2/12 each, delivered to any part of India by post. These blankets are now being used by Europeans in India and Africa and continue to give universal satisfaction.

Over 5,00,000 sold for 1921.

We invite enquiries from the Trade.

Apply:—
COLONIAL MANUFACTURING CO., Bombay Agency, Post Box 299, BOMBAY. C 7986

### ANGLO-INDIA AND COLONIAL NAVIGATION CO., LD.

NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

In the matter of the Indian Companies' Act VII of 1913.

and

Of the ANGLO-INDIA and COLONIAL NAVIGATION CO., LD.

SORABJI COWASJI PETIT .....Petitioner.
N. H. MOOS, Esq. ...Provisional Liquidator.

WITH rerference to the meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company convened for the 9th of March, 1921, it appears that several shareholders have sent proxies in favour of the undersigned.

Several have sent them without filling in the name of any shareholder whom they wish to act on their behalf, as they state that they do not know any other shareholders.

Several proxies do not bear an anna stamp.

For these reasons such proxies cannot be used at the said meeting.

In pursuance of the directions contained in an Order made by the Hon. the Chamber Judge, the following suggestions are notified for the guidance of the shareholders with reference to the filling in of the proxies:—

(1) Every proxy should be in favour of some shareholder whom the party signing the proxy desires to appoint to vote for him. The following gentlemen are some of shareholders of the said Company:—
Mr. Sorabji C. Petit.
Mr. Jehangir Nowroji Gamadia.
Mr. M. H. Haveliwalla.
Mr. B. F. Bharucha.
(2) All proxies must bear the ordinary postage stamp of One Anna or two ordinary postage stamps of half an anna each.
(3) The signature of the shareholder signing the proxy must be attested by some witness.
(4) All proxies must reach the undersigned not later than 4 p.m. on Friday the 4th day of March 1921.

Shareholders who have already sent in prxies, which do not comply with the above conditions and who wish to rectify their mistakes should apply in time to the undersigned at his office and fresh forms of proxies will be issued. Or a letter may be written to the undersigned mentioning the name of the shareholder in whose favour the proxy is to be given and authority should be given to the undersigned to fill in the proxies signed in blank with the name of such shareholders.

For any further information apply at the office of the undersigned.

Dated this 24th day of February, 1921.

N. H. MOOS. Provisional Liquidator. 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. C 8441

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

### WANTED

SHORTHAND TYPIST required. Apply to HYDRAULIC ENGINEER, Bombay Municipality, stating speed and salary expected. C 8455

### WANTED

WANTED—For H. M. Mint, Bombay, a MOTOR LORRY DRIVER. Salary according to qualifications. Apply to the HEAD ENGINEER, H. M. Mint, Bombay. C 8473

### WANTED

CIVIL ENGINEER WANTED in Gwalior State, C. I. Applicant must be a qualified Civil Engineer with practical experience in Building in stone, reinforced concrete, structural steel and Foundations, also quick and accurate Estimator and Draughtsman. Apply giving age, references and stating salary required and date can join service to Box No. 1862, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." C 8460

### WANTED

WANTED A LADY SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON as Assistant to the Zenana Medical Officer for the Rasulkhanji Zenana Hospital, Rajkot. The pay of the post is Rs. 50 p.m. at present; free quarters and private practice in the town allowed. The revision of the pay is likely to be made at an early date. The candidates may therefore when applying for the post, propose the minimum salary on which the would start.

Applications should be forwarded to the ZENANA MEDICAL OFFICER, Rajkot, Kathiawar. C8467

### WANTED

A qualified SANITARY INSPECTOR by the Poona City Municipality, on a salary of Rs. 50 p.m. plus Rs 10 as cycle allowance. Only those who have passed the Sanitary Surveyor's Examination need apply to the undersigned before the 10th March 1921. The Selected candidate will have to bind himself to serve this Municipality for 3 years, after he is confirmed.

(Sd.) KERSHAW D KHAMBATTA, D.P.H. Health Officer, Poona City.

Health Office, Poona City, 25th February 1921. C 8471

### WANTED

AN experienced EDITOR for the "Punjab Industrial Bulletin" a weekly paper issued by the Department of Industries, Punjab.

Applicants must have had practical experience as an Editor.

Pay according to qualifications up to Rs. 250 with prospects. Applicants should state age, present occupation, past experience and salary required and submit copies of testimonials which will not be returned, not later than 15th March 1921 to,

THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES, Punjab, Lahore. C 8456

### SPLENDID AND RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTORS OF BUSINESSMEN,

FOR SALE

AT FORT STREET, near VICTORIA TERMINUS, GENERAL POST OFFICE AND DOCKS.

VALUABLE piece of LAND (1025 square yards) with storeyed buildings and good frontage, suitable for offices, hotels theatres, cinemas etc.

For particulars apply to Box No. 1864, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C 8474

### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S. S. GANGES MARU having arrived from Japan via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo the Consignees of her Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition, unless a written application is received by the undersigned within seven days after the cargo has been discharged. Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's appointed surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to survey. No bag cargo in single gunny will be surveyed. The bills for claims for short delivery and damage etc. are to be sent to this office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, Bombay. K. SHIMA, Manager.

### NOTICE.

RE: THE STANDARD OIL MILLS CO., LTD. (In Liquidation.)

N. H. MOOS, Esq. ..... Official Liquidator.

OFFERS are invited for the purchase of the Factory belonging to the above Company for the manufacture of Vegetable oils situate a Connaught Road, Byculla, together with the Plant Machinery Explore, etc., and articles of furniture now in the said factory. The factory has recently been put in proper working order. The factory is built on land about 2100 square yards and comprises a substantial building of four compartments. The Liquidator has recently made arrangements with the owner of the building subject to the sanction of the Court that he should execute a lease of the land and building for a period of 20 years in favour of the Liquidator or his nominees with an option of 5 years more at an increased rental at the option of the lessee. The factory can be seen on an application to the undersigned. The terms of the proposed lease can also be seen at the Liquidator's Office, 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. For further particulars apply at the office of the undersigned who is not bound to accept the highest or any offer.

All offers must be submitted by the 10th day of March, 1921, at the latest.

Dated 25th day of February 1921.

N. H. MOOS, Official Liquidator. C8458

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

### BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS for the construction of a semi-permanent chawl (18 rooms) for Begaries at Deonar will be received up to 1 p.m. (Bombay Time), on TUESDAY, the 8th day of March, 1921.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and should be delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant.

Forms of contract, specification, etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive them by the undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

JAMES W. MACKISON, B.Sc., M.I.C.E.,
Special Engineer,
Development Works.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 28th February, 1921.
C8470

### NOTICE.

SALE OF SEPARATED MILK.

THE ASSISTANT Controller Dairy Farms, Southern Circle, has for sale separated milk outturned at Separating Stations in the Gujrat District for one year. No fixed quantity can be guaranteed as it varies daily.

2. Tenders are invited for the above upto 15th March 1921 quoting rate per 100 pounds.

3. The separated milk can be seen at Anand and Nar and other information concerning the sale can be obtained from the Manager, Anand Government Creamery.

4. Security will be taken prior to signing of the agreement.

5. The right to decline any or all the tenders is reserved.

Assistant Controller Dairy Farms,
Southern Circle.
Office of Assistant Controller Dairy Farms.
12, Victoria Road, Chorpuri, Poona.
C 8426

### BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

OFFERS for the undermentioned rights will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on TUESDAY, the 8th March, 1921:—

Rights of collecting and receiving fees from squatters occupying allotted spaces inside or outside under the eaves of the following Market:—

*Colaba Market, fiish section.
*Colaba Market, Vegetble section.
*Fort Market, fish section.
Arthur Crawford fish, mutton and beef Markets.
Erskine Road Market, fish section.
Pedder Market, fish section.
Fergusson Road Market, fish section.
Fergusson Road Market, vegetable section.
Parbhadevi Road Market, fish section.
Parbhadevi Road Market, vegetable section.
Elphinstone Road Market, fish section.
Elphinstone Road Market, vegetable section.
Kamatipura Market, fish section.
Musjid Bunder, fruit and vegetable Market

Right of collecting and receiving fees for weighing fruits and vegetables at the Municipal scales at the Arthur Crawford Markets, and fees and rents for placing or keeping fruits or Vegetables on or at any part of the scale shed premises.

It is open to tenderers to tender for any one or more of these rights.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and should be delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant.

Forms of tender, a-reement and particulars and conditions of rights will be issued to any deputed to receive them by the nudersigned who will on application give any further information that may be required.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
C. M. FLANDERS,
Captain, R.A.V.C.
Superintendent of Markets, & Co.,
Market Office,
Arthur Crawford Market,
25th February, 1921.

*Note:—No portion outside these two Markets will be allowed to be occupied.
C 8458

## LEGAL NOTICE.

### HIGH COURT.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the Matter of the Indian Company's Act VII of 1913.

and

In the matter of the National Cement Manufacturing Co., Ltd., in Liquidation.

AMBALAL DAMODAR and others ..... Petitioners

THE Hon'ble Mr. Justice Pratt has by an order dated the 5th day of February, 1921, appointed Mr. Nanabhai Hormasji Moos to be the Official Liquidatod of the above Company.

DABHOLKER & CO.,
Attorney's for the Petitioners.
C 8475

### NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that THAKER HARIDAS RUPJI, of Bombay Hindu inhabitant has contracted for the absolute sale to our client of the undermentioned property. All persons, therefore, having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof, whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned at their office, No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claims, and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Batti land of the Khoti Tenure with the messuage tenement or dwelling houses standing thereon (known as Hari-Ashram) situate, lying and being at Malad, (Merwa Road), Taluka Salsette, Zilla Thana, and in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, District Thana, containing by admeasurement 4853 square yards or thereabouts and bearing No. Survey Number and Entry Number being Khoti's land and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Vithaldas Pranjiwandas, on or towards West by the property of Muncherji Pestonji Chowsey, on or towards the North by the property of Jerbai Jamshedji Tarachand and on or to towards the South by Merwa Malad Road and which premises were formerly and are now in the possession and enjoyment of the Vendor.

Dated this 26th day of February 1921.
ARDESIR HORMOSJI DINSHAW & Co.,
Pucharser's Attorneys.
C 8457

## LEGAL NOTICE.

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2213 of 1919.

WAMANRAO BHAI THAKORE ... Plaintiff
vs.
J. S. FERNANDES ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above suit and bearing date the 2nd day of August, 1920, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Hon. Court at his office in the Court House on MONDAY, the 28th day of February, 1921, at the hour of five o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of land or oart called Vengandor of the Pension and Tax Tenure together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim, without the Fort, in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement six thousand nine hundred and twenty-seven square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 61 and 261, New Nos. 3590 and 3947, Old Survey No. 227 and New Survey No. 1/1497, and assessed by the Municipal Commissioner formerly under Nos. 645 and 146 and now under G Ward Nos. 4870 and 4871 and Street Nos. 198 and 199, and bounded on the East partly by the property of Bhasker Bhaoo and partly by that of Dadabhai Parsee, on the West partly by the property of the Church of Salvacao and partly by the property of Balgowandas Hargowandas, on the North by a public passage and on the South by the property of Babul Janardhan.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Jehangir and Seervai, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 13th day of January, 1921.
(Sd.) H. H. WADIA,
Commissioner,
JEHANGIR & SEERVAI,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
C8015

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of GOPALDAS NARBHERAM, of Bombay, Bania Hindu Merchant, a widower, residing at the time of his death in Kandewadi, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased

1. RATILAL NARANDAS and 2 JAYANTILAL RATILAL, both of Bombay Bania Hindus, Share Brokers, residing at Kandewadi outside the Fort of Bombay the executors of the above mentioned deceased.
..... Petitioners

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this eighteenth day of Feb. in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-one, and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

(Sd.) D. N. KHANDALAWALLA

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Registrar.

The 8th day of February, 1921.
)Sd.) RATILAL NARANDAS and another
Petitioners-in-person.
C 8454

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of DOWLATRAM KASHIRAM PANDIT, of Surat Hindu Inhabitant. ..... Deceased.

CHANDULAL REVASHANKER YAJNIK, Executor according to the tenor of the Will of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Lamington Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit before the grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this tenth day of Februar in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-one, and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Acting Registrar.

The 10th day of February, 1921.
Messrs MANILAL & KHER,
C8459 Petitioner's Attorneys.

KATOL
STICKS
Destroys Mosquitos Rs. 1-4 per box.
JAPAN INSECT POMDER CO.
Princess St., BOMBAY.

## LEGAL NOTICE.

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that CHHIBA CURSON PATEL, of Bombay has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift; trust; inheritance, possession, lease; lien easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us in our office No. 14K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTYY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground paying perpetual fixed annual assessment of Rs. 6/10/8 only to the the Fazendar together with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Old Sonapur Lane, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 85 5/9 square yards or thereabouts and forming part of land registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 127, New No. 987, Old survey No. 99, and New Survey No. 8141 and bounded on the East by the property now or late of Parshotam Manekchand Gola on the West by the property new or late of Rustomji Merwanji Master, on the North by a public passage beyond which is the house now or late of Sajoba Mongithul Dinkar and Kustna Sakooji and on the South by the Old Sonapur Lane aforesaid and which said premises are assessed by the Assessors of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 3389 and Street No. 31 and were formerly and are now in occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.

Dated this 26th day of February 1921.
MERWANJI KOLA & Co.,
C8466 Purchaser's Attorneys.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

### MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
(21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.)

AUCTION SALE OF THE CHINA MILLS, LIMITED.

(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. Auctioneers under instructions from N. P. Whadia, Esquire, and Matatia Gagalbhai Esquire the Liquidators of the China Mills, Limited (in Voluntary Liquidation) will sell by Public Auction, at their Sale Rooms No. 21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd day of March 1921 at 3 o'clock (S. T.), in the afternoon, all and singular the lands, hereditaments and premises together with all and singular the mill house and other building and edifices standing thereon, and the boilers, engines, spindles, machinery, tools, fixtures, impliments, utensils, and other mechanical things and appliances etc., appertaining thereto.

Further information regarding the detailed description of land, etc., and particulars and conditions of sale can be had on application to the Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY OR A GODOWN SITUATE AT BROACH STREET ON THE ELPHINSTONE ROAD ESTATE.

HIGH COURT.
Suit No. 260 of 1920.
Girdharlal Harilal Mehta
vs.
Ramji Samji and another.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will, under instruction from an order of Messrs. Amin and Desai, Attorneys for Sybanji Champsey, the Receiver appointed in the above suit, sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 3rd March, 1921, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises the undermentioned property.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, comprised in and demised by the Lease, dated 3rd April, 1883, made between the Trustees of the Fort of Bombay of the one part, and Shunderji Sheevji of the other part, containing by admeasurement 611 4/9 square yards or thereabouts together with all messuages, tenment or buildings standing thereon, situate, lying outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under B Ward No. 5410 and Street No. 56 and bounded on or towards the North by Broach Street, on or towards the South by the vacant ground belonging to the Trustees of Bombay, on or towards the East partly by the land in occupation of Khimji Jeeva and partly by the vacant ground belonging to the Trustees of Port of Bombay and on or towards the West by the land in occupation of Naran Virji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Amin and Desai, Attorneys for the Receiver at their office, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 28th February, 1921.

### MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

On Government and G. I. P. Railway List.

TO RAJAHS, MAHARAJAS AND JEWELLERS.

A splendid opportunity to purchase really valuable and rare collection of jewellery belonging to the leading firm of Madras jewellers.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 28th day of Feb. 1921, and succeeding days at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) sharp daily, Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction by order of Rai Bahadur Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand at his Pedhi at Kalbadevi Road and on account and at the risk of Messrs. T. E. Tawker and Sons the well-known firm of leading jewellers of Madras.

A very valuable and rare collection of large diamonds, emeralds, rubies and pearl jewellery worth several lakhs.

Detailed list can be had on application to Messrs. Malvi Mody Runchhordas and Co Attorneys for Rai Bahadur Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand at their office at 79, Medows Street, Fort or to the undersigned and inspection of the said jewellery can be had on application to the said Rai Bahadur, Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand at his Pedhi at Kalbadevi Road.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 40000 TEAK AND JANGLI RAFTERS AND HEAPS OF SECOND CLASS SCRAPS.

On THURSDAY, the 3rd March, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA & Co. Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at the Government Wooden Jatha at Sewree Cotton Depot by order of Messrs. M. M. Shah & Co., and on account and at the risk of the defaulting parties.

About 40,000 Teak and Jangli Rafters and Heaps of Second Class Scraps in convenient lots.

The above goods on view.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 28th February, 1921.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

### MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,
No. 6, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 4880.

AUCTION SALE OF DIFFERENT KINDS OF WASTE.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, the 1st March, 1921, at 10-30 a.m. on the open ground at Mastan Tank, near Bellasis Road on account of the concerned the following goods saived from the late fire that had occurred in the godown of Messrs. Devidas & Co.:—

A large quantity of different kinds of waste such as coloured reeling waste, etc.

AUCTION SALE of Old Iron, Cable Chain Armatures, Old Boats, Packing Cases, Wire Rope, empty Paint and Oil Casks, Old Canvas, Carpet and Coir Matting, Troop Gear, Iron Safes, Armatures, Complete Machine and Armature, Lathe Motor, Commutators, Teak and Scrap Cuttings, Wash Shoots, Hammock Hooks with Bolts, Troop Fittings, Scrap, Lead and Zinc Sheets, Charcoal Bags, Life Belt Boxes, Scrapwood, Horse Fittings, MacLean's Patent Boats Tanks, Cocoa, Jam, Oatmeal, Quaker Oats, Fresh Butter, Soups, Beef, Pearl Barley, Arrowroot, etc., etc.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY the 28th February and TUESDAY, the 1st March, 1921, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the B. I. Dockyard, Mazagon, the abovenamed goods:—

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE of Brown and White Cotton Canvas, Tent Cloth, (Latha Cloth), Canvas Kit Bags, Plate and Sheet Glass; Turban Red Cloth, Wire Nails, Eyelets, 3 Sewing Machines; Auger Screw; Nutt Steel Manilla Rope; Iron Screws, Blue Serge, Paint Brushes, Cloth Mulmul Blue; Steel Beaters Railway.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd March, 1921, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at Bellasis Road, Temker Street in the godown of Messrs Devidas and Co. and on account of the concerned the above goods salved from the fire that occurred in that godown.

AUCTION SALE OF 52 BALES CHINA MILLS YARN No. 12S.

Messrs MENESSE and Co will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd March, 1921 at 1 p.m. (S. T.) at Tamba Kata near Hanuman Temple, Pydhowni by order of the Office concerned and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Mr. Chabildass Nathoobhoy of Tamba Kata the following goods:—

52 Bales China Mills Yarn No. 12S.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 28th February, 1921.

### CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 521.
No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort.

167 BUNDLES OF MACHINE CUT STEEL CIRCLES.

By the order of Holland Bombay Trading Co., Ltd., and on account and risk of Abdul Hussein Aladin Messrs CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY the 28th instant at 3 p.m. at the Rooms 16, Apolo Street the following:—

75 bundles 11" by 1/8".
42 bundles 11" by 1/16".
3 bundles 10" by 1/16".
27 bundles 11" by 3/32".
20 bundles 10" by 3/32".
167 one hundred and sixty-seven bundles.

The goods are opened for inspection at Shed No. 9, Victoria docks.

AUCTION SALE OF 51 BALES FINE STEEPLE DHULIA COTTON DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER AND 30 BALES DHULIA COTTON IN SCUND CONDITION.

Under instructions from the Insurance Office concerned Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd March, 1921 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the G. I. P. Railway's Goods Yard at Colaba.

51 Bales Fine Steeple Dhulia Cotton Damaged by Fire and Water.

30 bales Dhulia cotton in sound condition.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 28th February 1921.

### BENNETT & CO.

By order of he Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Arthur Crawford Markets, TUESDAY, the 8th March, 1921; at 10 a.m. (B.T.) the right of collecting fair ground and feeding fees from cattle dealers; butchers, and all others at the Bombay Municipal Slaughterhouses Baudra, for 12 months, from 1st April, 1921, to 31st March 1922.

For further particulars and conditions of sales, respectively, apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or at the Office of the Superintendent of Markets Arthur Crawford Markets or to the Undersigned.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bibnd himself to accept the highest or any offer.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 1st March 1921 at 5 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. B)NNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Cotton Green Colaba by order of Messrs. Dharamsey Jaitha and Co., and on account and risk of Mr. Rupchand Shivaram:—

83 Full pressed bales of Jamner Cotton lying in Godown No. 18A, 2nd and 3rd Pasta Lane, Colaba.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will on TUESDAY the 8th proximo, at 4 p.m. (B.T.) sell by Public Auction, on the premises at Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim, the whole of the building materials of the following properties:—

Case No. 33, Ward No. 5866 (1) and Street No. 342 a house with ground and 1st floor.
Case No. 33, Ward No. 5866 (2) and Street No. 342 (A) a chawl with ground floor.
Case No. 33, Ward No. 5866 (3) and Street No. 342 (B) a house with ground floor.
Case No. 33, Ward No. 5867 (2) and Street No. 343 (A) a chawl with ground floor.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On a day to be fixed hereafter Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Jairaj House 2nd Floor south side near Sassoon Dock Colaba valuable and handsome plain and carved F. P. house hold furniture best plated ware, glass and crockery ware, cutlery, old China and Brass and Dutch works, typewriter etc. the property of the late Mr. P. B. Morris.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO.,
Bombay, 28th February, 1921.

## THE WEATHER.

### DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 26th February 1921, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear at Rawalpindi but lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is generally in defect. Day temperature remains higher than usual; night temperature is also above normal at most stations.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded in the west of the division. Humidity is in defect at Agra and Allahabad. Day temperature remains higher than usual; night temperature is below normal at Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is in defect in upper Sind and at most stations in Rajputana and is in excess at Karachi. Day temperature is slightly below normal at Karachi but remains higher than usual elsewhere; night temperature is below normal at Ajmer.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in defect in Gujarat and east Kathiawar and is in excess at Dwarka.. Day temperature is higher than usual except on the west Kathiawar coast; night temperature is slightly below normal at Bhuj and Deesa.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear and except at Chanda the air is drier than usual. Day temperature is either normal or higher than usual; night temperature is below the average except at Saugor and Amraoti

The Konkon.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in slight excess. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. Humidity is nearly normal at Poona and in the south Bombay Deccan and is in defect elsewhere. Day temperature is nearly normal; night temperature is lower than ususal at Malegaon and in east Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—No rain is reported. A depression from the west is affecting the northwest of the reporting area and skies are lightly to moderately clouded in the Punjab, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana and the west of the United Provinces. Skies are also lightly clouded at some stations on the west coast and in southeast Madras but fine clear weather prevails over the Deccan and Gujarat, Kathiawar and the Central Provinces. Day temperature remains higher than usual over the northern half of the reporting area.

Forecast. Dry weather is likely to continue except in Baluchistan and the Punjab where a few falls of rain may occur.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 25th February 1921.

No rain has fallen. Temperature is high in northern India especially in the northwest. A western depression is approaching the northwest frontier.

### OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 HOURS ON SATURDAY, THE 26TH FEB. 1921.

| STATIONS | Temp. in Shade: Maximum | Minimum | Rainfall: Actual during 24 hours | Rainfall: Departure from Normal since 1st June | Humidity: Actual at 8 hours | Humidity: Departure from Normal |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **NORTHERN CHIEFS—** | | | | | | |
| Ambala | 77.5 | 59.0 | 23 | 0.00 | 3 | —3.09 |
| Do. (Civil) | 78.1 | 58.7 | 77 | 0.17 | 2 | —2.79 |
| Jhansi | 87.0 | 58.5 | 53 | 0.00 | 1 | —1.05 |
| Do. ( ) | | | | | | |
| Mussoorie | 61.7 | 52.5 | 57 | 2.55 | | —3.59 |
| Do. (Civil) | 67.1 | 55.3 | 58 | 0.01 | | —2.49 |
| **PUNJAB—** | | | | | | |
| Multan | 92 | 61.2 | 22 | 0.11 | | —1 29 |
| Rawalpindi | 87 | 56 | 4 | 65 | 3 | 24 | —1.61 |
| Lahore | 87 | 58 | 0 | 52 | 1 | 33 | —1 07 |
| Dhasa | 90 | 54 | 0 | 35 | 1 | 18 | —0 98 |
| Amritsar | 89 | 51 | 0 | 58 | 1 | 18 | —0 69 |
| Delhi | 91 | 54 | 1 | 39 | 3 | 26 | —0.56 |
| **UNITED PROVINCES—** | | | | | | |
| Agra | 88 | 56 | 4 | 56 | | 2.51 | +0.71 |
| Mainpuri | 90 | 55 | 2 | 45 | | 2.04 | —0 13 |
| Cawnpur | 89 | 54 | 0 | 28 | | 0 | +0 58 |
| Allahabad | 90 | 54 | 7 | 42 | | 0.22 | +0 90 |
| **RUPUTANA—** | | | | | | |
| Jacobabad | 94 | 62 | 1 | 27 | | 0.41 | —0 73 |
| Karachi | 93 | 68 | 0 | 25 | | 0.66 | —0.31 |
| Ajmer | 81 | 50 | 2 | 9 | | 0 | —0.94 |
| Jaipur | 85 | 56 | 4 | 36 | | 0 | —0.35 |
| Kotah | 77 | 57 | 8 | 28 | | 0 | —0 49 |
| Mount Abu | 66 | 46 | 9 | 35 | | 0 | —0.89 |
| **GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA—** | | | | | | 0.27 | |
| West— | | | | | | | |
| Bhuj | 88 | 57 | 9 | 55 | | 0 | —2 40 |
| Deesa | 97 | 60 | 4 | 28 | | 0 | —2 27 |
| Veraval | 100 | 64 | 3 | 12 | | 0.88 | —0.23 |
| Rajkot | 100 | 64 | 9 | 18 | | 0.07 | —0.28 |
| Bhavnagar Pass. | 101 | 68 | 0 | 31 | | 1.19 | —0 45 |
| Surat | 92 | 61 | 7 | 25 | | 0.89 | —0.67 |
| Ahmedabad | 93 | 61 | 7 | 26 | | 0.89 | —0 48 |
| Deesa | 89 | 61 | 3 | 20 | | 0.46 | —1 84 |
| Neemuch | 92 | 61 | 6 | 15 | | 0.10 | —1 82 |
| Indore | 93 | 56 | 9 | 29 | | 0.06 | —0.81 |
| **CENTRAL PROVINCES—** | | | | | | | |
| Jubbulpore | 98 | 62 | 7 | 25 | | 0 39 | —0.68 |
| Saugor | 100 | 65 | 2 | 48 | | 0.06 | —1.56 |
| Hoshangabad | 97 | 66 | 9 | 40 | | 2.30 | —1.70 |
| Khandwa | 94 | 59 | 9 | 37 | | 0 | —1.78 |
| Akola | 95 | 58 | 0 | 78 | | 0 | —0 62 |
| Amraoti | 91 | 62 | 7 | 21 | | 0.16 | —0 94 |
| Nagpur | 88 | 65 | 3 | 26 | | 0 | —1.02 |
| Chanda | 85 | 66 | 9 | 16 | | 0 | —2.04 |
| Raipur | 86 | 59 | 9 | 19 | | 0.12 | ×1 92 |
| **KONKAN—** | | | | | | | |
| Bombay | 86 | 75 | 5 | 47 | | 0 | —1 35 |
| Ratnagiri | 86 | 68 | 4 | 37 | | 0.09 | —1.15 |
| Marmugoa | 85 | 71 | 7 | 51 | | " | —1 48 |
| Karwar | 86 | 72 | 3 | 53 | | 0 07 | —1.24 |
| **DECCAN AND SOUTH MAHRATTA COUNTRY AND SOUTH INDIA—** | | | | | | | |
| Hyderabad | | | | | | 0 | —1.89 |
| Malegaon | 86 | 74 | 1 | 10 | | 0.48 | —1.24 |
| Ahmednagar | 94 | 67 | 0 | 21 | | 0.01 | —0.37 |
| Poona | 90 | 65 | 2 | 18 | | 0 77 | —1 44 |
| Sholapur | 86 | 68 | 1 | 72 | | 8.6 | —2.32 |
| Miraj | 88 | 66 | 0 | 33 | | 10.26 | —2.23 |
| Belgaum | 86 | 63 | 8 | 56 | | 37.65 | —6.23 |
| Kurnaswad | 90 | 65 | 5 | 31 | | 1.72 | —2.09 |
| Dharwar (Indian) | 88 | 69 | 3 | 31 | | 0 38 | —0 97 |
| Hyderabad | 89 | 62 | 9 | 74 | | | |
| **MADRAS (EXCLUDING MADARASBAND STORE)—** | | | | | | | |
| Mangalore | 89 | 73 | 5 | 33 | | 3.10 | +1.96 |
| Calicut | 87 | 68 | 0 | 54 | | 35.97 | +1 81 |
| Cochin | 88 | 74 | 2 | 74 | | 3.80 | +15.16 |
| Colombo | 83 | 70 | 7 | 95 | | 11.36 | —0.01 |
| **MADRAS (INCLUDING MADARASBAND STORE)—** | | | | | | | |
| Vanlingam | 86 | 73 | 1 | 69 | | 27 61 | —5 87 |
| Bellary | 87 | 68 | 4 | 68 | | 60.40 | —19.68 |
| Guddapah | 90 | 64 | 2 | 68 | | | +36.45 |
| Madras | 91 | 69 | 2 | | | | |
| Bangalore | 85 | 67 | 2 | | | | |
| Coimbore | | | 68 | 8 | | | |
| Trichinopoly | | | 76 | 2 | | | |
| Negapatam | | | 84 | 5 | | | |

FRESH STOCK
Received of Primus and Optimus Stoves Dr. Mallick's Patent Ie-Mic cookers, Criterion and Enamelled 1, 2, 3, 4 wick Stoves, Electric Stoves and Irons. Repairs of all kinds of Stoves and Lamps undertaken.
D. D. Postwalla & Co.
275, Hornby Road, FORT.

## SHIPPING.

### ARRIVALS

Feb. 26.
S S. Mantua Sweney, London.
S S City of Exeter, Rae, Glasgow.

### DEPARTURES.

Feb. 26.
S S Varela, Commack, Busreh.
S S Bankura, Brabham Busreh.
S S Kasado Maru Marata, obe etc.
S S Mundra, Irwin, Colombo (for order).
S S Itaura, Johnson Calcutta.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances on Saturday:
S S Cooyanna, Hatchard, Busreh.
S S Neuralia, Addenbrook Antwerp etc.
S S Wissenfels, Cammaron Genoa.

S S Mantua:—The P and O S N Company's English mail steamer Mantua, 8886 tons, Captain W.T Sweny, arrived in harbour on Saturday from London etc, with the outward mails of the 11th inst. a general cargo and 264 passengers.

S S City of Exeter:—The City Line steamer City of Exeter, 6022 tons, Captain Sir J R Rae; arrived in harbour on Saturday from Glasgow, with a general cargo and 277 passengers.

S S Varela:—The B I S N Company's steamer Varela, 1931 tons, Captain F. R. Cammack, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Busreh with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Bankura:—The B I S N Company's steamer Bankura, 1905 tons, Captain H A Brabham, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Buereh etc with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Kasado Maru:—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's steamer Kasado Maru, 3926 tons; Captain W Muira, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Kobe etc., with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Mundra:—The B I S N Company's steamers Mundra, 4460 tons Captain G Irwin, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Colombo (for order), with ballast.

S S Itaura: The B I S N Company's Itanra, 3362 tons, Captain W Johnson sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Neuralia:—The B I S N Company's steamer Neuralia 3855 tons, Captain J. H. Addenbrook will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Antwerp etc., with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Wissenfels:—The steamer Wissenfels, 2437 tons, Captain D Cammaron; will sail today from Bombay harbour for Genoa, with a general cargo.

S S Cooyanna:—The B I S N Company's steamer Cooyanna, 2495 tons. Captain F. Hatchard will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Busreh, with a general cargo.

### EXPORT

Feb. 26.
S S Castalia for Liverpool:—40 bales wool, Forbes F Campbell and Co.
S S Castalia for Marseilles:—20 bales cot ton Ralli Bros.
S S Nuralia for Antwerp:—710 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
S S Vechtdijk for Hamburg:—300 bales cot ton, Gosho K Kaisha; 500 cwt Ajcowanseed Volkart Bros.
S S Cracovia for Trieste:—300 bales cot ton Gosho Kaisha; 239 bales cotton, Volkert Bros.; 112 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
S S Cracovia for Venice:—650 bales cotton Ralli Bros.
S S Hatumura for Ramburg:—280 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
S S Bieldfeld for Kobe:—300 bales cotton Toyo M Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.
S S Bieldfeld for Yokoschi: 200 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha.
S S Bieldfeld for Shanghai:—15 cases butter, N J Pocha; 90 bales cotton, N M K Kaisha.
S S Kowschi Maru for Kobe:—1000 bales cotton, N M K Kaisha.
S S Kawachi Maru for Yakohama:—500 bales cotton, N W K Kaisha; 300 bales cot ton, Yokahama K. Kaisha.
S S Kawachi Maru for Yokoschi:—100 bales cotton, Yokohama K Kaisha.
S S Kawachi Maru for Shanghai:—450 bales cotton, Yakohama K Kaisha; 1000 bags cotton, Hirji Nensey
S S Kawachi Maru for Osaka:—200 bales cotton Yakohama K Kaisha.

### IMPORT

Feb. 26.
S S Umta from Rangoon. Agents B I. S N Co.: 39028 bags rice, 490 casks subg oil, 60 bags white beans; 441 bags gawary 76 bags chola, 97 cases cutch.
S S Clan Robertson from Lourenzo Marques Agents:—Turner Morrison and Co.:—6308 tons coal.
S S Varela from Basra. Agents B I S N Co.:—One bdle specie, one box specie, one box specie; one bdle carpet.
S S Cooyans from Persian Gulf. Agents B. I. S. N Co:—100 bdles date skin, 58 bags galls, 18 bags quinnine seed; 62 bags almond.
S S Nirwana from Rangoon. Agents B. I. S N Co:—122051 bags rice; 732 bags moong, 383 bags poilan; 499 bags chola; 904 bars pig lead; 118 cases butter 1559 bags jawari; 1325 beans.

B·S·A
COASTER HUB
CYCLING PLEASURE
is enhanced by the confidence of complete control given by a B.S.A. Coaster Hub. The B.S.A. Hub embodies a certain and powerful brake, with an easy running Freewheel.
Ask your local Cycle Agent for particulars.
B.S.A. CYCLES LIMITED,
Proprietors: The Birmingham Small Arms Company Limited.
BIRMINGHAM - ENGLAND.

PETROL
"Barnet Glass," Motor Tyres and Tubes, Lamps, Horns, Chamois Leather, Hood Cloth, etc. etc.
Can be had from H. A. KADIR & Co. Kapol Nivas, Sandhurst Road, BOMBAY 4.
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He's Happy!

AS your baby grows happily from month to month he needs a changing food to keep him strong and contented. THE 'ALLENBURYS' FOODS contain graduated proportions of the elements essential to your baby's brain and body development.

The 'Allenburys' Foods

MILK FOOD No. 1 - From birth to 3 months
MILK FOOD No. 2 - From 3 to 6 months
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Special representative for India.
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The most enjoyable blancmanges

sponges, jellies, and other dinner sweets are those made with Brown and Polson's "Patent" Corn Flour.

One of the oldest rules of the firm is that the greatest degree of purity and the highest standard of quality must be maintained at all costs.

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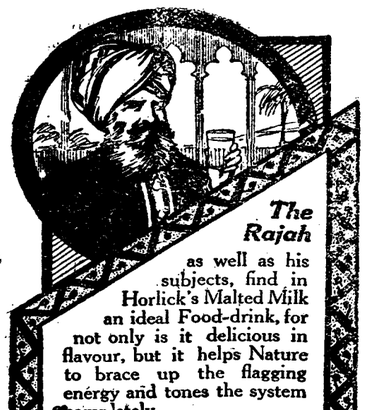

*The Rajah*

as well as his subjects, find in Horlick's Malted Milk an ideal Food-drink, for not only is it delicious in flavour, but it helps Nature to brace up the flagging energy and tones the system completely.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

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Bank Cables apply COUTTS & Co., P.O. Box 240, Hornby Row, Bombay.


# COMMERCIAL.

## CABLE QUOTATIONS.

### COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

Liverpool, Feb. 26th.

To-day's prices.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Total Days Sales at Liverpool | 3,000 |
| " " Sales on Spec. & for Exp. | — |
| " " Sales of East Indians | 600 |
| " " Imports | — |
| Mid American Spot Slow | 8.33 |
| Egyptian F.G.F. Sakels | 14.50 |
| New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time — May | 12 61 |
| — July | 13.17 |
| — Mar. | 13.62 |
| New Orleans 10 a.m. — July | 12.43 |
| — Mar. | 13.25 |

London, 23rd, February 1921

| | |
|---|---|
| Rentes 3% .. | 613/16 |
| Bar Silver Spot | 6 1/2 |
| " 2 months hence | 7 1/8 |

Closing Tone of Silver:—Indian and American Silver Dull.

Account, Bank of England rate amount paid into the Bank of England about £ since 15th April 1920.

| | |
|---|---|
| Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st | 7 1/2 |
| " Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st | 5 3/4 |
| " Fine Trade Bills 3 months | 5 1/2 |
| " " " " 6 " | — |
| Bar Gold (per oz.) | — |
| Interest day to day loans | — |
| " 7 day market loans | — |

### AMERICAN MARKETS.

Cotton.— New York Feb. 24th.

To-day's prices.

| | |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipt at all U. S. Ports | 11,000 |
| " Exports to Great Britain | nil |
| " " to Continent | 1,000 |
| Futures at New York Mar. | 12 27 |
| Futures at New York May | 12.77 |
| " July | 13.24 |
| Spot Cotton at New York | 12.55 |
| " " Orleans | 12.25 |
| Future at New Orleans Mar. | 12.04 |
| " July | 12.74 |
| Fair Rio Coffee No. 7 quality) | 6 5/8 |
| Demand Bills | 385.12 |
| Silver Commercial Bars U. S. mined | 99 1/2 |
| " " Foreign | 56— |

### OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Feb. 26th.

| Months | To-days Prices |
|---|---|
| Feb | — |
| Mar | 7 92 |
| Apl | — |
| May | 8 22 |
| Jun | — |
| July | 8/46 |
| Aug | 8/54 |
| Sep | — |
| Oct | 8/65 |
| Nov | — |
| Dec | — |
| Jan | — |

### ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Feb. 24th.

| | |
|---|---|
| M.G. Bengal, Good | 4.35 |
| " " Fully Good | 4.85 |
| " " Fine | 5.10 |
| No. 1 Oomra, Good | 5.85 |
| " " Fully Good | 6.35 |
| " " Fine | 6.60 |
| Broach, Good | 7.15 |
| " Fully Good | 7.40 |
| " Fine | 7.75 |
| Setnds, Good | 4.23 |
| " Fully Good | 4.72 |
| " Fine | 4.88 |

### EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, 24th Feb.

| Months. | To-day's price. |
|---|---|
| Feb. | 11/45 |
| Mar. | 11/15 |
| April | 11/30 |
| May | 11/40 |
| June | 11/60 |
| July | 11/80 |
| Aug. | 11/80 |
| Sep. | 12/05 |
| Oct. | 12/30 |
| Nov | 12/55 |

### CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool 24th Feb. 1921

| Months. | To-day's prices. |
|---|---|
| Feb. | 7.53 |
| Mar. | 7.58 |
| Apl. | 7.70 |
| May | 7.92 |
| June | 8.00 |
| July | 8.18 |
| Aug. | 8.26 |
| Sep. | 8.34 |
| Oct. | 8.40 |
| Nov. | 8.43 |
| Dec. | 8.46 |
| Jan. | 8.49 |

Tone :—Quiet

### METALS.

London, Feb. 23rd. 1921

| | |
|---|---|
| English best Selected Copper | £73 |
| Standard Copper G. M. B. | £73 |
| Copper Braziers | £120 |
| Yellow Metal | £11 |
| Hard Spelter | £21 1/2 |
| Corrugated Sheets | £31 |

### EXCHANGE.

London, Feb. 23rd. 1921

On London at Paris — France — 53.67

### WAR LOANS.

London, Feb. 23rd.

| | |
|---|---|
| Funding Loans 4% 1960/90 | £7 |
| Victory Bonds 4% | £85 |
| War Loans 5% 1929/47 | £46 5/16 |
| Consols 2½% | £34 — |
| Bupee Paper 3½% | £56 1/2 |
| Indian Stock—3½% Sterling Loans | £48 1/4 |
| Government Securities 3% | — — — |

### RUBBER.

London, Feb. 23rd.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Mar.-April 11 1/2

Tone.—

Plantation First Latex Crepe Feb. Paid 1/1 3/4

Tone :—Quieter.

### SEEDS.

London, Feb. 23rd.

Rapeseed, Ferosepore Real Bold Feb. Mar. Sellers £17 3/4

Rapeseed Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship Feb.-Mar. Nominal £16

Tone of Rapeseed :—

Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Feb. Mar. slaw favouring buyers £19 3/4

Tone of Linseed :—

Linseed, Argentine (La Plata) Feb. Mar, Paid Quiet and easier £16/2

Cottonseed, Bombay (sound delivered per ton) Feb. Mar. £ 9

Toria Rapeseed :— Feb, Mar, Sellers £18 3/4 And 18 1/2 Mar, April.

### WHEAT.

London, Feb, 23rd.

| | |
|---|---|
| Karachi Barley Afloat sellers | — |
| Argentine Afloat sellers | — |
| Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs, C. I. F. Afloat Sellers. | 87 |

Wheat afloat to U. K: 1,460,000 Qrs.

### SHARES.

London, Feb, 23rd.

| | |
|---|---|
| Chartered Bank | £14 1/2 |
| Hongkong Bank | £101 |
| National Bank | £38 |

### JAVA SUGAR.

London, Feb, 23rd.

| | |
|---|---|
| Fine White Java G. & F. Calcutta Feb. Mar. Paid | 42 |
| Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay Feb. Mar, value | 43/6 |
| Fine White Java, C. & F. Karachi Feb. Mar, value | 43/9 |

Tone :—Better Indian demand made rate businesses.

London, 23rd February 1921

### BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW.

| | |
|---|---|
| Finest Australians Beef Tallow | 51/- |
| " " Mutton " | 43.6 |

### AMERICAN MARKET.

New York, Feb, 23rd.

| | |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports | 28,000 |
| " Exports to Great Britain | 2.000 |
| " " to Continent | 4.000 |
| Futures at New York Mar. | 12.84 |
| Futures at New York May | 13.46 |
| Futures at New York July | 13 90 |
| Spot Cotton at New York | 13.20 |
| Spot Cotton at New Orleans | — |
| Tone of Spot Cotton :— | |
| Futures at New Orleans Mar. | 12.65 |
| " " July | 12.69 |
| Fair Rai Coffee (No. 7 quality) | 13/51 |
| Demand Bills | 6 5/8 |
| Silver Commercial Bars U. S. Mined | 3.87.75 |
| " " Foreign | 57 1/2 |
| | Nil. |

### CLOSING PRICES

London, 25th February 1921,

| | |
|---|---|
| Telegraphic Transfers— | 1/3 1/2 Unset. |
| Ban Silver Spot | 31 3/8 Dull |
| Ban Gold | 106/4 Quiet |

New York, 25th Feb.

To-day's Prices,

| | |
|---|---|
| March | 11 90 |
| May | 12 35 |
| July | 12 85 |

Liverpool, 25th February 1921

| | |
|---|---|
| March | 7 33 |
| May | 7 64 |
| July | 7 90 |
| October | 8 12 |

### EXCHANGE.

London, 23rd. February 1921.

| | |
|---|---|
| On London at Paris | 53 67 |
| " Italy | 10.625 |
| " Germany | 23,550 |
| Bank Bills 3 m/s | 6 13/16 |
| Indian Bank Bills 6 m/s | 6 1/2 |
| Fine Trade Bills 3 m/s | 7 1/8 |
| " " " 6 m/s | 7 1/2 |
| Rentes 5 per cent | 44 1/2 |

New York, 23rd February 1921

| | |
|---|---|
| Demands Bills | 387,75 |

Liverpool, 23rd February 1921.

| | |
|---|---|
| Mid American | 846 |
| Egyptian F G F Sakelliridis | 1506 |

London, 23rd Feb. 1921.

| | |
|---|---|
| Tin Block | 166 |
| Linseed Calcutta Feb, Mar In buyers' favor | 18 3/4 |

### SUGARS

| | |
|---|---|
| Fine White Java C & F Calcutta 42 Feb.-Mar. business done | — |
| Do C & F Bombay Feb.-Mar. value | 43/6 |
| Do C & F Karachi do | 43/9 |

Better Indian Demand, Moderate Business

London, 23rd February 1921

### EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES MIDDLE QUOTATIONS

| | |
|---|---|
| Stockholm | 17 34 |
| Christiania | 22 08 |
| Copenhagen | 21 28 |
| Melsingfors | 126 1/2 |
| Amsterdam | 11 35 |
| Switzerland | 23 48 |
| Paris | 53 58 |
| Belgium | 51 35 |
| Italy | 106 1/8 |
| Madrid | 27 85 |
| Portugal | unquoted |
| Petrograd | do, |
| Germany | 234 50 |
| Austria | 17 38 |
| Bucharest | 293 |
| Warsaw, Bulgaria, Athens, Prague | others unquoted |

## BOMBAY MARKET.

### COTTON.

(From our Representative.)

BOMBAY, Feb. 28.

The Marwari Bazar opened easy this morning for Fully Good M. G. Broach at Rs. 291 in consequence of lower advices from Home markets, and steadily advanced till Rs. 296½. It then declined to Rs. 293, which was the rate at 3 p.m. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 391½. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 291½ and closed at Rs. 292½.

Our market for ready cotton opens to-day with an easier feeling in sympathy with a further decline of 36 points in New York futures, with prices quoting about Rs. 5 lower than yesterday. About Rs. 2,000 of new and old cotton are reported to have changed hands yesterday.

### CLOSING QUOTATIONS 5 30 P. M.

| | | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Fully Good Broach | April-May | 292 1/2 |
| Fully Good Bengal | March | 193 |
| " | May | 204 |
| Fine Oomra | March | 226 |
| " | May | 243 |

### RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc, for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 25th February 1921.

| | Rs. | |
|---|---|---|
| Cotton | 21,039 | Bales |
| Wheat | 48,02 | Owts. |
| Linseed | Nil. | " |
| Rapeseed | nil. | " |
| Gingellyseed | 381 | " |
| Poppyseed | 235 | " |
| Groundnuts | 1148 | " |
| Castorseed | 1045 | " |
| Rice | 176,342 | " |
| Myrabollams | 2618 | " |
| Cottonseed | 19,657 | " |
| Mowraseed | Nil | " |
| Gram | 1503 | " |
| Juwar | 1811 | " |
| Masur | Nil | " |
| Barley | 352 | " |
| Bajra | 2203 | " |
| Coal | 1345 | Tons |

## BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Feb. 26th 1921,

| | Market Rates. |
|---|---|
| Bank Telegraphic | 1-3 1/4 |
| Bank Demand | 1-3 5/16 |
| Doc. Acceptance 3m/s | 1-4-0 |
| Fcs, Demand | 335 |
| American Dollars | 415 |
| Hongkong Dollars | 195 |
| Shanghai | 264 |
| Japan | 195 |
| Singapore | 180 1/2 |

Market :—Firm.

## THE METAL MERCHANTS Co.

Issued rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations,

Feb. 26th 1921.

| | per mds. | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|
| Brass | 3/4 | 80 0 0 |
| Do. | 1 | 83 0 0 |
| Do. | 1½ | 80 0 0 |
| Do. | 1 1/2 | 80 0 0 |
| Do. | 1½ | 80 0 0 |
| Do. | 2 | 80 0 0 |

### COPPER RATE.

Feb, 26th 1921

| | Per Mds. | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|
| Copper | 3/4 | 77 0 0 |
| Do. | 1/ | 82 8 0 |
| Do. | 1¼ | 83 0 0 |
| Do. | 1 1/2 | 85 0 0 |
| Do. | 1¾ | 84 0 0 |
| Do. | 2/ | 82 0 0 |
| Japanese Copper Bars | | 25 0 0 |
| Panch teka Joint | | 81 0 0 |
| Copper English Barrs | | 34 0 0 |
| Brass-Barrs | | 62 0 0 |
| Lead | | |

## WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay wheat and Seeds daily Quotations Bazaar Rates

February, 26th 1921.

| Ready | Bazaar Terms Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat, White Delhi 70 30 | 61 | 0 | 0 |
| Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30 | 60 | 0 | 0 |
| Wheat, Karachi Bangla | 62 | 0 | 0 |
| Rapeseed, Brown Delhi | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Rapeseed Brown Cawnpore | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Linseed, Brown Bold | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Linseed, Brown Thin | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| Teelseed, White 83-15 | 75 | 0 | 0 |
| Teelseed, Gajar 75-25 | 70 | 0 | 0 |
| Teelseed, Gajar 50-50 | 65 | 0 | 0 |
| Teelseed, Black— | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Poppyseed White | 13 | 8 | 0 |
| Groundnuts | 63 | 9 | 0 |
| Mowraseed | 7 | 12 | 0 |
| Barley— | 51 | 0 | 0 |
| Castorseed, | 43 | 0 | 0 |
| Forward | Rs | a | p |
| Wheat May | 8 | 13 | 6 |
| Wheat June-July | | | |
| Wheat Aug, Sept, | | | |
| Wheat Oct, Nov, | | | |
| Linseed May | 14 | 9 | 9 |
| Linseed, Sept | | | |
| Linseed Dec | | | |
| Rapeseed April-May | | | |
| Rapeseed June-July | | | |
| Teelseed Gajar 85 15 | | | |
| Dec, Jan, | | | |
| Teelseed Gajjar 75 25 Dec, Jan. | | | |
| Teelseed Gajar 50 50 | | | |
| Dec. Jan. | | | |
| Wheat Oct. Nov. | | | |
| Linseed Sept. | | | |
| Linseed Dec | | | |

# CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 28TH OF FEBRUARY, 1921.

## BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

**CHAMBER MATTERS FOR DISPOSAL**

**(IN CHAMBERS.)**

**AT 11-30 A. M.**

T and I J Suit No. 14-20—Re Dorabji Cursetji Shroff, Ard H D and Co, Nusserwanji Pestonji Shroff and ors v Dadabhoy Pestonji Shroff and anr, Mer K and Co.

T and I J Suit No. 2-21—Re Dorabji Cursetji Shroff deceased, Mer K and Co, Dadabhoy Pestonji Shroff and anr v Nusserwanji Pestonji Shroff and ors Ard H D and Co.

**SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL**

**LONG CAUSES.**

2389-19—Mehta L and Co, Ismail Mahomed & Sons a firm v Chapsey Dossa a firm, Bhai K and G, Part heard.

2191-19—Dastur and Co, Girdharlal Damodherdas a firm v Fazal Peermahomed, Capt and V, Part heard 22-2-21.

2499-19—Patell and Eze, Uderam Premsukhdas a firm v Harnandrai Baijnath a firm, Matu J and M.

1831-19—Amin and Desai, Vakatchand Dayabhai a firm v H S M Kazrani and Sons, Little and Co.

1899-19—Mulla and M, Madhadvas Govindji v Thakar Hunsraj Purshottam, Purshottamrai and Co.

1963-19—Payne and Co, Vrajlal Goolabdas a firm v Wadilal Purshottam a firm, N C Dalal and Co.

8-20—Payne and Co, Ismail A H Moosa v Messrs Grass and Co a firm.

2324-19—Payne and Co, E E Elisha Sassoon v T M Mehta and Co a firm, Mulla & Mulla.

1826-19—Amar and Man, Narandas Dwarkadas a firm v Chimanlal Motilal, Pandia and Co.

2584-19—Capt and V, Sallebhai Tyabji and Sons a firm v J A Grant and Co a firm, N C Dalal and Co.

2592-19—Mehta L and Co, Jafferji Thaverbhai v Moloo Jamal, Sabnis and G.

968-19—Pandia and Co, Sadashiv Mahadeo Divekar v Mansaram Bhicoo Patel, Manilal and K.

2456-19—Soonderdas and Co, Ezekiel Ezra Elisha Sassoon v Kadoori Ezekiel Ebrahim, Payne and Co.

2494-19—Dikshit M and Co, Ratilal Chimanlal Munshi v Motilal Parbhudas, Capt and V.

2629-19—Soonderdas and Co, Jamnadas Runchordas v Jamnadas Soonderdas a firm, Sham M and H.

S C Cf 985/14414-19—Dikshit M and Co, Cooverji Velji and ors v Jaishanker Jagadishwar and ors, Ard H D and Co.

2317-19—Craigie B and C, L and F Barraclough and Co Ltd v Motilal Mirsamal and anr, Edg G W and Co.

810-19—Bhai K and G, Cawasji Framji and Co firm v Ratansey Ludha a firm, Moti and Devi, Bhai K and G.

2096-19—Jam R and D, Kawasji Temulji a firm v Panachand Fulchand a firm, Soonderdas and Co.

2362-19—Judah and Solomon, Shankar Sayaji Hongooras v Ambadas Waman Sanvas, Daph F and D.

2467-19—Purnanand and Club, Keshavlal Chhotalal a firm v Somchand Uttamchand, Bhai K and Gir

2764-19—Mulji and Tha, J Machuras v B Stalla and Co a firm, Little and Co.

1949-19—Amar and Mang, Madhavji Callianji Bhat v Bhogilal Ramchodas a firm, Khandwalla and Co.

2193-19—Judah and Sol, Gunaji Dhanduji Gate v Bai Shantabai widow and anr, Manilal and Kher.

## BEFORE THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE PRATT.

In the Division Court No. 49.

**SUMMARY SUITS FOR DISPOSAL IN CHAMBERS**

**AT 12-30 P. M.**

429-21—Amin and D, Gosuldas Premji Ukerda and Co v Odhavji Dhanjibhoy Engineer.

3142-20—Moti and Devi, Bai Havabai v Devichand Hemraj and anr.

3416-20—Shroff and V, Damma Fatta and Co v Edulji Nusserwanji Mistry.


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*BOMBAY.*

# BOMBAY RACING SEASON.

## 12TH EXTRA MEETING.

### DARTMOOR WINS THE ROYAL CONNAUGHT CUP.

### ROUBAIX & POIGNANT DEAD-HEAT FOR THE RAJPIPLA GOLD CUP.

The twelfth extra meeting of the Bombay racing season is destined to remain a memorable day to the racing public of Bombay. The day was graced by the presence of His Royal Highness, the Duke of Connaught, who drove to the race course in state accompanied by their Excellencies Sir George and Lady Lloyd. Punctually at the announced time, the brilliant body guard of His Excellency the Governor was sighted and entered the racing course near the 2nd furlong post. The cortege came up smartly and was greated by repeated cheering. His Royal Highness and their Excellencies alighted in front of the members' stand where the officials of the Turf Club and other notables received them. His Excellency the Governor introduced the Stewards and other functionaries present to His Royal Highness after which he was conducted to his state box. His Royal Highness who was dressed in a grey morning suit, and grey top hat appeared well and also pleased at the reception accorded him. He took great interest in the proceedings and was loudly cheered by the public each time he was seen and especially when after the seventh race he stepped into the paddock to present the two beautiful cups to the lucky recipients. The beautiful gold cup which was exquisitely designed was presented by H. H. the Maharajah of Rajpipla. As Rouboix and Poigant dead heated, the stakes were divided and they tossed up for the Cup which Mr. Mathuradass was fortunate in winning, but we understand that the W. I. T. C. will present a replica to Mr. Langley the owner of Poignant. The Royal Connaught Cup, which was also one of the finest Cups seen here, was presented to the Uvarajah of Kolhapur, the owner of Dartmoor. H. R. H. shook-hands with Messrs. Mathuradass and Langley, the trainers Robinson and Fletcher and also jockeys Huxley and Barnett and complimented them. The Duke after this congratulated the Uvarajah of Kolhapur and his trainer and jockey. It so happened that Brown who on Saturday won the coveted trophy, presented by H. R. H. had also won the cup presented by H. R. H. at the Madras races lately. H. R. H. was interested on hearing this and did not fail to particularly commend Brown for his horsemanship.

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The crowd was enormous. Hundreds of new faces were seen for the first time at the races yesterday. The number of Parsi ladies was particularly noticeable. All the stands presented an animated and picturesque scene. Every space was occupied and it was with difficulty that one could find accommodation on the stands. Fortunately the weather was cool. A gentle breeze blew all the time and the Royal Standard that was flown over the members stand unfurled itself to full advantage and was particularly conspicuous H. R. H. and their Excellencies left before the last race and had a hearty send-off by the enthusiastic crowds.

---

Such crowd has never been seen before at the races in Bombay. One can imagine what anxious time the police had with the traffic which was simply unmanageable before as well as after the races. The police must have realized that their method of packing motor cars and carriages in the space reserved for the purpose is altogether chaotic. All sorts of conveyances are parked together at random with the result that after the races it is a real trial before one can get out. Motor cars, victorias, bicycles, motor cycles, etc., all try to get out at once and it is hopeless to describe the confusion that ensues. A special providence indeed protects the sportsmen on such occasions. The police seems particularly helpless in the circle. Carriages and motor cars come from Ripon Road and Arthur Road and must go through Clerk Road to get to the race course. The trams that are always in the way, carts especially hay carts, unruly and impatient victorias five and six abreast motor cars all trying to go first and caring naught for the few policemen who are placed there to do duty, but who appear perfectly helpless before the confusion that reigns there; all this shows that the traffic on race days and especially on such a day as yesterday, is altogether unmanageable by the police. Every one had a hard time of it yesterday and most of us were thankful that we managed to reach home safe.

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The two most important events of the day were the mile race for the Rajpipla Gold Cup in which twenty-one horses started and the Royal Connaught Cup for Arabs in which twenty-three started. Roubaix and Paignant dead heated for the Rajpipla Cup amid deafening cheers and considerable excitement and Dartmoor, Brown up, won the Royal Connaught Cup in great style. The Melton Plate was also ran yesterday and was won by Mikado. The other events of the day were the two divisions of the Gosforth Park Plate, the first of which was won by Gold Reef, Ruiz up, and the 2nd Division resulted in a dead heat between Elyra and Simon Grab and also a dead heat for second place between My Patsey and Kalooloh. The St. Patrick's Handicap was won by Galway Gate under the welter weight of 10-12, Quite Dark won the Leopardstown Plate, Bowley rode a fine race on this horse and the last race of the day was annexed by Crushed Glass, Brown up, who won with great judgment.

THE MELTON PLATE.—Distance 6 fur. 41 yds.
Winner Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 750. Terms Arab Ponies Newly landed.
Mr. M. Goculdass' MIKADO. 9/0, Huxley 1
Mr. Jarulla bin Talib's KOOLEB. 8/2, Harrison ..... 2
Mr. M. H. Sharabally's TRAFALGAR, 9/0, Brown ..... 3
Mr. Elia Abdoolnoor's Firjah 8/6, Easton 4
Did not run:—Faris.
Also Ran:—Limerick 9/0. Monarch 9/0, Vulcan 9/0, Eagle 8/6, Tartar 9/0, Rainfall 9/0, Hoomayun 8/10, Romeo 8/10, Aflatoon 8/2, Mooreed 8/2, Musoor 7/12, Vagrant 7/8, Faisal 7/8.
The Race.—It was not a very good start Mikado suffered in consequence and when they moved off Kooleb, led from Mooreed and Trafalgar these three came round the turn pursued by Firjah, Mikado was then improving his position and when the field turned for home he was lying third, Kooleb looked a winner near the stands but Mikado well-handled won comfortably by 3/4 length, 1½ lengths, 2 lengths.
Time:—1min. 25 3/5 secs.
Favourite Mikado.
1st Tote paid Rs. 13-8 for win and Rs. 11-8, 13-8 and 33 for places.
2nd Tote paid Rs. 7 for win and Rs. 6-8, 7-8 and Rs. 17-8 for places.
Trainer:—A. Hoyt.

THE GOSFORTH PARK PLATE (Division I.).—Distance 7 fur. 65 yds.
Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; third Rs. 500. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 3rd Division.
Mr. T. M. Thaddeus' GOLD REEF, 8/12, Ruiz ..... 1
Mr. K. S. Captain's SUGAREY SAM, 8/8, Barden ..... 2
Mr. Vernon's OREGON PINE, 8/13, Lambert ..... 3
Mr. R. R. S's Archer, 9/8, Brown ..... 4
Did not run:—Summer's Joy, Maiden Palm.
Also Ran:—Heir-at-Law 8/13, King's Own 8/9, Ragazzo 7/10, Lucky Queen 8/7, Roi Grison 8/6, Rock Ferry 8/3, White Poppy 7/13, Trezideila 7/12, Mim 7/9, Another Night 7/6, Final Proof 7/6, Troop Leader 7/2.
The Race.—Sugarey Sam, Roi Grison, and Oregon Pine jumped out in company and made the place from Archer and Gold Reef, Roi Grison retired at the 3rd furlong, Sugarey Sam kept in front and was attended by Gold Reef, the latter passed the leader at the 2nd furlong and coming first into the straight won convincingly from Sugarey Sam and Oregon Pine, Archer placed fourth close behind. Won by 3/4 length, head, head.
Time:—1min. 32 2/5 secs.
Favourite Roi Grison.
1st Tote paid Rs. 63 for win Rs. 22, 214-8 and 43-8 for places.
2nd Tote paid Rs. 40-8 for win and Rs. 12, 74 and 24 for places.
Trainer:—T. Ferguson (Snr.).

THE GOSFORTH PARK PLATE (Division II.).—Distance 7 fur. 65 yds.
Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; third Rs. 500. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 3rd Division.
Mr. Sangidas Jesiram's SIMON GRAB, 8/10, Stokes ..... 1†
Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Atkinson's ELYRA, 8/5, Townsend ..... 1†
Mr. Heath's KALOOLAH, 7/13, Donnelly 2†
Mr. M. P. Patel's MY PATSEY, 7/9, Harrison ..... 2†
†Dead heat.
Did not run:—Whit Week, Gavrelle, Nerissa, Zea, White Bell, White Simon, Look Out.
Also Ran:—Like Magic 9/8. Beggar Prince 9/5, St. Agnes Eve 9/0, Japanese Pine 9/0, Allensmore 8/7, Tourney 8/4, Footman 7/13, Oxeroft 7/4.
The Race.—Allensmore shot out of the barrier and made the pace hot, he succeeded in scattering the field and was 6 lengths ahead of the nearest horse, who was St. Agne's Eve and Simon Grab, after passing the 2nd furlong post the leader began to drop back and was passed in the straight by Simon Grab and Elyra, who failed to be separated on the post, My Pastey and Kaloolah also made a dead heat for 3rd place, dead heat, 1 length dead heat.
Time:—1min. 32 1/5 secs.
Favourite:—Simon Grab.
1st Tote paid Rs. 23-8 win for Simon Grab Rs. 58 win for Elyra, Rs. 19 for Simon Grab and Rs. 26 for Elyra and Rs. 22 for Kaloolah Rs. 18 My Patsey for places.
2nd Tote paid Rs. 12 win for Simon Grab, Rs. 20 win for Elyra and Rs. 10 for Simon Grab and Rs. 13-8 for Elyra for places; Kaloolah and Rs. 8-8 My Pastey Rs. 10 for places.
Trainers:—W. Mumford and T. White.

ST. PATRICK'S HANDICAP.—Distance 5 fur. (straight).
Winner Rs. 5,000; second Rs. 1,500; third Rs. 1,000. Handicap for Horses 4 years old only.
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's GALWAY GATE, 10/12, Ruiz ..... 1
Mr. Bishan Narayan Bhargava's LACE, 7/0, (cd. 7/3), Townsend ..... 2
Mr. M. Goculdass' CRACKNELL, 7/9, Harrison ..... 3
Mr. Kelso's Huon River, 7/8, Lambert 4
Did not run:—Crenides, Piccolo, Whit Week, Bathurst.
Also Ran:—Viola 9/0, Catchcup 8/1, Warburton 6/9, Agneta 6/8.
The Race.—After one false start they were sent away to a good start when Galway Gate proceeded to the front setting the pace to Lace, Viola, and Huon River, the race was decided between Galway Gate and Lace, who stuck to the leader's girths, Cracknell secured third place. Won by 3/4 length, 1 2 lengths between 3rd and fourth.
Time:—1min. 1/5 sec.
Favourite:—Galway Gate.
1st Tote paid Rs. 19 for win and Rs. 13, 13-8 and 26-8 for places.
2nd Tote paid Rs. 9-8 for win and Rs. 6-8, 7 and 12 for places.
Trainer:—P. J. Firth.

THE RAJPIPLA GOLD CUP.—Distance 1 mile.
Winner a Cup Rs. 2,500 and Rs. 15,000; second Rs. 5,000; third Rs. 3,000. Handicap for Horses I & II Div.
Mr. M. Goculdass' ROUBAIX, 9/12, Huxley ..... 1†
Mr. G. E. D. Langley's POIGNANT, 9/4, Barnett ..... 1†
H. H. the Maharaja of Nawanagar's WESTERN WAVE, 9/4, Bowley .....
Mr. Hasting's Love Glass 7/6, (cd. 7/8), †Dead heat.
Bullock ..... 4
Did not run:—Fitz Clarence, Splendid Spur Senparison, Calder Vale, Cally, Christmas Holiday, Plaxtol, Quite Dark.
Also Ran:—Verge 8/11, Not Much 9/4, Quarryman 9/2, Waynflete 7/13, St. Quin 9/2, Simon's Choice 8/12, Aleli 8/13, Good Health 8/0, Dorania 8/1, Violinist 8/0, Brendan 7/13. On Leave 7/11, Red Quill 7/10, Love Glass 7/6, Ardvreck 7/5, Piccolo 7/2, Enger to 7/0, Pourboire 6/12.
The Race.—After some delay they were dispatched to a good start when Brendan made play to Violinist, Love Glass and Dorannia. They had not proceeded far when W... joined the leaders, Dorannia and Waynflete were abreast at the 2nd furlong post where Poignant and Western Wave drew out to pass the leaders the pair were making bid for victory in the straight where Roubaix made his effort Poignant then looked a winner but Roubaix joined Poignant on the post and failed to be separated. Dead heat 3/4 length, 3/4 length.
Stakes divided.
Time:—1min. 39 1/5 secs.
Favourite:—Roubaix.
1st Tote paid Rs. 18 win for Roubaix and 121 win for Poignant, Rs. 27-8 for Roubaix and Rs. 51-8, Poignant and Rs. 205-8 for Western Wave for places.
2nd Tote paid Rs. 7-8 win for Roubaix, Rs. 97-8 win for Poignant and Rs. 12 for Roubaix, Rs. 28-8 for Poignant and Rs. 79 Western Wave for places.
Trainers:—Robinson and Fletcher.

THE LEOPARDSTOWN PLATE (Division I.).—Distance 6 fur. 41 yds
Winner Rs. 5 000; second Rs. 1,500; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in the 2nd and 3rd Divisions.
Mr. Hillman's QUITE DARK, 8/8, Bowley 1
Mr. S. N. Mahomed's BELVEDERE, 9/10, Huxley ..... 2
Mr. P. H. Gahagan's WHIT WEEK, 7/5, Townsend ..... 3
Mr. Vernon's Fleurbaix, 7/13, Lambert 4
Did not run:—Liberty, Atrocity, Dori, Allensmore, Box O' Tricks.
Also Ran:—Owen Roe 9/9, Fitz Clarence 9/2, Cahir Lass 8/8, Floreal 8/10, Mossley 8/4, Royal Jewel 8/1, Belle Syme 7/13, Glass Rock 7/12, Renette 7/6, Jadoo 6/12.
The Race.—Belle Syme set the pace from the start to Belvedere, Quite Dark, Whit Week and Fleurbaix. They ran in this order till the 2nd furlong post, where Belle Syme dropped out, Belvedere then took up the running and was first into the straight when Quite Dark challenged and defeated the leader decisively by a length. Whit Week placed a head behind Belvedere a head between third and fourth.
Time:—1min. 16 secs
Favourite:—Owen Roe, Whit Week.
1st Tote paid Rs. 49 for win and Rs. 1.. 22 and 20 for places.
2nd Tote paid Rs. 26 for win and Rs. 8, 11-8 and 9-8 for places.
Trainer:—D. Greenhalgh (Jnr.).

THE ROYAL CONNAUGHT CUP.—Distance 1¼ miles.
Winner a Cup Rs. 2,500 and Rs. 15.000; second Rs. 5,000; third Rs. 3,000. A Handicap for Arabs in the 1st and 2nd Divisions.
The Maharaja of Kolhapur s DARTMOOR, 9/5, Brown ..... 1
Mr. Heath's DILAWAR, 8/0, Donnelly ... 2
H. H. Maharaja of Rajpipla's TIPPERARY, 8/2, Morris ..... 3
Mr. Dawoodbhoy Nensey's Cessation, 8/11, Bowley ..... 4
Did not Run:—Waabil, Warminster, Quantity, Nevermind, Glencoe and Amir Aswad.
Also Ran:—Krushan 9/10, Shahzada 8/2, Anaiza 9/3, Red Cross 9/2, Mentor 8/12, Rose Hill 8/1, Trade Mark 8/0, Chieftain 7/11, Khundil 8/11, Mandil 8/10, Ferry Boat 8/5, Union Jack 8/5, Hakum 8/0. Dunbar 7/8, Anxious 7/5, Gold King 7/5, Kitchener 7/5, Fury 7/4, Huntsman 7/2.
The Race:—As soon as the bbarrier rose Krushan showed the way to Dartmoor, Dunbar Hakum and Tipperary, Krushan and Dunbar raced in company as far as the 2nd furlong post when Dunbar retired from the contest, Krushan kept going and followed by Dartmoor was first into the straight where he shot his bolt, Dartmoor then sailed away an easy winner from Dilawar, Tipperary, and Cessation who displaced the leader. Won by 2 lengths, ½ length, ¼ length.
Time:—2min 20 secs.
Favourites:—Krushan Mentor.
1st Tote paid Rs. 114 for win Rs. 42-8, 67-8 18-8 for places.
2nd Tote paid Rs. 40-8 for win and Rs. 16-8, 39-8 and 8-8 for places.
Trainer: Byramjee Rustomjee. s

THE LEOPARDSTOWN PLATE (Division II.).—Distance 6 fur. 41 yds.
Winner Rs. 5,000; second Rs. 1,500; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in the 2nd and 3rd Divisions.
Mr. Kelso's CRUSHED GLASS 9/0, Brown 1
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's SOMALI, 8/4, Bowley ..... 2
Mr M. C. Patel's PINE TREE, 7-13, Harrison ..... 3†
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's Verres, 9/2, Barden 3†
†Dead heat.
Also Ran:—Divide 9/10, Woorali 9/0, Tagamor 8/6, Summer's Joy 7/11, Royal Band 8/4, Cymar 7/12, Dialect 7/10, Mirabelle 7/5, Barto 7/1, Nerissa 7/1, She She 6/13.
The Race.—A very bad start was witnessed Divide dwelt and never followed the field which was headed by Somali, Barto, Pine Tree, Verres, and Crushed Glass. That was the order for the greater part of the journey In the straight Crushed Class challenged Somali and won a beautiful race by 1 length, a head away were the dead heaters, Pine Tree and Verres.
Time:—1 min 15 3/5 secs.
Favourite:—Divide.
1st Tote paid Rs. 79-8 for win and Rs. 41, 110-8 for Somali and Rs. 79-8 for Verres and Rs. 40 for Pine Tree for places.
2nd Tote paid Rs. 60-8 for win and Rs. 22-8, 45-8 for Somali and 13-8 for Pine Tree and Rs. 31-8 for Verres for places.
Trainer:—Byramjee Rustomjee.

## CALCUTTA RACES.

### SEVENTH EXTRA MEETING.

(By Our Special Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 26.

One day more and the present Calcutta racing season will come to an end. But judging from the attendance and entries it seems as if Calcutta people are not yet satisfied. To-day's card consisted of eight events, the majority of which produced close finishes. The downfall of two hot favourites in China Egg and Flying Foe hit backers hard, but all winners were fairly well backed. In the absence of Mr. Wilson, the regular handicapper, Lieut.-Col. Pape did the handicapping and he did remarkable well. There were several close finishes and one dead-heat.

Details:—

THE WOODLANDS PLATE. Division II.—Distance 7 furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 250. Handicap for horses in the 4th Division.
Mr Evers' LEADING GIRL, 8-0, Owner ... 1
Messrs Campbell and Harvey's DAISY RYAN, 8-8, Thompson ..... 2
Mr Roychauduri's HIGHER LEVEL, 7-11, Orchard ..... 3
Mr Bartleet's ADORABLE, 8-12, Fozard ... 4
Also ran:—Monsieur James 9-3, Dara Bay 9-3, Silver Gift 9-2, Foxtor 8-13, Aquae Solis 8-12, Alien Daisy 8-11, Angary 8-10, Ozorina 8-9, Paradise 8-7, Fiasco 8-7, Tycon 8-6, Sans Merci 7-12, Gibson's Corner 7-12, Vulcanella 7-10, Glen Lusset 7-9. Distinguished 7-6, Cylarity 7-4.
Won by 1½ lengths, ¾ length between second and third, short head between third and fourth.
Time:—1 min. 30 4/5 secs.
Tote paid:—Win Rs. 79; Places Rs. 37, 71 and 59.
Betting:—Fives Monsieur James, sixes Alien Daisy, sevens Leading Girl, eights Daisy Ryan and Dara Bay, tens Silver Gift, Adorable, Aquae Solis, Foxtor, Glen Lusset and Angary, longer prices the others.

THE WOODLANDS PLATE. Division I. Distance 7 furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 250. Handicap for horses in the 4th Division.
Mr Coningham's AUGHNACLOY, 8-8, Higgins ..... 1
Mr Roychaudhuri's JAUNT, 9-0, Orchard ... 2
H H Maharani of Coochbehar's PRINCESS ILA, 8-10, Harrison ..... 3
Mr. Evers' CHARMIO, 8-2, Owner ..... 4
Also ran:—Fife 9-5, Devil's Bridge 8-13, Myrian 8-8, Motringham 8-6, Summer's Hope 8-6, Sunny Time 8-5, Elsie R 8-4, High Life 8-2, Rags 8-1, Queen Mary 8-1, Surprise 7-13, Rosebud 7-12, Careless Girl 7-11.
Won by a head, ¾ length between second and third, 1 length between third and fourth.
Time:—1 min. 28 4/5 secs.
Tote paid:—Win Rs. 64; Places Rs. 22, 27 and 20.
Betting:—Fives Fife, sixes Princess Ila and Aughnacloy, sevens Jaunt, Charmio, Surprise and Rosebud, longer prices the others.
The race:—Sunny Time was first to get going, followed by Galla and Jaunt. That was the order till the distance post was reached. Here Jaunt assumed command with Aughnacloy handy. The last named collared the leader at half distance and won easily.

THE EDEN PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third. Rs. 300. Handicap for horses in the 3rd Division.
Mr Raikut's SYNAI, 7-11 cd 7-13, Harrison 1
H H Maharani of Coochbehar's MOLDAVIA, 9-1, Fozard ..... 2
Mr Dee's BACHELOR'S PROSPECT, 7-13, Northmore ..... 3
Mr Soutar's LADY VICTORINE, 8-13, Walker ..... 4
Also ran:—St Vagrant 9-5, Buckgrass 8-10, Idyl 8-9, Royal Sign 8-6, Girton Miss 8-5, Golden Stream 8-5.
Won by a neck, head between second and third, neck between third and fourth.
Time:—1 min. 15 1/5 secs.
Tote paid:—Win Rs. 45; Places Rs. 19, 81 and 22.
Betting:—Twos Golden Stream, fours Synai, fives Bachelor's Prospect, sixes Lady Victorine, longer prices the others.
The race:—Girton Miss accompanied by Synai made the running. They were followed by Moldavia and Lady Victorine. Synai shook off Girton Miss at half journey, but Moldavia stuck to him like a leach failing only by a neck.

THE CORINTHIAN PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.
Winner, Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300. Welter, Handicap for horses.
Mr Pugh's I SEE, 9-3, Thompson ..... 1
Messrs Douetil and Page's IRISH FIELD, 10-13, Meades ..... 2
Mr Petit's LADAVON, 8-0, Bloss ..... 3
Mr Mullik's MARBLE ROCK, 10-8, Lyons 4
Also ran:—China Egg 9-10.
Won by 8 lengths, 24 lengths between second and third, 3 lengths between third and fourth.
Time:—3 mins. 9 4/5 secs.
Tote paid:—Win Rs. 58; Places Rs. 28 and 23.
Betting:—5 to 4 China Egg, threes Irish Field, fives I See, sevens Ladavon.
The race:—The race does not need any description as I See went to front and was never caught. She won with great ease after a good race. Irish Field took second place.

THE RAILWAY PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1¼ miles.
Winner, Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300. High Weight Handicap for horses in the 3rd and 4th Divisions.
Mr Bullin's QUARTERLY, 8-6, Meades ... 1
Mr Dee's SIMPLE SIMON, 7-0 cd 7-3, Northmore ..... 2
Mr Huque's GALLEY LAW, 7-12 cd 8-0, Young ..... 3
Mr Galstaun's TETE MONTEE, 8-7, Walker ..... 4
Also ran:—Barsen 9-4, Mareado 9-3, Golden Treasure 8-10, Sole Bay 8-6, Durban 8-0, Bachelor's Vanity 7-7, Lady White 7-5.
Won by 5 lengths, head between second and third, 2½ lengths between third and fourth.
Time:—2 mins. 34 secs.
Tote paid:—Win Rs. 70; Places Rs. 22, 23 and 108.
Betting:—Threes Tete Montee, fours Quarterly, sixes Barsen, Lady White and Simple Simon, longer prices the others.
The race:—Galley Law led with Simple Simon and Lady White handy. Then came Quarterly with Tete Montee second from last. Quarterly assumed command a furlong from home and going on won very easily.

THE RAILWAY PLATE. Division II.—Distance 1¼ miles.
Winner, Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 700; third. Rs. 300. High Weight Handicap for horses in the 3rd and 4th Divisions.
Mr Lauder's NAUTCH GIRL, 8-12, Northmore ..... 1
Mr Raikut's FLYING FOE, 9-4, Harrison 2
Mr Pugh's RHEIDOL, 8-11, Thompson ... 3
Mr Pratt's NIGGS, 7-5, Bond ..... 4
Also ran:—The Whip 9-13, Paganini 9-2, Lloyds 8-13, Brown Fowl 8-5, Maharani 8-4.
Won by 3 lengths, neck between second and third, 2 lengths between third and fourth.
Time:—2 mins. 38⅘ secs.
Totes paid:—Win Rs. 33; Places Rs. 11, 11 and 12.
Betting:—Evens Flying Foe, threes Nautch Girl, fives Rheidol, longer prices the others.
The race:—Niggs led from Rheidol and Flying Foe. The last named assumed command from the half mile post, but Nautch Girl gradually wore him down and beating him well opposite the stands won comfortably.

THE EDEN PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 2,000; second, Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300. Handicap for horses in the 3rd Division.
H H Maharaja of Coochbehar's FLYING DART, 8-12, Harrison ..... 1*
Mr Coningham's ORTOGO, 8-12, Higgins ... 1*
Mr Low's NORMA STAKER, 9-4, Young ... 3
Mr Galstaun's HURDY GURDY, 8-5, Walker ..... 4
* Dead-heat.
Also ran:—Fast Simon 8-11, P. M. 8-9, Black Jess 8-6, Galla 8-4, Warrior Queen 8-3, The Brat 8-0, Warning Signal 8-0, Little Bridge 7-13, Maze 7-10, Caddy 7-6.
The dead-heaters finished a neck in front of the third who finished a head in front of the fourth.
Time:—1 min. 15 1/5 secs.
Tote paid:—Win Rs. 31 and 32; Places Rs. 20, 21 and 22.
Betting:—Fours Ortogo, fives Norma Staker, sixes Flying Dart and Caddy, sevens Galla, threes Hurdy Gurdy, longer prices the others.
The race:—After Galla had brought them along from a few strides Ortogo took it up with Warrior Queen and Norma Staker behind, Galla retiring after half the journey Ortogo was hailed as winner when Harrison brought Flying Dart with a rush and dead-heated on the post.

THE GREAT EASTERN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 3,000; second, Rs. 1,000; third, Rs. 500.
Mr Doe's KILREA, 8-4, Hutchins ..... 1
Mr Douetil's POMPANO, 9-0, Harrison ... 2
Mr Coningham's PASSING, 8-7, Walker ... 3
Mr Lauder's HAPPY IOLA, 8-4, Higgins 4
Also ran:—Llansinfred 8-9, Roucevaux 8-1, Glenalvon 7-12.
Won by a short head, ¼ length between second and third, 1½ lengths between third and fourth.
Time:—1 min. 13 2/5 secs.
Tote paid:—Win Rs. 42; Places Rs. 23 and 39.
Betting:—7 to 2 Kilrea, fours Pompano, Happy Iola, fives Llansinfred and Passing, longer prices the others.
The race.—Llansinfred was quickest away. On settling down Happy Iola led from Kilrea, Pompano and Passing. Kilrea forged ahead near the distance and stalling off hot challenge Pompano just won.

## MADRAS RACES.

(From our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, Feb. 26.

The following were the results of to-day's Races:—

THE FEBRUARY PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.
Mr. Basaha Raj Urs' ARAB KNIGHT, 9-5, QUENN ..... 1
Messrs. S. A. Zezdi and Gawad's UNITY, 8-13, Babu ..... 2
Raja of Venkatagiri's CYMBELINE, 7-4, Suleiman ..... 3
Time:—1 min. 10 secs.
Tote paid:—Win Rs. 16; Places Rs. 10, 63 and 46.

THE RACE CLUB PLATE.
Mr Resavamoodr's PESHWA, 9-0 ..... 1
Mr Ali Asker's KEYNOTE, 8-8 ..... 2
Time:—1 min. 41 4/5 secs.
Tote paid:—Win Rs. 47; Places Rs. 24 and 17.

THE JEYPORE PLATE.
Maharaja of Mysore's MAX, 8-2, Bland ..... 1
Mr. Macnamarnah's KAPRI, 8-6, Wright 2
Time:—1 min. 41 4/5 secs.
Tote paid:—Win Rs. 21; Places Rs. 15 and 19.

THE MERCHANTS' CUP.
Mr J O Robinson's DUNIVER CASTLE, 8-0, White ..... 1
Mr S C Delridge's HELENCOURT, 9-6, Doy ..... 2
Raja of Venkatagiri's ORMEDOR, 8-6, Quinn ..... 3
Time:—2 mins. 10 secs.
Tote paid:—Rs. for win and Rs. 11, 16 and 14 for places.

VENKATAGIRI PLATE.
Mr. A. R. Rangaswami's STORMBALI, 7/9, Meekings ..... 1
Mr. G. A. Marsh's GOODAY, 8/4, Doy..... 2
Mitchell ..... 3
Miss G. Dunk's QUITE GRAVE, 9/9, Rs. 390 win and Rs. 61, 22, and 70 for places.

ELYSIUM PLATE.
Mr. J. Cromwell's REUTER, 8/6 White 1
Mr. H. R. Dunk's ORPHAN, 8/5, Mitchell 2
Mr. Ghista's SPECIAL, 8/1, Meherjee ..... 3
Win Rs. 35 and Rs. 18, 23, and 30 for places.

## TRINITY COLLEGE: CAMBRIDGE.

### RESEARCH STUDENTSHIPS.

The Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Advisory Committee sends us the following:—
An election to a Research Studentship will be made at the end of July, 1921, and in every subsequent year. All men are eligible to the Studentship who have graduated, or befor 1st October, 1921, will have graduated, at any University other than Cambridge, or who can show evidence of exceptional qualification for research; provided that at the date of the election they have not commenced residence at the University of Cambridge. Every candidate must declare that he intends if elected, to proceed to the degree of Ph.D. in the University of Cambridge; and either before or after his election the elected Student must obtain from the Board of Research Studies of the University permission to enter the University as a Research Student. Tenure of the Studentship is conditional upon such permission being obtained, and upon diligence in the approved course of study research.
The Studentship will be tenable until the Student is of standing to proceed to the degree of Ph.D. and it will be of such value not exceeding £200 a year as the Electors may decide after considering the Student's pecuniary circumstances. Payment will be made quarterly, and will be conditional on residence in the University in accordance with the University's rules of residence, except that, if the Student has resided during the three previous quarters, he will receive payment for the Long Vacation quarter (ending at Michaelmas) whether he resides during it or not.
The elected candidate will be required to come into residence in the Michaelmas Term, 1921 (not later than October 11), unless he shall have obtained from the College authorities leave to commence resident at some other time.
Applications must reach the Senior Tutor, Trinity College, Cambridge, England as early as possible in July, and not later than July 25. They must include a certificate of good character, a record of the candidate's education, his diploma or other certificate of Graduation, and any evidence of his aptitude for Research that he wishes to submit; together with a full account of his pecuniary circumstances. But if the candidate's credentials and certificates have already been submitted to the Registrary of the University that should be said and duplicates of them need not be sent. If they are sent in the first instance to the Senior Tutor, he will on request, transmit them to the Registrary in due course.

## NEW URDU DAILY FOR DELHI

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Feb. 26.

The District Magistrate, Delhi has accepted the declaration filed by Lala Shimbhu Nath Chopra for printing and publishing a new Urdu daily to be called "The Swaraj" from his Universal Printing Works. The paper will come out very shortly.

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Continued from Column 6.

McDonald not out ..... 3
Extras ..... 26
Total ..... 392

M. C. C.—2nd Innings.

Woolley c and b Kelleway ..... 1
Makepeace c Gregory b Kelleway ..... 7
Rhodes not out ..... 19
Wilson not out ..... 4
Extras ..... 2
Total (2 wkts) ..... 24

## AUSTRALIANS DISMISSED FOR 392 RNNS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON. Feb. 2..
Recd. 1 a.m., Feb. 27.

A Sydney message of to-day's date states that on resumption of play the Australians were dismissed for 392 of which Macartney made 170. England had lost two wickets for 24 runs in the second innings.

# FIFTH TEST MATCH

## ENGLISH SIDE DISMISSED FOR 204.

## MACARTNEY'S RCORD SCORE.

(REUTER'S CRICKET SPECIAL.)

SYDNEY, Feb 25.
Recd. 11-30 a.m., Feb. 26.

The weather was fine and the wicket in perfect condition when the fifth and last Test Match began here to-day before seventeen thousand spectators. Interest in the match mainly centres on whether Australia will win all the five matches. Hearne, Hitch, Dolphin, Howell and Waddington were omitted from the English side. After practising Hobbs decided that he was fit to play and Douglas, winning the toss, Rhodes and Hobbs opened for England to the bowling of Gregory and McDonald. With McDonald swinging in from both sides in a dangerous fashion and Gregory keeping excellent length scoring was necessarily slow. Hobbs was hampered with lameness. Fifty occupied fifty-nine minutes. Rhodes batted sixty-three minutes for his 26 and Hobbs eighty minutes for his 40 which included three fours. Lunch was taken with the score 70 for two wickets. On resumption Makepeace and Hendren were quickly dismissed. Gregory's catching of Makepeace was loudly cheered, the fielder jumping out and getting the ball with his right hand. Woolley and Douglas scored well. Woolley especially forcing the pace. He batted one hour for his 53 which included seven fours. His delightful display was greatly applauded by the crowd. When eleven Douglas was missed by Gregory in slips off McDonald. Tea was taken with score 184 for eight wickets.
On resuming the end came quickly. Douglas batted in a dogged and determined fashion for his unfinished 32.
Bowling for Australia Gregory had three wickets for 42 McDonald one for 38 Kelleway four for 27 and Mailey two for 89.

### AUSTRALIA'S FIRST VENTURE.

Bardsley and Collins opened for Australia and for the first time in these tests failed to obtain double figures. Macartney and Taylor, however, scored rapidly and fifty appeared after thirty four minutes' play

### SECOND DAY'S PLAY.

(Reuter's Cricket Special Service.)
SYDNEY, Feb. 26.
Recd. 10-30 a.m. Feb. 27.

The pitch was in perfect condition when Taylor and Macartney, the Australian overnight not outs, resumed batting this morning, to the bowling of Parkin and Douglas before 34,000 spectators. The batsmen opened confidently, scoring, quickly, all-round the wicket. Eventually, however, Taylor was caught in the slips for a bright innings of 32. On Gregory joining Macartney, a great partnership ensued, both batsmen hitting in lively and entertaining fashion, the especial features of their play being leg play and driving. Two extraordinary incidents occurred. When sixty two, Macartney was clean bowled by Fender off a no ball and very next over Gregory was bowled by Woolley off a no ball. England's total was passed after 156 minutes play and despite frequent bowling changes the batsmen continued to bat freely.

### MACARTNEY'S HIGHEST FIGURE.

Macartney came in for an ovation, when he completed his century after being at the wicket 163 minutes. 150 appeared after 102 minutes. Gregory batted with freedom and soundness for 133 minutes, and his innings of 93 included eight fours. The partnership had realised altogether 198 runs. Three hundred appeared after 223 minutes play. Tea was taken with the score at 326 for six wickets, Macartney being 157. He was accorded a great ovation on passing the highest score in the present tests, namely that of Collin's of 162 in the Third Test. Shortly afterwards, he was caught by Hobbs in trying to pull Fender. He batted 243 minutes for his 170, which included twenty fours. The innings lasted altogether 289 minutes. Fielding was fair.
Bowling for the M. C. C.:—Douglas had two wickets for 84; Parkin one for 83; Wolley none for 58; Wilson two for 28; Fender five for 90 and Rhodes none for 23.
Fall of the wickets:—1/16; 2/22; 3/89; 4/287; 5/287; 6/313; 7/313; 8/384; 9/384.

### M. C. C'S SECOND INNINGS.

England's second innings opened disastrously. Woolley spooning the ball back to Kelleway with only one run scored, while at 14 Makepeace was nicely caught by Kelleway.
It is announced that Hendry will take Kelleway's place in the Australian team for England.

ENGLAND—FIRST INNINGS.

Scores:—
Hobbs, lbw b Gregory ..... 40
Rhodes, c Carter, b Kelleway ..... 26
Makepeace, c Gregory, b Mailey ..... 3
Hendren, c Carter, b Gregory ..... 5
Woolley, b McDonald ..... 53
Russell, c Gregory, b Mailey ..... 19
Douglas, Not Out ..... 32
Fender, c Gregory, b Kelleway ..... 2
Wilson, c Carter, b Kelleway ..... 5
Parkin, c Taylor b Kelleway ..... 9
Strudwick, b Gregory ..... 2
Extras, ..... 8
Total, ..... 204

AUSTRALIAN XI.

Bardsley c Fender b Douglas ..... 7
Collins c Fender b Parkin ..... 5
Macartney c Hobbs b Fender ..... 170
Taylor c Hendren b Douglas ..... 32
Gregory c Strudwick b Fender ..... 93
Armstrong c Woolley b Fender ..... 0
Ryder b Fender ..... 8
Kelleway c Strudwick b Fender ..... 22
Carter c Woolley b Fender ..... 17
Mailey b

# BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

## Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Public meeting at Kachhi Dasa Oshwal Jain Mahajanwadi, Khadack, Mr. J. M. Mehta to preside, 9 a.m.
Public Departure of H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught, from Apollo Bunder, 10-20 a.m.
Annual general meeting of the Anthropological Society, B. B. R. A. Society's rooms, Town Hall, 6 p.m.
Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Bombay Legislative Council, Town Hall, 12 noon.

TUESDAY, March 1.

First general meeting of the Infant Welfare Society, Sanitary Institute, 5-30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, March 2.

Annual meeting of the Bombay Natural History Society, 6 Apollo St., Fort, 6-15 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, March 3.

Meeting of the Standing Committee at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time).

SATURDAY, March 5.

Press Day.

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### MILL STORES

Feb. 26.

Mill Stores Reports Rs. 25.
Chemicals Reports Rs. 25.

### BAND AT R B. YACHT CLUB.

The Band of the G. I. P. Ry. Regt. A. F. (India) will play at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club this evening, commencing at 9-30 p.m.

### FACTORY ACCOUNTING.

A public lecture will be given by M. K. B. Roy, on the Factory Accounting" at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) to-day at the Deccan Merchants Association Hall, Girgaum Back Road.

### BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The adjourned meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held on Saturday next, at The Bombay Presidency Association Rooms, at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

### CATHOLIC LADY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

Lantern Lectures will be delivered by His Grace, the Archbishop of Bombay in the St. Xavier's College Hall, at 6-30 p.m. on the following subjects (1) the early Life of Christ (1st March 1921); (2) the public Life of Christ (15th March 1921); (3) the Passion of Christ (22nd March 1921).

### A MEETING OF KANARITES.

A public meeting of Kanarites residing in Bombay will be held tonight at 8-45 (S.T.) in the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, Mr. V. M. Dubashe will preside. Speeches will be made by several speakers on the "Congress work in Kanara." Seats will be reserved for ladies. All Kanarites are requested to attend.

### ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION.

At a meeting of the Indian Council of the St. John Ambulance Association, Mr. G. S. Kothare; Mr. M. R. Laud, Dr. M. M. Mengale and Dr. Miss Kanabai S. Turkhad were duly approved to be Honorary Life Members of the Association in recognition of their valuable services in the cause of Ambulance Work in India.

### UNION OF MOTOR MECHANICS.

On Sunday evening a meeting of all motor mechanics in the city was held at the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall, when Mr. A. B Kolhatkar, was voted to the chair, in the unavoidable absence of Mr. Joseph Baptista, who had however sent a message, which was read to the meeting. After the Presidential remarks, speeches were delivered by Mr. R. S. Nimbker and others. Amidst great enthusiasm, the resolution of forming the Union was passed.

### OLD PARSI'S SUICIDE.

Sorabji Framji, a Parsi priest, aged about ninety-five, was suffering from fever for some time and recently came out of a hospital. Since morning on Friday he was missing from the house and subsequently a writing was found in Gujerati in his box, stating that his body would be found in the well near his house. Information was accordingly given to the police who found the body in the said well.

At an inquest held on his body the jury returned a verdict of suicide.

### "EAKACH—PYALA".

Last Wednesday the Ghandarva Natak Mandali performed "Ekach-Pyala" in aid of the Bombay Young Cricketers. The theatre was packed to its maximum capacity. Dr. N. G. Prabhakar who presided on the occasion narrated briefly the history of the institution which is in existence for nearly 16 years. It was announced that Dr. Prabhakar and Mr. Narayan Rao (Bal Gandharva had become patrons of the institution. The B. Y. C. Club is expected to realise Rs. 1,000 from the performance, deducting all the expenses.

### DADAR RAHAT MANDAL.

Some ethusiastic young men of Dadar have started this institution at 680 Kumbhargalli Dadar, with a view to give free training of spinning to males and females, to supply wheels and cotton, and to dispose of the spun thread, and give every help in repairs of others respects to whomsoever require it. The class for females previously started at Mr. Kolhatker's bunglow has now been removed to the above place and the time is 1 to 3 p.m. A class for males also will be started at the same place from 1st March, 1921, the time being 7-30 to 9-30 a.m. All interested should please apply to the Mandal.

## BOMBAY AND THE DUKE.

### MOTOR AND TAXI DRIVERS' RESOLVE

An enthusiastic meeting of the Motor and Taxi drivers of Bombay was held last night at the Marwari Vidyalaya. Mr. Lakhmidas Rowjee Tairsee presided. There was a large gathering of drivers and a number of prominent citizens including Moulana Abdul Bari Sahib of Delhi, Messrs. Khatri, Banker, Vaikuntrai Desai, Motilal Vallabhji, Dr. Sathaye, A. B. Kolhatkar, and others.

Mr. Tairsee in opening the proceedings dwelt on the importance of the motor and taxi drivers in this city effectively organising themselves in a Union and keeping up the spirit of the Union alive among the members. Mr. Khatri referring to the Duke's visit said that they had no quarrel with the Duke, but the system which he had come to uphold in this country did not commend itself to them. Mr. Khatri urged the drivers from plying their cars today until at least after the Duke had left the shores of Bombay.

SUB-COMMITTEE FORMED.

Messrs. Kansik, Kolhatkar, Moulana Abdul Bari Sahib, S. G. Banker and others addressed the meeting and made an earnest appeal to the men to remain firm and contribute their quota to the furtherance of the cause of the Nation. The speakers also laid great emphasis on the need of organisation among the men, and a sub-committee was appointed to draft the rules for the working of the Union.

The audience was very enthusiastic, and their response to the appeal of the leaders for suspending work to-day was greeted with hearty approval.

The meeting terminated a little after midnight, the men present giving vent to their feelings of enthusiasm by cries of "Allah-o-Akbar", "Mahatma Gandhi ki Jai" and "Hindu-Mussulman ki Jai." It is worthy of mention that among those present were men of all communities—Hindus, Mahomedans, Christians and Parsis, and they all evinced the same keen enthusiasm in the proceedings.

## EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

### THE WRAGGLE TAGGLES.

The quaint name of this concert party is derived from an old song about "The Wraggle Taggle Gipsies, Oh!" Appropriately enough, their entertainment opens with the scene of a gipsy encampment to which, with song and dance, the gipsies welcome an aristocratic recruit in the person of Lady Helena who is tired of a conventional existence and longs for gipsy freedom.

In the second part of the programme we find the gipsies, dressed as Pierrots and Pierrettes giving us a varied and amusing programme. Miss Gladys Holliday at the piano was most competent both in playing the accompaniment and in her solos. These latter found favour with the audience who joined in the chorus of "I know where the flies go," and "Swannee," both sung by Miss Holliday with great point and skill.

Miss Barbara Allison struck a serious note with her recitation "A story of the French Revolution" which was well given with pleasing restraint.

The step-dancing of Mr. Tom Keele was also deservedly popular—the light and effortless way in which he performed complicated steps and quick turns spoke of natural gifts as well as much practice. Miss Phyllis Ibbetson in "Minuet" danced pleasingly and Miss Wyn Ray is indeed a charming soubrette.

All had pleasant voices and, judging by the laughter and applause the audience was well pleased with the performance.

They intend to vary their programme each night.

## ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

"The Indestructible Wife":—Is the story of Charlotte Ordway, a vigorous and athletic young woman, whose husband, Jimmy, is not at all in favour of the strenuous methods of his wife.

He decides that something must be done to tire out his indestructible wife. He meets Brandy, a professional athletic and an old college friend. In him, the despairing husband sees just the person to tire out his wife. Brandy monopolizes Charlotte and before long is in love with her. She is the only woman he has ever met who can keep up with him. Jimmy left alone, starts a flirtation with Julia Cleves, a friend of Charlotte.

Brandy tells Charlotte of the growing intimacy he has noticed between Jimmy and Julia. Charlotte does not believe it until she sees them together. She then becomes infuriated and tells Jimmy what she thinks of him.

Jimmy loves Charlotte more than ever, but realizes he has lost her respect. He decides to tame her in the same manner that Petruchio tamed the Shrew. He kidnaps her and binds her with ropes, taking her to his boathouse, where he intends to keep her a prisoner. Charlotte rather enjoys the situation. Brandy comes to rescue her. He insults her: she resents it, and throws him down the stairs. Jimmy sees her get rid of Brandy, and it takes but a few minutes to explain things and start anew.

## A PUBLIC MEETING.

A public meeting is arranged to be held, under auspices of the Central Khilafat Committee, to-day at 9 a.m. (B.T.) at Khadack, Mandvi. Kachhi Dasa Oshwal Jain Mahajanwari under the presidentship of Mr. J. M. Mehta, Dr. Savarkar, Maulvi Nazir Ahmed, Mr. Shankerlal Banker, Dr. Velkar, Maulvi Abdul Ghani, Mr. Vithaldass Jarajani, Maulvi Mohamed Athar etc., will speak, and resolutions regarding the unsuccessful visit of H. R. H. The Duke of Connaught to India, hollowness of Reformed Councils, condemnation at the action of the Bombay Municipal Corporation on the Dukes' visit will be passed.

All Khilafat Volunteers are requested to be present at Hilal Manzil at 8 a.m. (B.T.)

## ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Feb. 27.

Depression lies over the Punjab this morning, but no rain has yet fallen. Temperature continues high in Northern India, and is unusually low in Madras.

Forecast:—Few light falls along the North-West Frontier and in Kashmir and local duststorms in Rajputana and Punjab.

## BOMBAY MILL-OWNERS' ASSOCIATION.

### A TURNING-POINT IN ITS HISTORY?

The Bombay Millowners' Association has ever been reputed to be a great stronghold of conservatism and capitalist reaction. Its function as an institution has been mostly limited to the election of office bearers and of representatives of the Association on certain public bodies. Its membership is select and its constitution not very liberal or progressive. The Association has never kept itself informed of the progressive changes that are going on in the world or of the continual readjustments that are taking place in the relations of Labour and Capital. It has never taken the initiative but has remained content with an unenterprising role. Only of late years, since the war, because of the deep stirrings in the Indian Labour world, which it had exploited for decades, has the Association begun to evince some interest, not in the lasting welfare of the large mass of humanity but in safeguarding its own class interests. Even in this, it has not shown itself capable of evolving any wise or settled policy. Its efforts have been spasmodic and undistinguished by wisdom or foresight. That such a body as this should have failed to rouse much enthusiasm is no wonder; and many of its members have not cared for the Association beyond paying their annual fees, and attending or not attending a few formal meetings for election purposes.

The Association, though it counts on its rolls many of the leading plutocrats of the city, has no building of its own to boast of, but is dependent on the European Chamber of Commerce, whose sole concern in life is the promotion of European commercial interests. The Secretary of the European Chamber of Commerce is the Secretary of the Association and the custodian of its records—perhaps also of its conscience. At a time when the mill industry was dominated by European capitalism, such a thing as this was comprehensible; but in these days, when the Association membership is mostly Indian and the industry has practically passed into the hands of Indians, it is amazing that the Association should continue in leading strings to the European Chamber whose interests can never be identical with Indian interests.

The rift within the lute of the Association has never been kept secret from the public. There is no harmony or concord among the members, most of whom are given up to the principle of "all for me and the devil take the hindmost"; being generally absorbed in considering how they can make the biggest profits. Years ago some members who were too progressive for this stronghold of reaction severed their connection with it, and have since never rejoined and many other members have no real use for it. So the Association knowing its own weakness, has never until now attempted to assert a rigorous authority.

Things seem, however, to have changed. Under its present direction and management, the Association is trying to acquire prestige. It is meeting to-day (Monday) at 4-45 p.m. (S.T.)

To consider the acts and conduct of certain members and, if so decided, to pass a resolution declaring that such members be expelled from the Association."

The meeting which may be regarded as a turning-point in its career has been convened "by order of the committee of the Association." "The acts and conduct" referred to in the notice, are rumoured to be those of certain members mainly Europeans—defying the Association by working double-shift in their mills. One of these is said to have written to the Association a letter, of which the tone and substance are far from respectful or conciliatory. In choosing this particular time for taking action the Association has chosen well. No member is likely to persist in working double shift just now when the conditions are not very favourable. But in prosperous times, when the margin of profit was three or four times what it is today, the defaulting members would have had, we fear no hesitation in flouting the Association. Some members suspect that the present move of the Committee of the Association is inspired by a tender regard for the interests of Manchester and Lancashire which are faced with a heavy slump. The Indian Factory Act does not prevent a double-shift system in the mills and it will be asked what business, if it is profitable for any mills to work double-shift, has the Association got to dictate to its members that they shall not seek profit. It is not likely that matters will reach a breaking point, though it is very much to be wished, provided it ultimately leads to a reorganisation of the Association on a more progressive basis, and frees it from the trammels of the European Chamber.

## BABY DIES THROUGH FALLING OF SHED

The Coroner held an inquest on the body of a baby aged six months. It appears that the child's father, Magan Ganesh, and its mother were living in a shed at Kamatipura. On the 20th instant when the baby was in its mother's arm the wall of an adjoining house which was in a dilapidated condition fell on the shed which came down. The mother of the baby was injured and the child was killed on the spot. Municipal authorities had served a notice on the Receiver of the owner of the dilapidated house on the 10th proximo declaring the house to be unfit for human habitation and on the 18th idem tenants were asked to vacate the house but they did not do so.

The jury returned a verdict of death due to the falling of a shed on which the wall of a dilapidated house fell. The jury added that though a notice was given by the Municipality the tenants continued to live there and were still there.

In recognition of the work done all over India for the Boy Scout movement during the last few years, the Chief Scout, Sir Robert Baden, has, in addition to the B. P. Badge for merit which he gave her at the rally, appointed Mrs. Annie Besant as Honorary Commissioner for All-India.

## KHILAFAT PROPAGANDA.

### DELHI'S RESPONSE.

The Hon. Secretaries of the Delhi Provincial Khilafat Committee has issued the following summary of the Committee's Annual Report:—

The Provincial Khilafat Committee of Delhi has completed the first year of its existence. It has been a year of much anxiety, continued strain and ceaseless activity. Immediately the Committee had been constituted it took steps to convene a conference of all the leading men who had identified themselves with the *Khilafat* movement. The Conference came off in November 1919 and proved an unprecedented success. Besides a large number of leading Mussalmans some Hindu leaders took part in the Conference and Mahatma Gandhi took a particular prominent part in the discussions of the Conference. The principle of 'Non-Cooperation' was unanimously adopted by this Conference, for the first time which, it is believed, provided the momentum that resulted in accelerated activity throughout the country, and numerous Conferences followed during the first half of the last year. Soon after this our Committee had the occasion to organise two extraordinary public metings in whose proceedings eminent Hindu and Mussalman leaders took part and their deliberation largely contributed to the crystalisation of the views which have been the abiding features of the Khilafat movement in India. For six months during the year the Seditious Meetings Act remained in force and we decided not to apply for permission to hold public meetings, although we organised three public meetings outside the boundary of the "proclaimed province," which proved very successful. More than forty public meetings were held under the Committee's auspices during the year and we took prominent part in the organisation of three *hartals* to mark the sense of Delhi's grief at the loss of Lokmania Tilak and Hazrat Shaikhul Hind, besides organising three *Khilafat Days*. Owing, however, to the manifestly unjust repressive measures taken against our activity by the local representatives of the foreign government, for nearly eight months, we were compelled to confine our activity to a limited sphere locally, but we accelerated our Mofussil propaganda, and our representatives and lecturers visited no less than 20 neighbouring districts of the Punjab and the C. P. where they succeeded in awakening much political life. We record it with much gratification that our representatives eminently succeeded last year in composing what were known as the Agra Riots, and also in restoring amicable relations between the Hindu and Muslim population of *Agra, Jagadhri, Muzaffirnagar*, and *Khurja* especially. Our efforts in the past year were in no mean measure directed towards fostering a sense of responsibility among Mussalmans in regard to the question of *cow-protection* and we are glad to record that our efforts have borne fruits beyond our expectation. Again, we have avaid ourselves of every possible opportunity for strengthening and cementing fraternal relations between the various communities of India. We took special pains to encourage the organisation of Volunteer Corps of which four Muslim units consisting of nearly 400 rank and file had to be disbanded recently in consequence of the foreign Government's unrighteous measures of intimidation and coercion. The Committee has established an Arbitration Court, which has during the last 2½ months dealt with no fewer than 200 suits, amounting to the value of over three lakhs. We charge only 1/6 of the court fee payable to the foreign Government's courts, but considerations of economy of time money and energy bring litigants to our court in daily increasing numbers. We are considering the establishment of another court to deal with increased work. The income of the Court has left us a decent balance after paying the expenses of the Court. We have also established an Independent National High School, where nearly 300 schools are receiving mental moral and physical training in an atmosphere free from the noxious contamination of the slave-driver's debasing ethics. The income of the school, however, exceeds its income by nearly Rs. 1,000 per mensem. As we have not yet had time to make an appeal to the generous public of Delhi, we are hard put to meet the expenses of the school. We are, however, hoping to get over this difficulty soon. Among minor things the Committee can claim a considerable share in the public activity which secured the people of Delhi immunity from the unjust and insulting indemnity which was proposed to be exacted from them, and also in educating the electorate of Delhi in the correct exercise of their electoral right by abstaining from participating in the farcical election just over.

### THE COMING YEAR.

This briefly is the record of the work we have succeeded in accomplishing during the year just ended. But we now enter on a year of much vaster activity as complete Swaraj is our *immediate* aim for through Swaraj alone can we hope to rectify the "Khilafat wrong". We now emerge from extensive work and enter upon intensive activity. To Muslim India the Khilafat is a purely religious question, but to the remaining population of India it is a question full of political meaning, inasmuch as the rectification of the wrong done to the Caliph of Islam, will besides marking the first international Victory of India, secure that international basis of powerful alliances with the Muslim races of Asia and Africa which will have to be one of the necessary achievements of Swarajic India the plane to which Mahatma Gandhi has, however, lifted this question for both Hindus and Muslims is above this. He aims at the destruction of selfishness brute force, and unrighteousness, and peremptorily repudiating all claims of expediency and secret designs of racial supremacy leads

## TONK TRAGEDY.

### SOCIAL SERVICE NOT NEEDED.

(From our own Correspondent.)

DELHI, Feb. 24.

Mr. Kanwar Chandkaran requested the Nawab of Tonk and the Agent to the Governor-General to allow Sewa Samti volunteers to give relief to the families of the exiled and arrested people of Tonk. The Agent to the Governor-General has sent the following telegram to-day from Tonk:—

"Many of the prisoners have to-day, been released from Jail on bail and arrangements are being made for early trial of the remainder. His Highness the Nawab is arranging, where necessary, for the care of the families of the latter and of those exiled. There is, therefore, no need for outside assistance and the Social Service party should not visit Tonk.

### OFFICIAL VERSION.

(From our Own Correspondent.)

DELHI, Feb. 25.

The following Press communique has been issued:—

Some incorrect accounts having been published in the Press regarding the recent events in the Tonk State, the following communique is issued.—Prior to the 16th of January, dissatisfaction, due mainly to the high prices of foodstuffs, had been prevalent for some time in Tonk City. The exportation of grain by the local merchants, known as the Rutlamwalas exasperated the city population, who were led to believe that the export of grain could, or should, have been stopped by the Revenue and Finance Minister of the State. The latter was alleged to share in the profits on the sale of grain by exporting firms. The prevailing scarcity affected the city police and the State troops, the latter also had some grievances based on the alleged inadequacy of their pay. The recent release of a "Parcha Navis" from jail formed the subject of local protests. The prevailing excitement was fanned by agitators from outside the State, also speeches began to be made regarding local grievances and addresses to be delivered regarding the Khilafat and non-co-operation. The populace were urged to hold a mass meeting on the 16th. In consequence of the high state of feeling. His Highness the Nawab issued orders prohibiting mass meetings and leading agitators were informed of his decision. In spite of his orders, the mass meeting took place on the 16th, numbers of the crowd, which included both Hindus and Mahomedans had lathis in their hands and were armed with swords, daggers and pistols. After hearing that a crowd had assembled, the Heir-Apparent of the State and the Inspector-General of Police visited the spot. After discussing the situation with the spokesmen, it was decided to allow the meeting to take place on the condition that the proceedings would be orderly. The Inspector-General of Police offered to represent their grievances to His Highness and the Heir-Apparent took from the speakers copies of their addresses and promised to lay them before His Highness the Nawab. A small force of State armed police, which had stood on one side, was at this stage ordered to fall in and returned to lines. Meanwhile, an inspector of police, who had been taking down notes of the speeches, was assaulted by the crowd and had to be removed in a motor car to hospital. No orders to fire on the crowd or to advance on the crowd were given to the State police, and, apart from the rough handling of the inspector, no collision occurred between the police and the crowd.

### "NOT YET CALMED DOWN."

After the departure of the police and the Heir-Apparent and the Inspector-General of Police, however, the tone of the speeches became more violent and Khilafat and non-co-operation themes were discussed. The crowd surrounded the Revenue and Finance Member's house and kept him incarcerated in his house The Political Agent, who had been summoned by a telegram, arrived from Jaipur on the afternoon of the 16th January. His Highness informed him that he had decided to receive a deputation of the spokesmen of the meeting on the following day. The deputation visited the Political Agent in the evening and were advised to place their grievances in detail freely but in a temperate manner before their ruler. The deputation was received next morning by His Highness, the Political Agent being present. His Highness heard them with sympathy for two hours and granted all their requests except two which he considered unreasonable. The deputation begged His Highness' pardon and returned apparently well satisfied with His Highness' action. The State troops have since asked His Highness' pardon for their part in the events of the 16th January. The Revenue and Finance Member has left the State. The agitation has, however, made itself felt in some of the outlying districts, such as Nimbakhera and in Tonk itself. Some have disclaimed the right of the deputation to speak for the persons aggrieved. The situation cannot yet be said to have calmed down completely or to be free of all disturbing feature. The State authorities are investigating the causes of the disturbance. Some arrests of the advocates of revolutionary measures have been made. The Political Agents, who has with him a small escort of troops from Deoli, is paying another visit to the State.

Satan-distracted humanity to the sun-lit summits of Truth, (Ahimsa, and Salvation. Swaraj for India, and other races and countries of this globe, and Swadharma for Moslems and other religious communities of the world are but means to the highest end, the fulfilment of the Divine Purpose. We in all humility and reverence pray that it may be granted us to serve the Divine Will.

## ALLEGED WHIPPING OF PASSENGERS.

### TICKET COLLECTOR'S HIGH-HANDED ACTION.

### INCIDENT AT MATUNGA.

Mr. J. G. Nensey, Hon. Jt. Secretary of the Indian Passengers and Traffic Relief Association writes to say:—

A sad occurrence took place at Matunga (G. I. P. Ry.), station on Sunday, the 20th instant, at 10-30 a.m. Two coolies who were taking shelter on the platform of the station were asked for tickets, but as they had not come by the train they told the ticket collector that they had no tickets. Hence they were detained and were asked to pay seven annas. As they had no money with them one of them tried to borrow the amount from one of the shopkeepers near by. This made the Ticket Collector very angry and he began to whip both of them with the help of the other Ticket Collector. The shopkeepers who saw this ran to help those poor coolies and protested against the action of the Ticket Collectors. The matter was reported to the Station Master who does not seem to have taken any notice of it, though in his presence the Ticket Collector admitted to have whipped the coolies.

This attitude of the Railway Staff and specially of the Station Master has created much excitement among the Matunga residents. Mr. Nensey has taken possession of the whip. He had also paid seven annas and secured receipt for the same.

## AGAINST BOYCOTT MOVEMENT.

### LORD WILLINGDON CONGRATULATES MADRAS STUDENTS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Feb. 25.

Presiding at the prize distribution at the Engineering College, Lord Willingdon referring to the school boycott movement said:—

I wish to say a word or two about matter which has been much before the public mind of late and as this is the first time this year that I have had the opportunity of addressing a gathering of students in Madras. I am anxious to tell you young men, exactly what I feel about it. I am referring of course to the question of Non-Cooperation, especially with reference to students. This has affected and influenced the minds of students very powerfully in other parts of India but I am glad to feel that students in Madras Presidency have had too much common sense to be carried away by this unfortunate propaganda and I want to congratulate you all here and all other students in the Presidency very warmly on keeping your heads cool at this particular time.

### AS PERSONAL FRIEND.

You may remember if you read papers that some weeks ago Mr. Gandhi whom I have known for some years in Bombay as my personal friend, wrote an open letter to the Duke of Connaught in which he made certain reference to Governor of Madras and expressed opinion that I was an amiable individual who would not hurt a fly. I am sorry I cannot give Mr. Gandhi an equally good character, for it is my most honest and sincere belief that this agitation which he and his friends have been actively promoting to induce students to leave all government schools would do immense harm to the country if it were successful. Let me tell you why you young men here and young students all over your country are studying at various educational establishments to fit yourselves by education you receive to become good citizens and to carry on various public duties of all sorts which are being undertaken by your seniors now, to fit yourselves in fact to take their place in carrying on in the best possible way the administration of your country.

Now I have nothing to say against national education if any of you prefer it and if you think you can benefit by it. But I beg of you not to give up the education you have got and which is at least doing you some good until Mr. Gandhi and his friends can offer you education which will be equally useful to you in fitting you for your life's work in after years.

Let me beg of you to stick to the education provided by bureaucrats until supporters of Non-Cooperation can offer you something better than instruction in weaving for a few hours a day. Fortunately it seems clear that now this part of Non-Cooperation programme is failing because students very sensibly and naturally refuse to ruin their future prospects or to believe, I trust that bureaucrats are such black people as they are sometimes painted.

## BEHAR LANDHOLDERS AND TENANTS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

PATNA, Feb. 25.

At a meeting of the Landholders of Behar held in Darbhanga House under the presidency of Maharajadhiraj, last evening, resolutions were passed to the effect (1) that the landholders should have direct touch with their tenants as much as possible and ascertain their needs; (2) they should try to help their tenants in the matter of primary education on the simple lines of cottage industries, especially in the making of yarns and cloths and of "panchayet" institution; (3) that conciliatory boards should be established to settle the dispute between the landholders and tenants; (4) pamphlets should be distributed amongst landlords and tenants, circulating useful information, correcting false rumours and giving the right view to the people at large and (5) that landholders should form organisations in subdivisions and districts and where necessary they may form a joint association with tenants.

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*THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.*
*Monday, February 28, 1921.*

## ENGLAND AND ISLAM.

Some weeks ago, when the idea of the present Conference in London to reconsider the provisions of the Sevres Treaty was first mooted, we gave our opinion that consultation with the Greeks and Turks—the Greeks especially—was unnecessary. The Government of England had been deceived or cajoled by the Greeks into breaking solemn pledges, and, as it had allowed the Greeks to occupy large tracts of Turkey on false information, the only proper course, now that the whole question is reopened, was to command them to withdraw. Unfortunately there are secret factors in the situation which, being secret, are not known to us in detail, but which rumour declares with no uncertain voice are of a nature to make Mr Lloyd George the eager servant of the Greek intrigues. This rumour, current with a sneer in Italian and French circles, is current too in British parliamentary circles, and the name of a multi-millionaire of Greek antecedents has been freely mentioned in connection with it. That the fall of Venizelos and the return of King Constantine have not altered the ideas of this mainstay of Greek imperialism we may judge from the news contained in a Reuter's telegram we published yesterday: that the Near East Conference has decided to ask the Turkish and Greek delegations whether they are prepared to accept the result of the investigation of an Allied Commission with regard to Smyrna and Thrace, and, subject to that, to accept the remaining terms of the Sevres Treaty. An Allied Commission sat at Smyrna in the autumn of 1919, and its findings were against the whole Greek claim; but the report it issued was suppressed in the interests, as rumour says, of a corrupt intrigue. As to Thrace the facts are perfectly well known to at least a dozen Englishmen in touch with the Government and, whether they view the question from a Turkish or a Bulgarian standpoint, all know that there is no case for the Greek dominion. Any Allied investigation therefor is a concession to the groundless claims of Greece, and tends to give them substance in the world's opinion.

In fact this dwelling on Greek claims is purely frivolous. It is not a question of Greece and Turkey, but of the British Empire and Islam. The Greeks have no real claim to any part of Turkey except that the present Government of England bestowed upon them certain regions, God knows why. England alone defeated Turkey, and has, since the defeat, needlessly humiliated the whole world of Islam by doling out the spoils of Turkey to mere jackals. It is ludicrous to pretend to suppose that even a perfectly equitable arrangement between Greece and Turkey would settle the whole question raised before the British Empire by the Treaty of Sevres. England only is responsible, and Muslims look to England only for redress. The help of Italy and France is welcome at the moment, but Muslims know quite well that it is not disinterested; and more than ever, since that help is given it is clearly seen that everything depends upon the will of England. England has not only given portions of the territory of her Turkish enemies to Greece against her solemn promise; she has dealt no less unjustly with the territories of her Arab Allies. She has given Syria to France, while she herself has taken charge of Palestine and Mesopotamia; against the will of the inhabitants whose wish was for the promised self-determination and self-government, and regardless of the fact that those three countries are included in the Muslim Holy Land. We do not ask England to adopt the religious obligations of the Muslims; that is not necessary. Let her adopt the point of view of her own solemn promises to Eastern peoples, which should be honoured rather than her "deals" with European Powers, because the Asiatics attach sanctity to these engagements whereas European Powers do not. Let her adopt the obligations which her own honour imposes or should impose, and the Muslim world will be content. To suggest that an inter-Allied Commission of Inquiry with regard to Thrace and Smyrna could be sufficient, is another insult.

Dr. Ansari in a telegram we lately published spoke of the battle as "nearly won" because the Indian Muslim delegates, upon their way to England, had reached full agreement. We were filled with pity when we read the words. The battle seems to us so far from won, that we implore the Indian Muslims not to let themselves be hypnotised into a false security by their hopes of the London Conference, and the assurance of Lord Chelmsford that the utmost is being done to give effect to their views. They should rather be preparing, with the assistance of their Hindu brethren, for a fresh campaign. The battle is so far from won, that Muslims must make ready for defeat, it seems to us. Humanly speaking, there is only one hope left, of India winning this great fight for justice in a peaceful manner and at once. That is, for the Government of India to put forth all the strength of India on behalf of Indians, and threaten non-co-operation with the British Government fully prepared to execute the threat in case the just requirements of the Musulmans are not complied with. And that would settle other questions also; but it needs a Man.

## AN UNSCRUPULOUS AGITATION.

The greediness—not to say rapacity—of some of the Public Services in this unfortunate country appears to know no bounds; to judge from the way some of their spokesmen are pestering Mr. Montagu in the House of Commons Our readers will have seen from Reuter cables published on Saturday that renewed efforts are being made to force Mr. Montagu to make some further "concessions"—of course, in the shape of accelerated promotion, allowances and so on—to the already too much pampered I.M.S. and the Army Service. The I.M.S. have had their "prospects" improved beyond the dreams of avarice twice during the last two or three years and the Army also has reaped an equally golden harvest since the war. And yet, they are not satisfied. These two services are running a race with the I.C.S. for fresh and fresh concessions. Each concession made to one or the other of these services appears to excite the cupidity of the remainder and so the game of concession-hunting goes on merrily and poor India is being bled whiter and whiter year by year. To those who are disposed to think that these Services are not adequately requited by poverty and famine stricken India, we make a present of the following illuminating document from a recent issue of "Pearson's Weekly," which, let it be noted, is edited not by an "extremist" Indian "agitator", but by one of the countrymen of the very officers who want the world to believe that they are being most shabbily treated by this ungrateful country:—

We reproduce the extract exactly as it appears in the London journal:—

WORLD'S BEST PAID JOB.

Good screws in the Indian Civil Service.

The recent raising of the Army officers' pay threatened the Indian Civil Service as the highest salaried profession in the world.

True, even under the revised scale, the Army subaltern's pay did not equal that of the newly appointed Indian civil servant; but it nearly approached it, while the officer had the advantage of enjoying a decent income at usually a considerably earlier age than the Indian civilian. However, the I.C.S. rates of pay have now been increased by at least 50 per cent., and in some cases more. As a result, the modern prototype of the old Honourable East India Company's Service—'John Company' as it was known—again easily leads the way as earth's best paid profession.

This does not necessarily mean that it is the most lucrative calling. Doctors, lawyers and other professional men may continue to amass fortunes beyond the dreams of even a Bengal Chief Secretary, one of the 'plums' of the I.C.S. When it comes to regular pay, however, the I.C.S., wallah—as the term goes—has all other competitors beaten to a frazzle.

£1,600 A YEAR AT THIRTY.

During his first year of service the newly fledged I.C.S., man draws, including allowances, 600 rupees a month. Taking the rupee at two shillings—it is rather more at present—this equals £720 a year. Can you beat it for a beginner?

It is true the rupee varies in value, but the Indian civilian is independent of such fluctuations, being guaranteed a fixed rate of exchange. Every year sees the commencing salary increased by fifty rupees until in his fifth year the I.C.S., is drawing 800 rupees a month or nearly £1,000 a year.

This is in the inferior grade, but on completion of his fourth year of service the climber becomes eligible for promotion to the superior division, in which the initial salary is 1,000 rupees a month. With allowances this may total 1,300 rupees a month—equal to nearly £1,600 a year. And the recipient is probably not yet thirty years of age.

It is the ambition, however, of every Indian civilian to secure what is known as a special appointment, for example, commissioner, chief secretary, collector, member of board of revenue, district or sessions judge, from £3,000 to £5,000 a year.

The Indian civilian's retiring allowance remains at £1,000 a year after twenty-five years service or earlier in case of ill-health but with this difference:

Formerly 4 per cent. was deducted from the I.C.S.,s pay towards his pension. It is still to be deducted, but is now to be accumulated in a separate fund for his benefit without diminution of the annuity.

It used to be said that the moment a man passed into the Indian civil service he was worth £300 a year to his widow. He is now worth a good deal more than that.

Comment on the above is needless.

## Notes of the Day.

**Mandates and Parliament.**

Evidently the pressure of public opinion has forced the Government to come down from its position of irresponsibility to Parliament regarding the Mandates. Mr. Bonar Law has been fit to modify his former statement to the House and has been compelled to acknowledge that the latter has a right to know, if not to discuss, the terms of the mandate before they are submitted to the League for sanction. Mr. Law says the House would have an opportunity to alter or refuse to accept the mandate when the League, to which it has already been submitted, has sanctioned it. Is this not putting the cart before the horse? It would be more businesslike for Parliament to discuss the terms of the mandate first and come to a decision, and then submit the draft to the League for final sanction. The procedure adopted by Government entails unnecessary delay and references to the League. The attitude of the British Cabinet in the matter of these mandates has been in singular contrast with that of the French. The British Parliament, on whom will ultimately rest the responsibility of inflicting fresh burdens on the tax-payer ought to assert itself against the tendency, which has grown to a scandalous extent ever since the war, of the Cabinet usurping to itself the functions which legitimately belong to Parliament. Meanwhile, what about consulting the wishes of those whose national existence is being disposed of?

**Primary Teachers and Schools Committee.**

In connection with the notice given by Dr. Viegas on Dec. 9th to the effect that at the next meeting of the Corporation he would move "that the Schoo's Committee report on the desirability of the Municipal Primary Teachers having representatives on the Committee"—a promise which must now have almost fallen due—we offer some further remarks on the position of the primary teachers. They seem to us a thoroughly deserving class of public servants, who should receive special consideration from the Corporators on account of the importance of their work to the community at large and the inadequacy of their remuneration for performing it. If the human value of men's work became the test of payment, then a primary teacher would be paid more than a Minister of State or a Field-Marshal. Though that is never likely to become the case, the human value of their work ought to be realised and taken into account by those who, as the world now goes, control a large part of their destiny; and one objection to Dr. Viegas' motion which we hear has been already raised in certain quarters—i.e. that primary teachers are not by the accident of their profession worthy to sit with Municipal Corporators—seems to us offensive and unjust. The point is that they are experts on a subject with which the Schools Committee is much concerned, and therefore can be useful to the Committee. Their usefulness should be sufficient to outweigh any sense of derogation, or hysteric terror of contamination, from their presence, on the part even of the richest and most refined of Corporators. In short, we heartily approve of Dr. Viegas' motion, as a step in the right direction of showing due respect to men who do great work for little pay, and consulting experts in a matter which requires experience. In case the motion is adopted, we suggest that the repsesentatives of the teachers should be freely chosen by the Primary Teachers' Association.

**Indian Military Pupils.**

We give below the copy of a letter addressed by the Indian Military Students of the B. J. Medical School at Poona on Feb. 1st to the Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, and also of a previous letter of the D.G., I.M.S., concerning the said students, which have been sent to us for publication and comment. Comment seems unnecessary, the letters speaking for themselves. They cannot fail to interest our readers of the Bombay Presidency:

To The Personal Assistant to the Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay Poona.
Thro' the Superintendent, B. J. Medical, School, Poona.
Respected Sir,

We, the Indian Military Pupils of the B. J. Medical School, Poona, beg to place before you the following few lines for your favourable consideration.

We regret very much that our grievances regarding our stipends forwarded to you from time to time have never been considered by the D. G. I.M.S., Simla; but had only the favour of being insulted by him in his Memo. No. 86/221 dated 8th June 1921 addressed to the Surgeon General (Copy herewith attached) which states "It is not considered desirable or necessary to attract students of poor parentage, who presumably in the majority of cases are men of inferior social status." It is very much regretted that he had so soon forgotten how badly he wanted during the War the service of the Sub-Assistant Surgeons and the Indian Military Pupils who at his request volunteered their services and worked loyally and faithfully in the field.

We regret that unless our stipends are increased to Rs. 20 we cannot afford to continue as Indian Military Pupils as circumstances have changed since 1916, when our last increment was made. If the D.G., I.M.S is not willing to increase our stipends we would request him to kindly depend upon the students of Agra and Lahore Medical Schools (vide His Memo. No. 295-4364 dated 11-12.19) and need not depend upon the students of the Bombay Presidency, who in his eyes are men of 'inferior social status'

We beg to offer our heartfelt thanks to you and to the Superintendent, B. J. Medical School, Poona for the kind recommendations which you both made from time to time on our behalf and would most humbly request you to kindly arrange with the D.G., I.M.S., to relieve us of our Indian Military Pupilships and would request your permission to allow us to continue as Paying Students.

Thanking you once again for a favourable consideration.

We beg to remain,
Respected Sir,
Your most obedient student,
(Sd.) N. S. BALASUBRAMANIAM,
Fourth Year Senior Indian Military Pupil and President of the meeting of Indian Military Pupils held on the 1st instant.

No. 86/2221, Simla 8th June 1920.

From The Director General, Indian Medical Service, to the Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay, Poona.

Sir,—With reference to your letter No. B.-1765 dated 10th April 1920, I have the honour to state that in view of the fact that the number of applicants for the Sub-Assistant Surgeons Branch of the Indian Medical Department both at Agra and Lahore is far greater than the number of vacancies and that the stipends in question are given to assist pupils and are not intended to cover their monthly expenses, I cannot agree to the proposal to grant Military Pupils an additional monthly allowance of Rs. 3 as recommended by you.

It is not considered desirable or necessary to attract students of poor parentage, who presumably in the majority of cases are men of inferior social status.

With the greatly improved pay granted to Military Sub-Assistant Surgeons it is considered that in future there will be no difficulty in securing sufficient candidates of a good type and class.

I beg to remain, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
(Sd.) W. A. EDWARDS, Major-General, I.M.S.
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

**"So Far As Practicable."**

The resolution of Mr. Kamat, on the subject of committee's reports, as finally amended in the Legislative Assembly, is, we are afraid, too vaguely worded to prove effective. The resolution recommends that the Government of India "so far as practicable," should allow the Indian Legislature to discuss reports of committees before action is taken on them. The Government of India might well retort that they have all along allowed the Council to discuss such reports, "so far as practicable." This was, in fact, the contention of Mr. O'Donnell himself. Mr. Kamat would have been better advised if he had adopted the wording suggested by Sir Sivaswamy Iyer, namely, that Governmsnt should make it a point that wherever it was open to the Assembly to initiate discussion in this legislature, the House should be allowed an opportunity to do so. As Sir Sivaswamy Iyer pointed out, the Government of India had given no opportunity to the House for discussion of even such reports as those of the Hunter Committee and the Currency Committee. And yet Mr. Kamat and the "democratic assembly" are content again to leave it to the discretion of the same Government to decide what Committee's reports should be discussed and what not!

# TURKISH DEMANDS.

## GREEK PREMIER INVITED TO MAKE STATEMENT.

## LONDON CONFERENCE IN SESSION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 1 p.m., Feb. 26.

The Conference sat all day to-day. The Turks attended in the morning, Tewfik Pasha being absent through illness. Mustapha Reshid announced that both the delegations were in agreement that the Nationalist, Bekirsami Bey, should state his case. This demanded:

1913 frontier of Europe.

Fixing of frontier of Asia Minor by agreement between the Turkish and the Arab majorities in their respective districts.

Frontier on the east to be as before the war.

Tuko-Persian line and Turko-Armenian frontier to be as fixed in the recent Treaty.

The Governments of Angora and Erivan to return Smyrna to Turkey after evacuation by the Greeks.

Freedom of navigation in and demilitarisation of the Straits under Turkish Sovereignty.

Representation of Turkey on the International Commission for the Straits.

Protection of the minorities.

Recognition of Turkey's judicial sovereignty.

Appointment of a commission of foreign and Turkish jukish jurists to modernise the judicial system.

Sufficient military and naval forces to ensure international order and defend the coasts and the frontiers.

Reorganisation of the gendarmerie and assistance of the foreign officers.

Withdrawal of foreign troops from Constantinople and from Turkey after the ratification of the Treaty.

Complete financial and economic independence of Turkey.

Valuation of damages and mutual reparations.

The Conference then adjourned after, which it heard the Turkish statistical statement claiming that the Turks were in the majodity in Smyrna and Eastern Thrace, which should be assigned to Turkey.

After Turkish delegates withdrew the Conference invited M. Callogeropoulos to submit the Greek statistical statement with regard to Smyrna and Thrace.

### VENIZELOS LEAVES LONDON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 9 p.m., Feb. 26.

M. Venizelos has left London and now does not intend to confer with M. Caiogeropoulos.

### TURKO-BRITISH PRISONERS

#### QUESTION OF EXCHANGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 1 p.m., Feb. 26.

Mr. Harmsworth said that there were 22 British prisoners in the hands of the Angoraites, while a number of Nationalists were in British custody. The Angora Government had refused to discuss the release of the prisoners. He hoped that the matter would be settled at the present Conference.

### DEMANDS OF TURKISH DELEGATIONS

#### NAVIGATION OF THE STRAITS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. midnight, Feb. 26.

At the Near East Conference to-day both the Turkish Delegations read practically similar statements. They desired that all countries inhabited by the Turks excluding those in which Arabs were in majority should remain under the sovereignty of Turkey and were willing to concede minority rights to other nations, subject to similar consideration of Turkish minorities in other countries. They were also willing to concede freedom of navigation of the Straits, provided that Turkish Sovereignty was not affected.

Replying to Mr. Lloyd George, the delegates objected to the provisions of the Treaty dealing with Thrace, Smyrna, the Neutral Zone and the Straits and also the military, economic and financial control clauses.

### SMYRNA AND THRACE.

#### ALLIED COMMISSION OF INVESTIGATION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 2 a.m., Feb. 27.

The Near East Conference has decided to ask the Turkish and Greek delegations to-day, whether they are prepared to accept the result of the Allied investigation with regard to Smyrna and Thrace and subject to this to accept the remaining terms of the Treaty of Sevres. Acceptance of the proposal will involve an inquiry by an Inter Allied Commission.

### HOPE OF EARLY SOLUTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 2 a.m., Feb. 27.

A later message states that the proposal made at the Near East Conference to appoint a Commission of the British, French and Italian representatives to proceed to the spot and enquire into the questions of Smyrna and other matters, which were raised by the Greeks and Turks, is welcomed in the French and Italian quarters and it is anticipated that the Greeks and Turks will accept the proposal. Opinion is expressed in the Conference circles that this will bring a solution with the least possible modification of the Treaty of Sevres.

### TURKISH CLAIMS.

#### ALLIES TO AVOID EXTREMES.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27.

Newspapers are most sarcastic with regard to the arrogance of the Turkish claims at the Near East Conference yesterday. They point out that Turkey lost and did not win war. The proposal that an inter-allied commission should enquire into the question of Smyrna and Thrace has not evoked enthusiasm. It is pointed out that the question was exhaustively discussed at the previous peace conferences, but they admit that it is difficult for the Allies to take any vital decision with regard to the Treaty of Sevres at present, as the Greeks and the Turks are equally obstinate and the Allies are not inclined to proceed to extremes.

### NEAR EAST CONFERENCE PROPOSAL.

#### "DAILY CHRONICLE'S" COMMENTS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27.

Commenting on the Near East Conference proposal with regard to Smyrna and Thrace, the "Daily Chronicle" expresses opinion that the Turks may accept because they know that if they get Thrace and Smyrna there will be no power left to compel execution of other clauses. The paper fears possibility that the Allies may lose guarantee which installation of the maritime state of Greece in Smyrna and Thrace gave with regard to the Straits.

The "Daily Telegraph" scathingly denounces arrogance of claims of the Turkish delegations saying that the Turks are reckoning on a conflict between the Downing Street and the Quai d'Orsay, but Britain and France are not going to allow friction to develop over assumptions and ambitions of Turkish nationalism. Adjustment will be reached and may possibly be found in the decision of the Conference with regard to Thrace and Smyrna.

### ANGORA GOVERNMENT COMMUNICATED.

#### REPLY EXPECTED BY MONDAY EVENING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., Feb. 28.

On the Conference re-assembling, the Turkish Delegation, of which Tewfik Pasha is a member, was invited to express an opinion on the Allied proposal to settle differences of opinion between the Greeks and the Turks concerning the populations of Eastern Thrace and Smyrna, by the International Commission of Investigation in loco, conditional upon both accepting the results of arbitration and the remaining clauses of the Treaty of Sevres without any alteration. Further conditions included immediate cessation of hostilities, exchange of prisoners, and the provision of guarantees for the security of minority populations, pending the final conclusion of the Peace.

Mr. Lloyd George explained that certain points of the Treaty of Sevres, which had been affected by the march of events, for example the provisions with regard to Armenia and Kurdistan, would be discussed at the present Conference, and that other points could also be raised.

Bekirsami Bey, who was deputed to reply by Tewfik Pasha, made a statement, after which it was decided that members of the Delegation should hold a consultation and give their answer at five o'clock in the afternoon.

The Greek Delegation was next asked for opinion on proposal. M. Calogeropoulos stated that he had cabled to Athens for instructions.

#### AWAITING ANGORA GOVERNMENT'S INSTRUCTIONS.

Bekirsami Bey, during the evening, declared that he had no power to accept some parts of the Treaty of Sevres, and requested permission to communicate with the Angora Government from whom he would endeavour to obtain a reply by Monday evening. The Conference complied with the request in order to ensure complete justice between the Greeks and the Turks.

#### M. BRIAND ON REPARATIONS.

In an interview after the Conference adjourned, M. Briand referred to Reparations and intimated his complete willingness to listen to the German counter-proposals provided that they were reasonable, otherwise, he said, she would receive no quarter. If Germany was able to pay, well and good, but if she proved that she was unable to pay a mobile twelve per cent. exports tax, the latter could be varied accordingly.

### PARLIAMENT AND MANDATES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 9 p.m., Feb. 26.

The quesion of Parliament's jurisdictio over the mandates was again raised in the House of Commons at question time. Mr. Chamberlain decided that it was obvious that Parliament must decide what territory should be administered by Government.

## "CONVICTED REBEL AS MINISTER!"

### QUESTIONS IN COMMONS.

#### CHARGE AGAINST MR. MONTAGU.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27.

In the House of Commons Viscount Curzon referred to the Speaker's reply to a question he asked yesterday regarding the appointment of a "convicted rebel" to a high office in India. The Speaker's reply was to the effect that the Commons having practically given Home Rule the less it interfered with the Legislative Councils the better.

Viscount Curzon asked whether these rulings meant that when the country was given Home Rule no further question might be asked regarding details of administration. Sir W. Joynson Hicks, Capt. Ormsby Gore and Sir H. Craik also referred to the matter.

The Speaker replied that they were commencing New Era in India and he thought it extremely undesirable that the House should attempt to undertake functions of controlling and criticising responsible ministers selected and paid by the Legislative Councils. They had better begin by abstaining from asking questions or criticising Ministers selected under Statute by the Governor under powers given him by the House.

### LALA HARKISHENLAL'S SELECTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27

The "Morning Post" criticises Mr. Montagu for laying responsibility for the selection of Mr. Harkishen Lal on the Governor of the Punjab instead of on the Government of India.

The paper contends that the scandal is a proper subject for the House of Commons to consider. It asserts that Mr. Montagu is arranging matters so that the most dangerous enemies of the Crown are being given power in India while the loyalists feel insulted and betrayed.

### AIR FORCE OPERATIONS IN IRELAND.

#### PRESENT MONTHLY COST.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27.

An indication of the extent of air force operations in Ireland is indicated in a statement in the Commons by Mr. Churchill that the present monthly cost of a contingent there was thirty-three thousand sterling compared with three thousand in Constantinople, twenty-three thousand in Palestine and seventy-three thousand in Mesopotamia

### "BIGGEST AMBUSH IN IRELAND."

#### 14 MEN OF GOVT. FORCES KILLED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., Feb. 28.

What is unofficially described as the biggest ambush that has yet occurred in Ireland took place to-day at Coolevoke, near Macroom, Mid-Cork, ending in serious losses to Government Forces, of whom it is reported that fourteen have been killed. Three hundred Sinn Feiners entrenched themselves in the hills under cover of rocks and attacked seventy auxiliary police in motor-lorries under the command of Major Grant, who, with three of the police, is reported to have been shot dead. After a fierce combat, which lasted for some hours, the police were apparently driven back. They eventually carried off some of their wounded but were compelled to leave ten behind, who are presumed to be dead. It is believed that Sinn Feiners who were not dislodged from their position have suffered heavily. Strong Government reinforcements, supported by an aeroplane have proceeded to the spot.

## TELEGRAPHMEN'S GRIEVANCES.

### DEMAND FOR FRESH COMMITTEE.

### GOVERNMENT'S REFUSAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Feb. 26.

The Indian Telegraph Association, Calcutta has sent the following telegram today to the Secretary to the Government of India, Commerce Department, Delhi:—

"We much regret your refusal to appoint a committee. If it is felt that the Government's reasoning is sound, it follows that any sane committee would support such a reasoning. What objection coulds there be to giving the men a sporting chance? Your clear-line message brings merely under consideration the accepted recommendations of the committee which should long ago have been given effect to but which Government now seeks to repudiate on a question of interpretation, Government holding to an interpretation most injurious to the staff. The claims of the superior second division which were not considered by the Telegraph Committee have been poorly met. The block to their advancement is already acute being aggravated by a further recruitment of superior engineering officers before the surplus is worked off and on which their advancement entirely depends. Compared with the liberal provision for six military wireless operators, the pay of the most operators and higher ranks is inadequate aggravated by the fact that civilian performing identical wireless work during the war and just now at outlandish places are denied the same consideration. These are substantial grounds for discontent. Right or wrong, the Government should not fear the consequence of a committee; whereas a refusal would justify the impression that Government has a very bad case. I feel the road is still open for negotiations. A small committee at Calcutta, comprising an official of the Department, an outside commercial member, a member of the Telegraph Staff elected by the men and the General Secretary of the Association of any other composition, provided the men are properly represented will be welcome. I appeal for the last time."

#### GOVERNMENT'S REPLY.

"No. 1744.—Your telegram dated 2[illegible]th Government are unable to agree to the appointment of a committee to consider the claim for re-revision of pay, but they are willing to appoint a small committee to consider other items set out in the memorandum submitted by the deputation to the Hon. Commerce Member on the 19th."

#### AN OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

With reference to the threatened strike of telegraph operators the following facts are published for general information:—

In February last, the Indian Telegraph Committee was appointed to investigate revision of pay and conditions of service of the whole subordinate staff of the department. The General Secretary of the Indian Telegraph Association was a member of the Committee, which presented a unanimous report accepted by Government, practically without modification. The Committee, in explanation of the heavy cost of the revision, said that the proposals were intended to place matters upon a satisfactory footing for some years to come and to suggest such a standard of reforms as could not reasonably be followed, after a year or two, by discontent and agitation. Unfortunately, this hope has not been realised. On February 19th, 1921 Sir George Barnes received a deputation with the object of discussing certain subsidiary points that had arisen, but was confronted by a demand for immediate and complete revision of pay. It should be explained that there was a general revision of pay of telegraph operators with effect from December, 1918. The pay and prospects of the supervising staff were also substantially increased from March, 1919. In Febrbuary 1920 under the threat of an immediate strike the Committee referred to above was appointed to enquire into the pay and conditions of service of the whole subordinate staff. The revised pay recommended by the Committee was sanctioned with retrospective effect from December 1919.

#### INCONSISTANT WITH PUBLIC INTEREST.

Under the circumstances Government felt it was inconsistent with the public interest to entertain the demand. But, at a meeting of the Indian Telegraph Association held at Calcutta the following resolution was passed:—

"In the opinion of this meeting the results of the deputation are unsatisfactory and it is reluctantly compelled to represent that unless the claims for revision and the other items set out in the memorandum be reconsidered immediately by a specially appointed Committee, the Telegraph Association can accept no responsibility for any disorganisation that must arise if the prayer is not conceded."

Government is willing to give an early and sympathetic consideration to other points put forward by the Deputation received on the 19th, but they feel that they will have the support of the public in resisting the attempt now made to force upon them re-revision of the whole pay scale after so short an interval.

### DELHI MEN'S RESOLVE.

#### TO STAND BY THE ASSOCIATION.

(From our own Correspondent.)

DELHI, Feb. 26.

At a meeting of the representatives of the Indian staff, engineering, telephone and traffic clerks, line staff, delivery peons and telegraph operators held at Queen's Gardens, Delhi, this morning, Mr. D. M. Khot presiding, a resolution was passed by an overwhelming majority that they would stand by the Indian Telegraph Association in any action they might recommend, provided the Association gave an assurance that they would stand by them till the very last.

## STRIKE POSTPONED

### RAILWAY BOARD'S REPLY.

### FORMULATE SPECIFIC REQUESTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 27.

The General Secretary of the Railway Workmen's Association wired yesterday to the Viceroy the following telegram:—

"Refusal of the Railway Board to entertain the request for the appointment of a committee has resulted in the workmen deciding for themselves to adopt direct action, and as loyal subjects of His Majesty they have decided to work only emergency troop-trains, and to keep proper classes of passengers that may be stranded *en route*. Such manifestations of loyalty and goodwill call for exercise of prerogative of high office by granting the simple prayer, thereby averting what threatens to be a serious national catastrophe."

A telegram was received by the General Secretary of the Association from the Railway Board saying that the Government have discussed the matter with the Agent, E. I. Railway, and that if the Association would formulate specific requests, he would arrange a joint meeting with the agents of those railways to discuss such requests with the Association.

The question of proposed strike, it is understood, will be postponed.

### STRIKE "CONSIDERED POSTPONED."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 27.

Mr. Barton, as Secretary of the Railway Workmen's Association received last night the following communication from the Executive Committee of that Association at Allahabad:—

"Gidney offers mediation if we consent postpone action. Have replied agreeable, if he handles question on behalf of telegraph and railway members, but not as any particular community."

In these circumstances, Mr. Barton thinks that the contemplated action by the Railway Workmen's Association might be considered postponed.

The Telegraph Department is prepared to meet any emergency and if necessary railways and post office will combine to carry on a mail service as well as a telegraph service. Arrangements have been made even against an extensive railway strike. Aeroplanes will carry English mails and motor mail services will be established from Calcutta to Delhi, and probably from Delhi to Bombay. The Telegraph authorities point out that a section of men have prejudiced their case by passive resistance which has been practised for some time. Telegraphic traffic has been deliberately delayed and unwillingness had been shown to necessary overtime. On the other hand there is a section which is opposed to these tactics and this body of men are so considerable that attempts to take a ballot on the proposed strike have been abandoned since so many refused to give definite answer.

#### PRESSING FOR A COMMITTEE.

Mr. Barton replying to a communiqué issued yesterday by the Commerce Member wires:—"There are substantial grounds for discontent, right or wrong. Government should not fear consequences of a committee, whereas a refusal would justify impression that Government has a very bad case. I feel the road is still open for negotiations—a small committee at Calcutta comprising of an official of the Telegraph Department, an outside commercial member, as also a member of the Telegraph staff, elected by men and a General Secretary of the Association or any other composition, provided the men are properly represented. I appeal for the last time."

#### REPLY TO CALCUTTA R. W. ASSOCIATION.

The following reply has been sent by the Government of India to the Secretary, Railway Workmen's Association, Calcutta:—"Your telegram of the 24th. Resolution of your Association, dated 23rd February, indicates that the meeting was representative of railwaymen of Railways serving in Calcutta. Government have decided matters with the Agent, East Indian Railway. He is wiring to you direct, offering that if your Association will formulate specific requests he will arrange a joint meeting with Agents of those Railways to discuss such requests with the Association.

#### DELHI BRANCH'S SUGGESTION.

The Delhi branch of the Indian Telegraph Association, at an emergent meeting while expressing keen dissatisfaction with Government attitude, suggested an effort be made to stay dislocation of service pending the full case being placed before the public, especially commercial bodies.

### KALIGHAT SHOOTING ENQUIRY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 25.

At to-day's enquiry into the Kalighat shooting affair, two more European employees of the Calcutta Tramways Company were examined.

Mr. Edward Charles Stanmore, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, deposed to the messages that passed between him and the men at Kalighat at the time of the riot and his message asking for Police help.

Mr. Earnest Phillip Green, Traffic Assistant, who was on the spot at the time of the riot, corroborated the Anglo-Indian witnesses examined yesterday.

## THE LABOURERS' WOES!

### AN APPEAL TO THE DUKE.

### INVITATION TO VISIT "CHAMBER OF HORRORS."

The following Open Letter is addressed to H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught by the Acting Secretary, All-India Trade Union Congress, on behalf of Bombay Labour:—

May it please your Royal Highness,

We are emboldened by your Royal Highness' remarks about Indian workers and their difficulties in your speech delivered on the occasion of the opening ceremony of the Bombay Legislative Council, to address your Royal Highness on behalf of the organised workers of India. While welcoming the expression of your views which have into sympathetic consideration the sufferings as well as the aspirations of Indian workers we wish to declare emphatically that as far as the Government of India—a great employer of labour—and the private capitalists are concerned, your Royal Highness and ourselves (in the expression of sentiments of a highly idealistic tendency) are in a distinct minority. If the Government and the private capitalists do in reality voice your Royal Highness' sentiments desiring to meet frankly the problem of overcrowding and realize that "Manual workers are no longer content to live the lives of toil unrelieved by relaxation and a just share of the wealth which their labour produces" and recognise that the workers "are combining to win improved conditions for themselves and their dependants", then we must confess that they have failed utterly to translate your Royal Highness' speech surcharged with idealism into deeds pregnant with noble sense of humanity. How many Governments in India, how many employers of labour, realize "the cruel inequalities in the distribution of all that makes life worth living"?

#### HISTORY OF TRADE UNION MOVEMENT.

The history of the Trade Union movement in India has been one ceaseless conflict against the intransigence of officials and private capitalists. Far from encouraging "a movement towards agreement and for promotion of good feelings" the employers have resolutely set their faces against Union recognition. The struggle of the North-Western Railway Association with the Railway Board is but one series in the long chain of insolent insults heaped upon the workers or their representatives. Your Royal Highness is probably not aware that vengeance was wreaked upon women in delicate health and children stricken with disease—the wives and children of the North-Western Railway strikers forcibly ejected from their quarters because they dared to fight for Union recognition. The recent firing on Madras workers and Calcutta tramwaymen will not "promote mutual good feeling." On the contrary, the use of armed force in almost every strike is strongly suspicious of a desire on the part of the forces of law and order to side with Might and Wealth as against the workers,—their poverty and ignorance. If any further proof were needed of this attitude of mind of officials and employers we would call your Royal Highness' attention to the humiliating manner in which some of the Postal employees are being made to-day to repent of their "mistake" in going on strike—how they have to fall at the feet of some petty official and have actually to beg for mercy.

#### THE CHAMBER OF HORRORS.

But there are merely the outward signs of the weakness of Labour in India—weakness which has been engendered by the atrocious circumstances of its employment. Your Royal Highness has visited the Chamber of Princes. We would invite you to visit the Chamber of Horrors—the dungeon like chawls of the Bombay worker into which never a ray of light penetrates from year end to year end—and see for yourself how the evils of overcrowding are not merely due to "the limitations of geographical position." We invite your Royal Highness' attention to the lakhs spent towards the erection of a veritable palace for the Chairman of the Port Trust and the small fraction of that sum spent for the erection of tenements for hundreds of workers.

In the coal-fields of Bihar and Bengal there are thousands of men, women and children working in the fetid darknesses of coal mines on wages which range in many cases from 3 to 7 annas a day and where the average working day is of 12 hours for adults. Cattle live better than these human beings, ruthlessly exploited by foreign capitalists and absentee landlords. We are in a position to quote instances of certain employers in Bombay who are still working boys of 14 and average of 13 hours a day without a single rest period during the week—in direct contravention even of the inhuman labour laws of this country.

#### FAMINE AND SCARCITY.

Side by side with these terrible conditions struts the spectre of famine and scarcity throughout the land. It must have been a humourist who gave your Royal Highness the information contained in your Royal Highness' remark that for the agriculturists "your particular problem is their recurring distress in years of short rainfall." Famine in India has become endemic and the scarcity of rainfall is but one factor which the irrigation works can alleviate. But what can alleviate the sufferings of the masses due to the constant drain of millions upon their resources: "their increasing poverty due not only to their exploitation, but the unabashed financial policy of the Government. One need not delve into ancient history to corroborate these remarks. To-day papers announce the Hon. Mr. Shastri as having said in the Council of State "even the severest critic in the Government of India would not question the fact that on almost all occasions whenever economic interest of India came into collision with those of England or a section of the English people, the

(Continued on next page.)

## NAGPUR DISTURBANCES.

### OFFICIAL VERSION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAGPUR, Feb. 26.

The following press communiqué has been issued by the Central Provinces Government regarding the recent disturbances in Nagpur:—

In view of the picketting of liquor shops licensed by Government for the sale of intoxicating liquor and the interference by volunteers with the customers thereof an order was issued on the 21st February by the District Magistrate under Section 144 of the C. P. C. restraining the general public of Nagpur from obstructing and annoying persons lawfully resorting to liquor shops. One of the principal leaders of the movement, Dr. Paranjpye was also served with an order to refrain from inciting to picketting and such interference. On the 22nd Dr. Cholkar, a medical practitioner and Vice-President of the Nagpur Municipal Committee, was arrested by a warrant, under Sections 124A and 153A of the Penal Code, on account of a speech made by him at a public meeting at Nagpur some short time previously. The District Excise auctions were fixed for the following day, the 23rd. On the 22nd a large meeting had been held in the town, and there had been some little excitement chiefly on the part of youths and schoolboys over the trial of two Mahomedan volunteers for assaulting a native Christian and snatching away and breaking a bottle of liquor which he was taking home. A general *hartal* was observed on the 23rd. News was received that a meeting would be held in the compound of a pleader near the district office to protest against the liquor sales. It was not considered necessary to prohibit this meeting. The auctions took place according to the plan in spite of an attempt largely by schoolboys and youths to enter the auction place which was frustrated by the police.

MOB "GETTING OUT OF HAND."

At about 3 p.m. the crowd which had largely increased in number by the people from the meeting estimated at about 500 began to get out of hand and tried to prevent the removal to the jail of the two prisoners of the previous day, who were again up for trial. While arrangements were being successfully made for the removal of the prisoners, a portion of the crowd suddenly started beating one of the contractors, who had been bidding for the excise liquor shops. The District Magistrate with a few police forming part of a small force which had been brought up to keep the crowd away from the auction rescued the contractor, but this was the signal for stone-throwing at the police by the crowd. The District Magistrate then had the district office compound cleared by the police force. On his attempting to dispel the crowd off the roads round the district office heavy stone-throwing was started, and the Civil Surgeon (Col. Chapman, I.M.S.) who happened to drive into the middle of the crowd at that moment on his way to his office, was heavily stoned and received several injuries, but fortunately none were serious. He was rescued by the police. The crowd, however, were pushed back gradually by the available police force and eventually dispersed towards the city. Their attitude was still defiant, but no further collision with the police took place. Seven policemen and two European officers were injured in the stone-throwing (none seriously) and one Koshti had his leg broken by being knocked down by a police sowar. No other casualties among the crowd have been reported. The conduct of the small police force was admirable and they showed great forbearance under most difficult conditions.

A mob collected again in the city after nightfall and looted several liquor shops destroying the liquor and utensils, the available police force being insufficient to restrain them. A mass meeting was held that night. A small military force was requisitioned from Kamptee which arrived late that night and a strong police force was then marched into the city. Additional police from other districts arrived the next morning. The District Magistrate has prohibited all public meetings for a period of one month by an order under Section 144, Criminal Procedure Code.

INTERVIEW WITH PUBLIC LEADERS.

On the afternoon of the 25th the Deputy Commissioner interviewed the local leaders and informed them that all the force at his disposal would be fully utilized to enforce obedience to the order and to suppress any disturbance of the public peace and invited their help in restraining the mob. The leaders promised to do their best to avoid any violence. Some attempts were made to hold a meeting on the evening of the 25th, but the people dispersed on being informed by the police that meetings were prohibited and would be dispersed by force. There has been no disturbance since the night of the 23rd, but there is still some suppressed excitement amongst the more disorderly lower classes of the city population. Various wild rumours have been prevalent all of which are false. There has been no disturbance at Kamptee or elsewhere.

## DR. CHOLKAR'S CASE.

### ADJOURNED TO 8TH MARCH.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAGPUR, Feb. 26.

Mr. Dick, standing counsel, moved the Court for adjournment of Dr. Cholkar's case from the 3rd to the 8th. Mr. Abhyankar, Bar.-at-Law, objected on the ground that it entailed prolonged stay, in the jail, of Dr. Cholkar, and requested the Court to grant bail if the adjournment was granted, since there was no likelihood of his absconding. Adjournment was granted, but the bail was refused.

DR. PARANJPE'S CASE.

Dr. Paranjpe's case came on for hearing. Prosecution closed after the examination and cross-examination by Mr. Abhyankar of three prosecution witnesses, who were all police officers, although the prosecution list contained some liquor shopkeepers and customers. Dr. Paranjpe in his examination admitted that he delivered five lectures on temperance and had been present at others and that he suggested in his speech that volunteers should be appointed to advise people to abstain from drinking and to take down the names of those who did not listen to them and to report to the panchayat of different castes as desired by panchayats. The case was adjourned to second.

A PRIVATE INTERVIEW.

There was a private interview between the District Magistrate and the District Superintendent of Police and local non-cooperator leaders at the city police office.

## THE LABOURERS' WOES!

(Continued from Previous Page.)

Government of India stood against the people of India." And is it not a strange irony that yesterday the Government of Bombay—one of the wealthiest and prosperous Presidencies in India—should cursorily remark "this Government is further bound under rule 29 of the Devolution rules to make provision in the Budget every year of a sum of Rs. 63,60,000 for the relief of and insurance against famine"—and then proceed to allocate 10.67 lakhs for famine relief for this year? Is there any other country in the world where such expection of famine has become a general rule?

WHEN WILL THERE BE PEACE?

The trouble with India is her poverty, the exploitation of her peoples in interests of a few foreign and indigenous shareholders and landlords. The masses are now awake and claiming their rights. There can be henceforth no peace in India until "the cruel inequalities in the distribution of all that makes life worth living" are uprooted from this land realizing that with them must go dishonestly of the gambling stock-exchanges, the cruelty of semi-slave labour, the foreign exploiter and the blind bureaucrat. Then there will be peace.

I remain,
Your Royal Highness' most obedient servant,
D. CHAMAN LALL,
Acting Secretary,
All-India Trade Union Congress,
Fort, Bombay.

## LABOUR UNREST IN BROACH.

### POLICE POSTED AT MILLS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BROACH, Feb. 24.

Regarding the strike of the workmen of the Whittle Mills, the Associated Press correspondent, who had an interview with Mr. Thornely, Superintendent of the above Mills, understands that he (the Superintendent) wanted to have an amicable settlement to be arrived at soon without making much show of the troubles caused by the mill-hands.

At the Saraswathi Mills 50 of the 150 imported men have refused to work. A few machines are working here and there.

As a precautionary measure police have been posted at the three Whittle Mills and the Saraswathi Mills.

### MADRAS TRAMWAY STRIKE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Feb. 25.

In connection with the tramway strike it is reported that some strikers have appealed to the management to be re-entertained. A large number of men held a meeting to consider the situation. The President of the meeting informed the men that the Union officials had requested the Labour Commissioner to intercede on their behalf stating that the men were willing to resume work and abide by the conditions originally proposed by Mr. Powell, namely, that their grievances would receive consideration within a week of their rejoining duty. It is reported that Labour Commissioner has communicated the men's wishes to the management.

### MADRAS TRAM STRIKE ENDS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Feb. 26.

The Tramway strike came to an end to-day, unconditionally. With the exception of about a dozen men all were taken back to the workshop. In the Traffic Department, only about sixty men were taken back. Owing to the breakdown in the machinery and consequent want of enough current, the tram service is restricted and the whole of the traffic staff cannot be engaged. They have been given, it is understood, an assurance that when full traffic is resumed they will be taken on.

### MEN GONE ON STRIKE,

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Feb. 26.

Gunners, shunters, number-takers and menial staff of the O. and R. Railway are reported to have gone on strike.

### MATUNGA WORKSHOP STRIKE,

As advised by Mr. Jhabwalla, the strikers of the G. I. P. Railway Company's Matunga Workshop resumed work on Saturday and it is understood that the police is taking action against the officer who assaulted a worker.

The strike of the petrol workers are still continuing.

## Official & Personal.

Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Lady Chelmsford arrived at Delhi on Saturday.

At an investiture held on Sunday at Government House, his Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught conferred K.C.V.O. on Mr. Maffey; C.V.O. on General Worgan; M.V.O. on Mr. Petrie, Mr. Hector Kothavala and Captain Poyndar.—(A. P.).

Messrs. Gandhi, Lajpat Rai and C. R. Das are expected at Lucknow, on Feb 26th for the Khilafat Canference.

## JAPAN'S CONTROL OF ISLAND OF YAP.

### PRESIDENT WILSON'S PROTEST

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Feb. 26.

A Paris message states that President Wilson's note to the Council of the League of Nations declines to recognise Japan's control of the island of Yap on the ground that the island is an essential part of the Pacific cable system and that free use of it cannot be restricted or controlled by any power.

## ASCENDING MT. EVEREST.

### APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27.

In a letter to the press Sir Francis Younghusband appeals for funds to finance an attempt to ascend the Mount Everest. He says that the cost of the expedition is estimated at ten thousand sterling of which sum a quarter has already been raised.

## TROPICAL DISEASES.

### NECESSITY FOR RESEARCH INSTITUTES

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27.

At the first meeting of the Tropical Diseases Section of the Royal Society of Medicine, Sir Leonard Rogers who was elected the first President, pointed out a necessity in our tropical lands for a system of colleges for research and teaching. He quoted an instance of a great new school in Calcutta which would open in October as a unique example which should inspire efforts throughout the world.

## BRITISH INDUSTRIES FAIR.

### ADMIRATION FOR MORADABAD WORK

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27.

Their Majesties to-day visited the British Industries' Fair at White City and inspected the Government of India's Board of Industries' stand. The King expressed great admiration with Moradabad work from the United Provinces. The Queen purchased a beautiful set of four boxes from the Punjab, also specimens of engraved ivory and inlaid brass work.

### BISHOP OF LINCOLN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27.

A promulgated sentence of the Consistory Court deprives the Bishop of Lincoln of all promotions and emoluments relating to his office.

### CABLE ITEMS.

The Cup Tie replay between Chelsea and Plymouth resulted in a pointless draw after extra time, on Saturday.

Mr. Charles Edwin Odgers has been appointed a Puisne Judge for Madras in succession to Sir Abdur Rahim.

New York.—Mr. Hoover has accepted the portfolio of the Secretary of Commerce, but will continue as Director-General of the Allied Relief Administration.

A Paris message states that continuing their search for undesirables the Police on Friday morning visited ten hotels and other dwelling places making 45 arrests.

A meeting of the Commanders-in-Chief of China, East Indies and Australian stations will take place in Penang and not in Singapore and will probably begin on March 8th.

It is announced that Mr. Montagu has agreed to the retirement of Sir Arnold Wilson subject to the approval of the Govment of India. Sir Arnold Wilson has accepted the resident directorship in Mesopotamia, Persia and the Persian Gulf of Messrs. Strick, Scott and Company.

The National Service League was voluntarily wound up at a meeting in London to-day. On a motion by Lord Milner, who presided over the meeting, seconded by Lady Roberts it was decided that the remaining funds should be handed over to the Boy Scouts Association.

The Hon. Arnold Joost Keppel, second son of Earl Albemarle, ex-British Attache in Teheran has been secretly married to Miss Doris Carter, daughter of a merchant.

It is stated that the Air Marshal Trenchard will accompany Mr. Churchill to Egypt, to discuss the future position of the Royal Air Force in the East.

Messrs. H. Crosse and Blackwells have sold their London factory and are transferring their business near Burton-on-Trent where they have bought a factory erected by Government during the war for nearly a million sterling. The firm proposes to employ motor-transport entirely.

Field-Marshal Sir C. Egerton's funeral took place quietly at Highcliff near Christchurch. Mourners included Lord Grenfell representing the King, Lieut.-Col. Sir Cobbe representing Mr. Montagu, Sir Charles Bailey for India Council, Sir Arthur Reid, ex-Chief Judge of the Punjab, and Major-General Sir Bushman on behalf of Kabul-Kandahar march survivors.

Lord and Lady Pentland to-day gave a reception to the members of the Royal Asiatic Society and the East India Association. Lord and Lady Reading were amongst the guests present, as also were the Marquis and Marchioness of Aberdeen, Lord and Lady Carmichael, Lord and Lady Emmott, Lord and Lady Inchcape and Lord and Lady Pirrie.

## GERMANY AND ALLIED DEMANDS

### VON SIMONS' OPPOSITION WAVERING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON. Feb. 24.
Recd. 10 p.m., Feb. 26.

Berlin.—With the approach of the London Conference Von Simons' intransigent attitude appears to be wavering. Pressed at the Economic Council to say whether he was prepared to oppose an unequivocal "No" to the Allied demands. Von Simons recollected that the Paris decisions had not been brought forward at random but had been the result of fierce conflicts. He therefore urged taking into account the Allied unity in drawing up the counter-proposals, especially as French newspapers were saying that the London Conference was not called to discuss revision but the execution of Paris decisions in which case, Von Simons declared, the Conference would be futile.

## VIOLENT PAN GERMAN PROPAGANDA.

### FEARED OUTBREAK OF DISTURBANCES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 1 p.m., Feb. 26.

A Berlin message states that as a result of the violent Pan-German propaganda following upon the decisions of the Paris Conference, apprehensions are entertained of outbreak of disturbances in Germany during the London Conference and possibly even an attempted coup d'etat.

The "Allgemeine Zeitung" publishes a warning against heedless action, which would only renew foreign suspicion of Germany's military learnings.

### ITALY AND GERMAN INDEMNITY

CLAIM FOR HIGHER PAYMENTS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., Feb. 27.

Rome.—The Finance Commission of the Chamber in a Note to Sforza reflecting the views of the Chamber contends that Italy ought to receive at the minimum twenty per cent. of German indemnity instead of ten per cent. It argues that England, Belgium and Serbia are being excessively compensated and declares that the twelve per cent. German export tax proposal is detrimental to Italy and urges Britain to cancel Italy's and France's debt and to return the gold they sent to England at the outbreak of the war

### NO FEAR OF MILITARY AGGRESSION.

FRENCH WAR MINISTER'S STATEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 2 a.m., Feb. 27.

Paris.—During the debate in the Chamber on the Army estimates M. Barthou, Minister for War, declared that the French Army at the present time, need have no fear of military aggression on the part of Germany.

M. Doumer, Minister of Finance, declared that the Army had excellent war material and enough for a hundred divisions.

In his reply to M. Lefevre, former Minister for War, M. Barthou refused to state the number of France's divisions but assured the Chamber that the first measures of mobilisation were necessary to ensure the safety of France and would enable her to coerce an adversary unwilling to keep its engagements or to defend herself against this adversary's aggression. (Applause).

## GERMAN REPARATIONS.

### "WOULD ENSLAVE GERMANY."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON. Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27.

A Berlin message states that Von Simons in the course of his statement before the Economic Council repeated that the proposed indemnities and the export tax were tantamount to enslaving the German people He declared that a committee of the German experts had revised their first opinion that counter-proposals were impossible and were now prepared with suggestions which would afford a wider basis for agreement than the Paris decisions. These would be considered by the Cabinet. He concluded by asserting an impossibility of one country repairing losses of so many.

Referring to the article in Norddeutscher Allgemeine Zeitung expressing fears of further disorders in Germany, Simons uttered a warning against the political adventures declaring that such would be mercilessly crushed.

## REPARATIONS TO BRITISH EMPIRE.

### STATEMENT OF DELIVERIES IN KIND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 1 p.m., Feb. 26.

In the House of Commons Mr. Chamberlain stated that deliveries in kind up to present allocated by Reparations Commission to British Empire were 3131 tons of dyestuffs 304 ships with a tonnage of 1,508,000 of which 262 had been sold for £13,609,000 sterling from which amount £3,100,000 would have to be deducted for the expenses of the repairs. Mr. Williamson said that the War Office had received from Germany 346 million marks in local currency towards upkeep of the Rhine army.

## MINES AND MINE-OWNERS.

### NEGOTIATIONS ADJOURNED WITHOUT AGREEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27.

Negotiations with regard to the wages scheme between the miners and the mine-owners have resumed but have been adjourned without prospect of agreement The Miners Secretary, Mr. Frank Hodges says that the outlook is very gloomy. It is understood that the deadlock has arisen over the national wage system and unifying of industry. The Miners' Executive will consider the situation next week.

## DECONTROL OF COAL TRADE

### OPPOSITION OF MINERS' FEDERATION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON. Feb. 24.
Recd. 10 p.m., Feb. 26.

The delegates of the Miners' Federation, at a private conference, to-day passed a resolution protesting against the proposed decontrol of the coal trade and declaring that the Federation would oppose decontrol with every means in its power.

## SHIPOWNERS AND SEAMEN IN CONFERENCE.

### REDUCTION OF HOURS CONSIDERED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 9 p.m., Feb. 26.

Under the auspices of the International Labour Office, a Joint Conference of the shipowners and seamen of all the countries met in London to-day to consider reduction of hours. Discussions are expected to last a month and it is hoped that, by a careful re-adjustment of shifts, the views of both the parties will be met.

## UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT.

### PASSED BY HOUSE OF COMMONS FOR SECOND TIME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON. Feb. 24.
Recd. 10 p.m., Feb. 26.

During the discussion of the Unemployment Bill in the House of Commons to-day Government agreed to increase the donation to 25 shillings per week.

## INDIAN HOSPITALITY TO M. CLEMENCEAU.

### EXPRESSION OF GRATITUDE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27.

Mr. Montagu has received a cable from M. Clemenceau from Colombo expressing utmost gratitude for more than amiable reception accorded him in all the Government circles and extreme kindness of all during his tour.

Mr. Montagu replied assuring M. Clemenceau that India was proud to offer hospitality to one who had played so great a part in securing victory of the Allies.

## COLONIAL OFFICE.

### CHARGE OF MIDDLE EAST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Feb. 27.

The Colonial Office will take over the affairs of the Middle East on March 1st. A small department of fifteen experts is being temporarily formed to deal with Palestine, Mesopotamia, Aden and other areas within the British sphere of influence

## CAIRO VENGEANCE SOCIETY CONSPIRACY CASE.

### SENTENCES PROMULGATED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Feb. 26.

Cairo.—The sentences in the "Vengeance Society" conspiracy case are promulgated. Seven death condemnations including Abdul Rahman Bey, local secretary of the Egyptian Nationalist Delegation are all commuted to fifteen years' penal servitude. Fifteen sentences to various terms of imprisonment are reduced to periods varying from twelve to two years. The punishment of thirty lashes on eleven of the accused has been annulled.

## REFUGEE CAMP AT BAKUBA CLOSED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON. Feb. 24.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., Feb. 27.

In the House of Commons at question time, Mr. Harmsworth stated that the refugee camp at Bakuba was now closed; 24,000 Assyrians had been transferred to the camp at Mosul vilayet and 14,000 Armenians to the camp near Basrah. Britain at the present time was maintaining 6,000 Russian refugees for whom camps had also been established in Egypt and Cyprus.

Judgment in the Funeral Boycott Case, Delhi, has been postponed till the 1st March.—(A. P.).

A Calcutta message, dated February 25, quotes Exchange bank telegraphic transfer one shilling three and one-fourth pence and Demand Bills one shilling three and five sixteen pence.

## BOMBAY COUNCIL.

### BUDGET DISCUSSION.

### BETTER TREATMENT TO TEACHERS.

Further discussion on the Budget took place on Saturday in the Council. Most of the members were inaudible at the Press table in spite of the fact that they were reading from their "notes." There was not a single speech of outstanding merit. Rao Bahadur Kale of Satara gave a long discourse on economics and pleaded for retrenchments—the one cry that is repeatedly heard in the Council Hall. Even Mr. Chougale, who was reading his speech, asked that the cost of the administration should be cut down. Mr. Wadhumal appealed to the members to be public spirited enough not to take any allowances from Government but to offer their services free to the country. He also wanted the salary of both the President and the Deputy President to be cut down. The Council will meet again at 12 o'clock on Monday, when the general discussion of the Budget will continue.

A meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council was held yesterday, Sir N. G. Chandavarker presiding.

Mr. J. B. Patel spoke first.

Mr. M. A. Haveliwalla said it was the duty of the Government to cooperate with the members in meeting their wishes and views, and then there would be real cooperation. If economy had been observed by the Government they would not have presented such a budget to them and he thought that economy had not been observed. He thought the officials were paid sufficiently high and there was no necessity for providing them with housing accommodation, house rent and other allowances. They required a much larger police force in Bombay to look after the city's well-being and he hoped something would be done in that direction. He asked that the liquor shops in the city should be more evenly distributed, and he did not know on what basis they were at present distributed.

FINANCIAL CRISIS.

Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale said they should have possessed ample revenues for making reforms, but unfortunately even the small balances they had were all exhausted. They were now faced with a financial crisis, the like of which the Council has never faced for some years past and he doubted whether the Council would assent to the Budget which was presented to them. They must also think what the consequences would be in the future. What were they to do in the future? They could not approach the Government of India for doles, now that they were left to manage their own affairs. The Council must exercise its power of control and not merely stop at criticism of the Budget. He did not think the enormous increase in expenditure was justified by the results or the progress made by the country. They were, as representatives of the people, responsible to them for effecting economy. He hoped the Council would pay careful attention to the Budget and realise the danger of pursuing the policy which had now been initiated by Government. They had every desire to cooperate with Government and it was very unfortunate that on the very eve of the New Council they should demur to the grants asked for by the Government. When people had no money there could be no question of increasing the number of public servants and also at the same time increasing their pay. He asked whether when prices came to their normal level the salaries of officers, who had got large increases owing to a temporary rise in prices, would be cut down to their former figure.

Mr. A. P. Chongule of Belgaum complained that while the reserved subjects had been fostered the transferred subjects had been starved.

Rao Saheb P. G. Halkatti thought the high salaries now paid were not necessary.

SALARIES OF TEACHERS.

Mr. Wadhumal Oodharam said the salaries of primary teachers which were very low should be increased, as their condition was really pitiable. He hoped the Minister in charge of the department would give preferential treatment to the primary teachers in Sindh. He objected to the high salary paid to the President and said Rs. 4,000 per month was enough; he also hoped that members would be public spirited enough to refuse to take any allowances from the Government.

The Council then adjourned to 12 noon on Monday.

## LEAGUE OF NATION'S REPLY TO AMERICA'S NOTE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Feb. 28.

Paris.—Although the reply of the League of Nations to America's note is not yet completed, "Liberte" learns that the Council, in the course of a reply, declares its preparedness to hear America's observation, stated during the next session in May, meanwhile it is postponing decision.

The Council of the League of Nations has decided to create a special temporary Committee including Labour to examine the question of the world-wide reduction of armaments.

## S. AFRICA ELECTIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb 21.
Recd. 9 p.m., Feb. 26.

Cape Town.—The results of the Election for the Senate are:—South African Party 17. Nationalists 12 Labour 2

In reply to the telegram sent by H. E. the Governor of Madras, to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, the latter replied:—"Delighted to hear of your successful rally and of the strength of Scout movement in your Presidency."

# CALCUTTA LETTER

## NO CONVOCATION AS YET!

### N. C. O. IN FULL SWING

(From our own Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 21.

The city still swarms with non-cooperating students despite the "reopening" of very many institutions, and although Hare School boys have again been admitted and the Law College and Post Gradute students are attending in great numbers, the bulk of the non-cooperating boys hold aloof from their colleges, and there is no trace of the much-vaunted annual Convocation! Who knows that before the Viceroy the recipients of diplomas might not shout "Mahatma Gandhi ki Jai!" The Convocation is merely reported to have been "postponed", but the shops that make gowns for graduates are doing no business, and it can safely be said that the Convocation will not come off at all,—thanks to Mahatma Gandhi's visit to Calcutta.

After all the Post Graduate students are liable to come out any moment to join those that are still out, say at the next visit of the Mahatma, and the authorities will, in vain, attempt to impede the progress of Non-Cooperation. The Intermediate and B. Sc. Examinations have been postponed to take place in April instead of in March. The Engineering and Medical Colleges continue to keep their students in obedience save for 22 Medical students of the main Calcutta Medical College who non-cooperated. The Medical College at Belgachia (near Calcutta) and the Veterinary College were closed. But there was a date for "reopening". I do not remember this date.

**National Colleges.**

In addition to the popularity of the Amherst St. National College, the larger one in Wellington Square, lately opened by the Mahatma, is growing in popular favour and I have to record great in flux of students there. About two thousand boys have been reported to have deposited their admission fees there. The New Indian School in Cornwallis Street under the Calcutta University, seeing all its boys out, introduced the spinning wheel into every class, and the boys returned there. It is quite an eye opener to other institutions, and in the course of the next few days we might behold other institutions, now closed, reopened with "Charka Classes."

**Dread of the Wheel.**

Seeing the spinning wheel now definitely seated on the throne of modern cloth-making machinery, and observing thousands of Charkas valued Rs. 5 or so each, being sent by train into the interior through Sealdah Station, suspicion and a gloomy temper may develop into bloodthirsty propensity in Manchester and Lancashire. The bureaucracy raged against its own subjects before, during the boycott days of (Sir) Surendranath Banerji, and there is no guarantee that this time in a fit of jealous fury it will not do something rash. Forget and forgive is the lecture delivered by His Rowal Highness and others, and yet simultaneously with it shooting took place at Kalighat; and even the over-loyal "Bengalee" said that this kind of action gives an opportunity to the "agitator" to carry on N.C.O., to their heart's satisfaction. Lord Sinha has already issued his stringent orders, and the news sent by me in my last letter that the magistrates are reddening their eyes and that they will now act like lions attacked by hunters backed by Government instruction keep pace with the increased passion among the Bengalis for the spinning wheel, which is now more than ever the favourite amusement of the people. The by no means brutalising effect of the Kalighat shooting on the public mind is heightened by the mock lectures of "Forget and Forgive," and the vernacular evening paper "Nayak" has a cartoon of "India's weapon" depicting a wooden "Charka" with thread attached, handled by a raged Indian against British Maxim gun. Indeed it is the firm conviction of non-cooperating Bengal that watchful Manchester and broody Lancashire which absorb India's tolls are gravely agitated at the outbreak of India's refusal to purchase their stuff and they must see that the Indian Bureaucracy afford them effectual protection by aeroplanes or Martial Law. Hence wildest rumours prevail in Bengal to the effect that the Bureaucracy is about to strike and—alas!—a Bengali among them ruling over the ancient city of Patna! A record number of ships are reported at Calcutta Port, jammed together unable to discharge their cargo as Marwarees cannot take delivery of foreign cloths, and every shop owned by Bengalis in Cornwallis and College Streets refuses to sell or stock "Bilati Dhoti." "If you want justice for India, strike at Manchester!" is the remark of many a Bengali, and the wooden Charka made by the illiterate Bengali village woman would achieve Swaraj!

**Grave Concern of The Bureaucracy**

The Calcutta University can no longer be strictly said to be itself now: it is under the clutches of the Government. We cannot believe that all the great colleges closed down so suddenly last month, and the indecision about Convocation whereat the Viceroy was to have presided, and the postponement of the examinations were carried out without Government orders or consultation, and the students' strike is avowedly a political move. By introducing the Charka, many students can be enticed, but by that Government would be rousing the warlike passions of mill owners, and each piece of decision, whether shooting at tramway strikers or magisterial compulsion to send boys to school tends to increase the terrible nature of N.C.O., and aggravate the rumours about Martial Law. I have heard from many people that there is absolutely no certainty about the examinations taking place at all, and they may unavoidably be put off and off. An Act to declare the Charka illegal is the only energetic step for the Bureaucracy to take.

**"Slightly Better than Crawling!"**

There are black sheep in every fold: and the rest cannot be termed black too. Today colleges "reopened" under circumstances of unparallelled humiliation to which about 20 per cent. of the strikers subjected themselves. To cite one instance there were 6 Indian policemen under a European Sergeant at the gate of the City College, Principal Heramba Maitra being the head of this Institution. While the bulk of the boys held aloof a few did enter as if on their knees through this small file of policemen placed there to restore order! Whether the College authorities asked for police assistance, or the Government sent them I cannot say. The on-lookers hooted the boys as they entered under police protection and police frown, and one of the beholders shouted "Wedgewood! Wedgewood! The Punjabis are vindicated! This is but slightly better than crawling on all fours!"

Other colleges are also reported to have summoned police assistance, and the boys that did join class, "crawled" with their heads hanging on their breasts. This is bound to raise at once from satirical remarks a criticism that will drive all these boys from the colleges again. Probably the tender minded boys did not realise the insult heaped upon them by the presence of the police: probably they thought like the crawling Punjabis that discretion was the best part of valour under the nose of the police. This uneventful week promises colossal development which should divert the interests of the students from servile devotion to their text-books and truckling for university favour. The "Bengalee" may publish a poem in honour of the Duke, the councillors may bend obsequiously to the will of the bureacracy, but on sober thought boys will never forgive their Bengali Principals who manifest pliant acquiescence in the theory of police help and a general impulse towards overawing.

**Tramway Shooting**

Meetings have taken place at various centres in Calcutta urging the boycott of tramcars should they ever commence running again. This is in view of the fact that Eurasian drivers and conductors have been employed who are not likely to treat Indian passengers in a respectful manner. Other meetings have been held condemning the shooting at innocent people during the tramway "riot." Rae Bareli and Kalighat do not tally with the request of "Forget and Forgive," and it is openly asserted that when Britan incited that Germany must guarantee a non-repetition of her past exploits and evil designs and that Britain and the Allies could not forget and forgive as stated by Mr. Lloyd George and others, India has the same right to demand guarantee that Amritsar would not be repeated and that this alone could be legitimately followed by a request to forget and forgive. Some busses run for office people, and the city has resigned itself to the fact that people can do without tram cars. And that aeroplanes and trams that give rise to shooting and bombing are undesirable adjuncts to India's progress.

**New Items**

A great many wine-shops in Calcutta are closed: one in Machua Bazar Road showing its barred door and signboard. "English Wine" bears an additional placard "Gandhi Maharaj ki Jai!"

A wine shop in Bow Bazar Street generally infested by respectable hardworked people returning from places of work every evening is still open: but the number of visitors has been so much reduced that it is bound to be closed too, the landord supplies outlets free to entice customers.

It is stated that Gandhi Maharaj is going to prevent Bengalis from going to the Races and lose their hard-earned money to enrich the Turf Club.

Arrivals from England state that several thousand unemployed in London had a chat with a distinguished Bengali gentleman whom they asked about India's condition. On being told the brand truth some of the London unemployed said "We want Gandhi to lead us!"

A great Jajna or religious festival is being conducted in Behar to free the people from "sin," owing to which famine and high prices prevail in India.

It is generally believed by the masses in Bengal that God has made Mahatma Gandhi "bullet proof". Should Martial Law be declared in Calcutta, Mahatma Gandhi would be none the worse for it.

Many are afraid of the Mahatma's health failing. A deputation is forming to wait upon Mahatma Gandhi to induce him to take more substantial food than is his wont. Some physicians are said to be organising this. The Hon. Mr. Bhupendranath Basu paid a visit to the Mahatma.

Some of the post Graduate Classes achieved a complete victory like other colleges. The classes for mathematics, history, philosophy, English, Arabic, Bengali, Pali, Sanskrit, anthropology about two thousand strong have been closed sine die "Owing to the tramway strike!!!" as the notice says.

The strike at Lillooah E. I. R. Workshop of 10,000 men originated in the following way: the men wanted a holiday "to proceed to Calcutta to see Gandhi Maharaj" which being refused the usual shout of so many throats "Gandhi Maharaj ki Jai" was heard, and the men marched out to meet a strong force of military police.

## DAMAGE TO A FAMOUS TOMB.

(Associated Press.)

AGRA, Feb. 26.

Lovers of art and the beautiful will regret to hear that the exquisite mother o' pearl work which forms the setting of the famous tomb of the Saint Sheikh Sulim Chisti at Fatehpur Sikri has been damaged by an accidental fire. Some people suspect incendiarism due to various causes. It is hoped the matter will be thoroughly investigated and steps taken to restore the damage done to one of the most beautiful ancient monuments in India.

## JALLIANWALLA BAGH MEMORIAL.

### TOTAL EXPENDITURE RS. 5,53,000.

Since publication of the last list the following further subscriptions for the Jallianwala Bagh Memorial fund have been received:—Jharia Rs. 260, Pakkakuan Rs. 70, Amritsar Rs. 462, Lakhan Kalan Rs. 100, Hoshiarpur 700, Sialkot Rs. 229, Calcutta Rs. 590, Ahmedabad Rs. 4,550, Aust Astoria (America) Rs. 50, Banajora Rs. 57, Allahabad Rs. 760, Lahore Rs. 125, Bombay Rs. 54,933, Karachi Rs. 2,726, Thaton Rs. 55, Hafizabad Rs. 2,527, Burdwan Rs. 100, Madras Rs. 1,181, Patna Rs. 1,594, Muttra Rs. 150, Sukkur Rs. 501, Agra Rs. 159, East Africa Rs. 550, Sirsa Rs. 100, Persia Rs. 310, Bilorana Rs. 57, Yeotmal Rs. 214, Delhi Rs. 100, Burma Rs. 1,720, Kirham Rs. 110, Amraoti Rs. 150, Jam shedpur Rs. Rs. 49, Maidani Neptun Rs. 170, Manila (Phillipine Islands) Rs. 920, and Nairobi (Africa) Rs. 3,549. Small sums amounting to Rs. 295 received from other places.

The total sum realised upto the 31st Dec. last was Rs. 749,466/8/4. The contributions from various provinces are as under:—Pumjab Rs. 220,776/4/2, United Provinces Rs. 37,736/12/6, Bengal Rs. 33,731, Bombay Rs. 36,980/8/11, Central Provinces Rs. 3,371/8/6, Behar Rs. 3,875/11/3, Behar Rs. 3,954/9, Madras Rs. 14,965/8/3, Sindh Rs. 37,479/1/11, Delhi-Ajmer-Marwara Rs. 5,545/9, Burma Rs. 6,197, Native States Rs. 1,148/14/3, Anonymous Rs. 1,236/1/6, Miscellaneous Rs. 9,643/4/9 and interest from Banks Rs. 2,605/14/3.

Office expences for the same period under the following heads amount to Rs. 1,700/8. Telegrams Rs. 469/12, Postage Rs. 110/10, Printing charges Rs. 472/5, Establishment Rs. 574/10, Exchange, Cost of Cheque Books and Interest Rs. 45/7/6, Stationery 47/0/6, and Miscellaneous charges Rs. 40/9.

After adding Rs. 551,497/8/9 the value of the Bagh to the above, the total expenditure comes to Rs. 553,197/8/9, leaving a balance of Rs. 226,221/4/6, of which Rs. 1,90,000 are placed in fixed deposit in the Central and Punjab National Banks and the remaining Rs. 36,221/4/6 in current account to meet uncashed cheques, towards the cost of the Bagh and other miscellaneous charges.

SUGGESTIONS FOR MEMORIAL.

The Auditors appointed have been requested to check the accounts and as soon as this is done, a certified Balance Sheet will be published. Suggestions are being invited for the form the memorial should take Out of the funds in hand the Committee has decided to set apart one lakh as permanent reserve fund from the income of which necessary repairs and maintenance charges of the memorial after its construction will be met with to keep it in good condition, independent of any fresh help in the future. After the deduction of reserve balance at the disposal of the Committee about Rs. 1,26,221 is left which is quite insufficient for the erection of a suitable memorial, worthy of the whole country. All those who have not yet paid their promised donations, will kindly remit same without any delay, as unless the Committee knows exactly how much money there will be at its disposal it is difficult to decide finally what form the memorial should take. Tw and a half lakhs roughly are still required to complete th original appeal of the Committee for ten lakhs. Sympathisers, especially in Amritsar, Lahore, Jullundur Bombay and other places, who have still to pay their generous donations, are requested to exert themselves in right earnest for keeping evergreen the memory of the great sacrifice on the 13th April at the altar of our motherland, which ordeal through blood and fire has roused our consciousness, lent great impetus to national movement for Swarja and purged us all free from trivial differences in having borne common sufferings and privations, and blended all communities as combined worshippers for the glory and liberty of Bharat Mata. It is incumbent on one and all to pay our debt of homage as quick as possible to sacred martyrs of Jallianwala Bagh. The fateful auspicious and epoch making Baisakhi day is drawing nearer, and it will not behove the country to let another year pass by without collecting the money fully to fulfil the solemn resolve made.

## CAUSES OF DISLOCATION OF INDIAN TRADE,

### LORD LYTTON'S EXPLANATION

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., Feb. 27.

Lord Sydenham in the House of Lords asked whether the adoption of the Indian Currency Committee's recommendations had led the Indian exchequer to losing 35 crores by the exchange and also to the disorganising of import and export trade, causing Indian exchange to fall from 28 pence to 16 pence. Lord Lytton agreed that the figures were substantially accurate but it would be incorrect to regard the adoption of the Committee's recommendations as the main cause of the present dislocation of Indian trade, which was due partly to world causes and partly to local conditions which led to excess of imports compared to exports. The latter was to some extent the reaction after the curtailment of imports to India during the war Taking into account the present trade position and the Secretary of State's sterling resources in relation to his commitments, the resumption of sale draft on London would at the present time be unjustifiable. Lord Lytton pointed out that all other currencies were similarly unstable, but the Secretary of State was paying very close attention to the whole matter with a view to ascertaining whether further action would be required.

An Allahabad message of February 26 states that the final of the All-India Hockey Tournament was played to-day, the contesting teams being the North-Western Railway and the Jamalpur Detachment. The North-Western won by two goals to one, but it was not an easy victory as the Jamalpur team showed very splendid mettle and combination.

# INDIAN ARMY PROBLEMS

## REDUCTION OF STRENGTH CONTEMPLATED

## METHODS OF RECRUITMENT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 9-30 p.m., Feb. 26.

The matter of reductions in the Indian Army has led to numerous questions being addressed to Mr. Montagu in the House of Commons.

This afternoon in his replies to Sir J. D. Rees and Sir William Joynson-Hicks, Mr. Montagu said there were 39 Indian Cavalry regiments and 132 battalions of infantry and pioneers in India and Aden in 1914 and there were also 6 Indian infantry battalions in overseas garrisons at that time. Arrangements are now being made to maintain in India 21 Indian Cavalry regiments and 132 battalions of Indian infantry and pioneers with a somewhat reduced establishment and also certain Indian cavalry and infantry units which are employed overseas. The question of the final post-war strength of the army in India was engaging the close attention of the Imperial Government and he hoped to make a statement on March 9th. Meanwhile, he said, no further reductions were contemplated.

Replying to Mr. Page-Croft, Mr. Montagu declared that there would be very considerable reduction in the Indian Cavalry regiments, but no reduction had yet been sanctioned on which there had been any sort of dissension in the Government of India.

RECRUITMENT IN INDIA.

Col. Yate asked if there was a deficit of 12,000 men under Auxiliary Force Bill. Mr. Montagu, replying in the affirmative, pointed out the necessity of delay in recreating a force which had been temporarily recruited during the war, but it was hoped that 32,000 men which would be the approximate strength would be recruited by the 31st of March. Mr. Montagu said that Compulsory enlistment would be instituted when the Government of India said they could not raise the requisite force voluntarily, but at the present time recruiting was proceeding in a most satisfactory manner In a further reply, to Col. Yate, Mr. Montagu said that the Indian Defence Force totalled 33,451 men last October.

## INDIA IN PARLIAMENT.

### GRIEVANCES OF INDIAN POLICE.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON, Feb. 23.
Recd. 9 p.m., Feb. 26.

Replying to Sir W. Joynson-Hicks in the House of Commons this afternoon, Mr. Montagu gave particulars of disbandment of Indian Cavalry regiments in 1919 and 1920 none of which were pre-war units and whose establishment amounted to 2160. He thought that Sir W. Joynson-Hicks' request to see that these men were not returned to their homes would form a focus for discontent. It was a most important matter for the Government of India's consideration.

In his reply to Mr. Guinness, Mr. Montagu stated that the revised rates of pay for all the services mentioned in paragraph fifteen of the Indian Army Order 868 including the Royal Engineer Officers serving with Sappers and Miners had been sanctioned with effect from July 1st 1919.

Replying to Sir William Davison, Mr. Montagu said he had received memorials from the Indian police to the Viceroy regarding their grievances and also reports from most of the local Governments on the subject. He expected to receive the Government of India's recommendations very shortly, when they would be carefully considered.

## INDIAN ARMY CONDITIONS

### NEED FOR IMPROVEMENT

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. midnight, Feb. 26.

In reply to a question in the House of Lords, Lord Lytton said that some of the recommendations with regard to the improvement in the conditions of Indian Officers and men had already been approved and others were being considered. The question of carrying out these recommendations depended upon when financial provision could be made. He was unable to say more until the budget which was now under consideration was finally dealt with. Lord Lytton appreciated the necessity of ensuring contentment in the Indian Army.

HIGH INDIAN MORTALITY.

Lord Tenterden drew attenion to the high rate of mortality in India as the result of lack of milk which was due to a large number of the cows being slaughtered. Lord Sydenham denied that high mortality was due to this cause and expressed the opinion that restrictions in killing cattle would occasion resentment amongst poor people in India and moreover, he said, subjects of this kind were now under the juriediction of Indian Ministers and Government did not intend to interfere with them.

## WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY IN INDIA.

### INDIA TO FORM LINK IN IMPERIAL WIRELESS CHAIN.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. midnight, Feb. 26.

Replying to Col. Yate in the House of Commons with regard to the progress of wireless telegraphy in India, Mr. Montagu stated that eighteen wireless stations were available for public correspondence in India and with ships in the adjacent waters. He declared that for the purposes of external communication, especially with Britain, a station in India would be included in the Imperial Wireless chain, the construction of which was at the present time being considered.

Replying to a further question by Col. Yate, Mr. Montagu said he was making enquiries as to the extent to which the British residents' dissatisfaction with regard to the administration of the Arms Act had been allayed by the recent statement by the Government of India on the subject.

Mr Clough asked whether, in view of the possibility of godown and warehouse accommodation in Bombay and Calcutta being inadequate for the vast amount of goods imported into India of which delivery was refused by Indian dealers owing to the depreciation of the rupee, unused Government buildings could be temporarily placed at the disposal of the importers. Mr Montagu replied that he would communi-

## PRINTING OF GOVT. OF INDIA REPORT

### QUESTION OF EXPENSES RAISED.

(Reuter's Special Service.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 1 a.m., Feb. 27.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Gwynne asked whether the costly printing of even trivial reports from the Government of India to Mr. Montagu was necessary. Mr. Montagu replied; as many copies were necessary and the cost of printing in India was considerably less than in Great Britain he doubted whether the saving effected by not printing the despatches would counterbalance the inconvenience so caused. He added that a considerable mass of correspondence was not sent in print.

In reply to Mr. Thomas Bennett, Mr. Montagu stated that preliminary action had been taken in the Couchman Committee's Report on the purchase of stores for the State, but he had not yet received the Government of India's detailed proposals.

## MOTOR ORDERS TO FOREIGN FIRMS.

(Reuter's Special Service.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 1 a.m., Feb. 27.

Replying to Mr. Robert Young who asked why Indian Motor Ambulances had been ordered from a foreign firm, Mr. Montagu stated that 115 F.I.A.T. chassis ordered were surplus Italian Government stocks, British firms required months to deliver, whereas the Government of India required an immediate supply. He added that British firms were now constructing sample vehicles of a type similar to F.I.A.T. for despatch to India for trial.

## LALA HARIKISHAN LAL'S APPOINTMENT.

### MR. MONTAGU'S REPLY TO QUESTIONS IN COMMONS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Feb. 26.

In the Commons replying to Sir W. H. Davison and Viscount Curzon regarding the appointment of Mr. Harkishan Lal formerly sentenced for participation in the 1919 rebellion, as Minister in the Punjab, Mr. Montagu said that the proper place to consider the title of ministers to the confidence of legislatures was in the provincial councils. The Speaker intervened when a number of other questions were put in this connection. He said that the House of Commons had given practically Home Rule or something akin to Home Rule to the Councils and the less it interfered with the Councils the better. Mr. Montagu said that of course this nomination was made by the Governor of the Punjab without suggestion from the Imperial Government or the Government of India. As a matter of fact he never knew of the appointment until some time later. He submitted that the Punjab legislature had remedy in their own hands if they thought Mr. Harkishan Lal unworthy of confidence.

## THE RULE FIVE.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 10 a.m., Feb. 27.

In connection with the case of Lala Harkishan Lal, the "Morning Post" says that the Commoners concerning themselves with India contend that persons such as Lala Harkishan Lal cannot be eligible for election to the Councils, much less be Ministers by reason of the promise given by Mr. Montagu in the Commons on July 21st that Rule Five of the rules for elections to the Councils did not apply to persons whose sentences, had been remitted by the Indian Executive in pursuance of His Majesty's directions for the exercise of clemency.

## DOMINIONS' PRESENTS TO PRINCE OF WALES

### EXHIBITION AT IMPERIAL INSTITUTE

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON. Feb. 24
Recd. 10 p.m., Feb. 26.

The Prince of Wales has arranged that his Dominions presents and addresses shall be exhibited at the Imperial Institute to which the Admiralty are lending a model of the "Renown", the Princes Standard and other flags flown during the voyage. By desire of the Prince of Wales the proceeds will be devoted to the Boy Scouts Association.

## DUKE OF CONNAUGHT'S PROGRAMME

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON. Feb. 24.
Recd. 10 p.m., Feb. 26.

Toulon.—It is announced that the Duke of Connaught will arrive at Ville Franche sur-Mer aboard the Malaya on March 17th. His Royal Highness will be officially welcomed on behalf of M. Guisthau, Minister of Marine and the Maritime Prefect.

# BRITISH CABINET CRISIS.

## DIFFERENCE OVER IRISH REPRISALS.

## SERIOUS SPLIT FEARED.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., Feb. 26.

The "Daily Sketch" states that there is a serious difference of opinion in the Cabinet over the Irish question. Several Coalition Ministers strenuously object to the policy of reprisals particularly the conduct and status of the Black and Tans. Unless new decisions are taken quickly, says the paper, a serious split in the Cabinet is inevitable. It is suggested that the Black and Tans should be disbanded or brought under military discipline and that a Supreme Court should be established to hear appeals against the Court Martial decisions.

## THE CROZIER AFFAIR.

### SIR HAMAR GREENWOOD'S STATEMENT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 1 p.m., Feb. 26.

The Crozier affair was the subject of further questions in the House of Commons to-day. Sir Hamar Greenwood denied that the cadets had returned to duty reiterating that they had been sent back to enable a complete investigation to be made. The suggestion that Crozier's letter was due to the frustration of his efforts to secure a high standard of discipline was unfounded. The fact was that through the miscarriage of Tudor's letter Crozier thought that he had been ignored but he was not.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said he was bound to support the Chief of the Police, especially in view of Crozier's unwarranted statement that indiscipline was being condoned. The speaker accepted a motion by Mr. Redmond to adjourn the House for the purpose of a debate but suggested postponement for a week in order not to delay the passage of the Unemployment Insurance Bill. This was agreed to.

## ROBBERY BY MEMBERS OF BRITISH FORCES IN IRELAND.

### 62 ARRESTED SO FAR.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 1 p.m., Feb. 26.

Sir Hamar Greenwood stated that 62 members of the forces in Ireland had been arrested for robbery and other offences since January 1st.

## "MAINTAIN DISCIPLINE DESPITE PROVOCATION."

### IRISH C.-IN-C'S ORDER TO TROOPS.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 10 a.m., Feb. 27.

Further coldblooded murders of police and soldiers are reported from Ireland.

General Macready, Commander-in-Chief, has issued an order to the troops to maintain discipline despite terrible provocation, saying that undoubtedly the crimes are a deliberate attempt to tempt the troops to break discipline and so to assist the scurrilous campaign of propaganda on which the rebel leaders rely for sympathy.

## ANGLO-JAPANESE RELATIONS

### COMPLETE REVISION TO BE UNDERTAKEN.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Recd. 10 a.m., Feb. 27.

The "Daily Mail" states that a complete revision of the Anglo-Japanese relations will be undertaken shortly in consultation with the Dominions.

## "FALLING BY ITS OWN WEIGHT."

### MESSRS. MONTAGU'S SILVER REPORT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Feb. 24.
Recd. 10 a.m., Feb. 27.

Messrs. Montagu's report states that silver is falling by its own weight. Exports from the Far East had ceased, the Continent was holding off and India alone remained, to which we could look with any degree of reliance as the possible absorber. This ultimate resource has now failed to afford a substantial support, owing to the action of the American banks inundating the bazaars to such degree as to undermine their confidence. The continued fall of rupee naturally discourages the optimistic views regarding the future. Sight should not be lost of India's ancient affection for silver, a return towards pre-war value of which ought to stimulate the exports of gold.

So far as China is concerned, visible and invisible stocks are over-ample for actual needs. If India parts with gold in large quantities it will conduce to a return to the effective gold standard in the United Kingdom, but it would further depress the London value of silver, which might have a sentimental effect in reducing the value of rupee

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*Poona City*, 11-2-1921. Sincerely Yours, (Sd.) Shridhar Balwant Tilak.

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## DR. SAPRU'S OPPORTUNITY.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—There stands in the name of Mr. Samarth a Resolution asking for the removal of race distinction in the Criminal Law of India, to be moved on the second proximo. It stands fifth on the list prescribed for the day but is the most important and with the exception of the resolution re the export of cattle is the first important resolution. It has been the boast of the British Administration that in the eyes of law all are alike. Experience has shown the contrary. Now there is the talk of all removal of racial inequality and a call for cooperation. To that call the Nation has given its reply. The removal of racial inequality is a matter entirely in the hands of the Government. The present Law Member Dr. Supru said on the eve of his departure from humble Allahabad to the giddy capital that he would stand against all distinctions and discriminations based on racial grounds. This was Dr. Supru's first opportunity, and the least he could do to demonstrate that he has not still eaten his words was *to accept the resolution* all the more easily because it had been moved by an unaMoyed moderate. After all Dr. Supru has not preserved himself!—Yours, etc.

P. R. LELE.

## BOMBAY POSTMEN,

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I have seen a letter from Mr. Narayan Rao Kulkarni published in your issue of the 21st instant which is likely to mislead your readers. The facts are that—

(a) all the strikers who returned to duty prior to the 11th February 1921 have been re-employed,

(b) out of those who returned between the 11th and the 16th instant many have been re-employed in available vacancies according to seniority in the respective offices from which they had gone on strike,

(c) about 392 strikers from the Post Office and 57 from the Telegraph Office who could not be provided for have been kept on waiting lists of the respective offices and they also will be re-employed as soon as vacancies occur.—Yours, etc.

H. J. SAMS,
Postmaster-General, Bombay.

Bombay, Feb. 25.

## BOMBAY RACES.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I do not profess to be versed in the abstruse science of handicapping, but I should like stewards to issue a bulletin explaining the apparent topsy-turvism of the following example so that the patrons of the Tote may understand the mystery and feel confident that the handicapper is right and that the stewards keep watch over his doings.

In the Bombay Derby Dilaver (7-8) gave Trade Mark 4 lbs. (7-4) and beat him. In the Turf Club Cup Trade Mark got 8-3 and Dilaver 7-13 i.e. Trade Mark gave Dilaver 4 lbs. for being beaten by him. This happens in one week over the same distance and between these two races neither Dilaver nor Trade Mark ran. Can any one cite a parallel case from any part of the racing world.

TOPSY, TURFY.

## BRITAIN AND TURKEY

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Your special correspondent in Paris wired some weeks back that Lord Curzon was violently opposing any modification of the Treaty of Sevres. Trouble was taken perhaps by Reuter perhaps by the Government of India to wire that telegram to His Majesty's Government who went out of their way to contradict it. "India" showed the hollowness of the Government's contradiction by references to French papers. Now Reuter wires to us a speech of the Premier of France which contains the words:

"Britain had given it (Foreign Affairs Committee) to understand that she did not intend to revise the Treaty of Sevres. The French Parliament would be unable to ratify the Treaty of Sevres as long as Constantine reigned in Athens."

It may be that our opinions about Venizelos and Constantine are absolutely at variance with those of M. Briand. But, for many reason, here is a clear statement that while the French Government are anxious for, the British Government oppose any modification of the Treaty of Sevres. There is further evidence of M. Briand's solicitude for real peace in the Near East. While the British Government insist on hearing their puppet Government of Constantinople, M. Briand clearly maintains that he is most anxious to come into touch with the Angora Government. How Now?—Yours, etc.

P.

The touching appeal of Maulana Abdul Aleem Siddiqui to a meeting of about seven thousand at Malegaon on the 24th instant proved most efficacious. Madrasas Baitululum Ainululoom Hafizululoom and Sirajululum have declared their decision to refuse to take Government aid. All weavers numbering about sixteen thousand have decided payment of one pice per every sale for Islamic Funds.

At a meeting of the residents of Dahanu a resolution, condemning the "Welcome accorded to H. R. H. The Duke of Connaught by a few persons backed up by the bureacracy" was passed.

At a meeting of donors to the A. V. School fund, held on the 23rd February, at Chikhli (Gujerat) under the presidency of Mr. Vithalbhai J. Patel a resolution to change the present A. V. School into National School was unanimously passed and a new committee was appointed.


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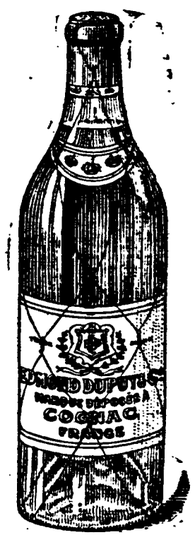

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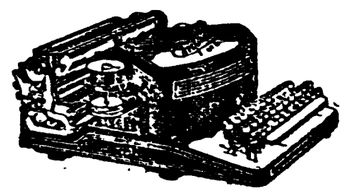

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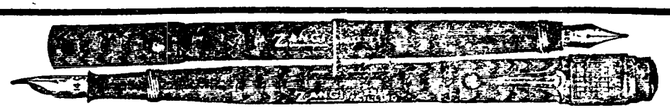

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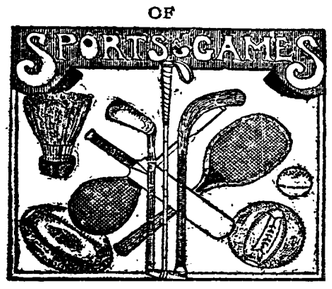


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# Literature and Art.

(FROM OUR SUNDAY EDITION.)

## ON WOMEN.

Our Women:—Chapters on the Sex-Discord. By Arnold Bennett—Cassell. London, 1920.

Mr. Arnold Bennett has already achieved an enviable reputation in the world of letters. His novels and his essays his fantasies and his short stories have delighted millions of readers. His famous plays "Milestones" and the "Great Adventure" have been the successes of the season when they were produced. Mr. Bennett is a particular favourite of the middle classes in England who have appreciated with genuine delight his adventures also in *Belles lettres*. His books on the "Author's Craft are happy collections of shrewd aphorisms, and his essay o Journalism for Women must have endeared him to what is called the weaker sex.

It is pleasing to find Mr. Bennett philosophising about women. The chapters on the Sex-Discord in which he discourses upon women as charmers and considers whether men are superior to women are pleasantly written with successful attempt to make out a case for women without abusing men. Mr. Bennett is a suffragette in masculine form but he has a respect for the poor male creature; this however make him blind to the posibilities of women. He acknowledges their capacity with limitations but his great point is what a very sagacious woman pointed out long ago, that the sex-discord always tends to appear exaggerated. "I have never" said Lady Mary Wortley Montagu towards the end of her life, "in all my various travels seen but two sorts of people, and those very like one another, I mean man and woman."

Mr. Bennett takes the same view. He regards it as a thing which always has existed and always will. But he makes us realise that social customs have had the effect of exaggrating the differences between man and woman. Of course, he is conscious of the perils of writing about women. In a very witty opening chapter he draws our attention to the fact that every man has had some fundamental experience of women. Most men have had a great deal. Some have had too much. All have arrived at a definite attitude towards women. Herein lies one of the perils of writing about them. Mr. Bennett believes that women having fewer public opportunities than men of making sport of the opposite sex, they have been unfairly treated in any public critism about them. He would recommend as a right course for the future that no man should allow himself a witticism against women until he has perpetrated a witticism against man. So he brings to his task the spirit of fairness and proceeds to consider what the main function of woman was in the period just closed, the period before the war when it was considered almost a scandal for women to pursue the occupations of men. In the Victorian period man must have married largely in order to have a companion. Girls were brought up to be companions for man. The wife was also the living moving proof that her husband had succeeded in life. Her prime duty in the hours of companionship, as in other hours, was to exist with charm, expensiveness and futility.

In the period just closed the destiny and honour of woman was to be parasitic. With woman nearly all effort towards self-realisation ceased at the age of eighteen or nineteen. It may be appear to us in India that such effort in the case of Indian woman generally ceases even before she is twelve. In Europe, before the emancipated woman arrived on the scene, in the words of Mr. Bennett, woman's chief device in the struggle for individuality "was the explaitation of her bodily charm, and her ultimate weapon was the caress". It is only now after certain women with the help of certain men have revolted against this condition, that the possibility of women becoming earning and independent members of the community is being recognised. The discovery has now been made that personal charm and elegant shoes and visits to the manicurist can successfully go with extreme independence and anti-parasitism.

But have those women who have had equal opportunities with men achieved anything superior to men? Mr. Bennett thinks that the truth is that intellectually and creatively man is the superior of woman and that in the region of creative intellect there are things which men almost habitually do but which women have not done and given practically no sign of ever being able to do. The literature of the world, he says, can show at least fifty male poets greater than any woman poet. In his opinion no woman has come anywhere near the top in critism. We suppose there are husbands and lovers who will vehemently deny this; nor will they agree with his remark that women in the main love to be dominated. He is on safer ground in asking: "Can anybody name a celebrated woman philosopher, or a woman who has made a first-rate scientific discovrey, or a woman who has arrived at a first-rate generalisation of any sort?" But he believes that women are superior to men in two respect, will power and perseverance and he hopes that in days to come with the perfection of mechanical resources sexual differences in muscular strength will be of no account and then the general sense of mankind would probably accord the leading role to women, to the sex of conservers.

## ULSTER MAGNATES.

"IRELAND AND THE ULSTER LEGEND," by W. A. McKnight. Published by P. S. King & Son, Ld., London.

If self-governing Ireland is likely to set up an independent republic, other parts of the Empire may sympathise with the determination to prevent the threatened contingency. It appears, however, that besides urging serious political considerations, the leaders of the anti-Irish party assert the material and moral superiority of Ulster over the rest of Ireland, and hence the necessity of special treatment at least for that portion of the Island. This is what Mr. McKnight calls the Ulster Legend and he demolishes it by the weight of abundant statistics compiled from official records, and certified to be correct by a chartered accountant. The twenty-one tables, which present every side of the investigation undertaken by the compiler, demonstrate the absolute hollowness of the pretence that Ulster represents a nigher standard of civilisation than the sister counties. The Protestants of Ulster may put forward tests of civilisation which are not considered in Mr. McKnight's little book. We know in India ohw vague the term "civilisation" is, and how arbitrarily people are included in it or excluded from it. But the tables set forth in the pamphlet are convincing in respect of those conditions of life which can be subjected to statistical enquiry.

Ulster contains a larger number of small holdings than any other county and the average valuation of agricultural holdings in Ulster is below that for all Ireland. The income-tax paid by the rural population of Ulster per head and per family is less than that levied elsewhere. The emigration statistics also show that Ulster is by no means more progressive and prosperous than other provinces. In point of literary Ulster is somewhat behind the rest of Ireland, and while all Ireland pays more than four pounds sterling for providing scholarships to the Universities per 1000 of the population. Ulster does not contribute even half that sum. Infant mortality and deaths from tuberculosis show that the health of Ulster is worse than that of other counties, while the contribution made by the former for remedial measures discloses less of public spirit. More illegitimate births are reported from Ulster than elsewhere ... proportion of habitual criminals to the population in that part of Ireland is appallingly higher than in other parts of the United Kingdom. A comparison between pro-Irish and anti-Irish parts of Ulster itself is in favour of the former. Inspectors of Schools have repeatedly expressed their surprise that a city like Belfast, which is "in many respects so progressive, with pride in its post and defiance in its eye," should look calmly on while its children are either cooped up in ill-ventilated class-rooms or left to face the perils of the street. Thousands of children find no accommodation even in the overcrowded schools. Belfast, however, is a great centre of ship-building and the linen industry. Her magnates are rich and have influential friends in England, and thus it appears the legend of their racial superiority is kept up. As Mrs. Bryant remarks in her Introduction, the argument based on it is "somewhat strange and unconvincing in these times." Yet the truth must be known.

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Sir William Orpen, the Royal Academician, who was the British official artist at the Front and at the Peace Congress, is issuing his impressions of two years in France behind the fighting line and at Versailles.

This work, is to be published by Messrs. William & Norgate.

The illustrations, of which there are ninety-six full-page plates, include drawings of the Generals, the fighting men, with impressions of the Front, and portraits of the chief personalities—who all specially sat to him—at the Conference.


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A bottle with the strange device,
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A forehead high, bright eyes beneath
Both confidence in mankind breathe
And like a silver clarion rung
The accents of a foreign tongue,
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In homes forlorn he saw no light
Of household fires that once were bright
At every door he heard a moan
But one reply he gave each groan,
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"Oh for a charm!" an old man said,
"Death hovers o'er my daughter's head,
For Fever's jaws are gaping wide."
To which the youthful voice replied,
"S. A. S."

"My child," the mother said, "do rest
Thy feverish head upon my breast."
The maiden while the youth did spy
And took the bottle with a sign,
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"Beware, O child, thy withered frame!
Beware," said Doubt, "a wizard's game!
Or bid thy parents last good-night."
"Try," cried Faith from heaven's height,
"S. A. S."

At break of day all in a band
The elders of this fever-land
Out to temple for their prayer
Heard on their way the playful air,
"S. A. S."

A damsel by a rippling fount
Her garden fence did early mount
While in her hand she held, the dame,
The bottle with that loved name,
"S. A. S."

There with the golden beams of day
She mingled the music of her lay;
And still in climes both night and far
These words drop like a falling star.
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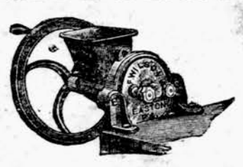

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